

**FEATURES**

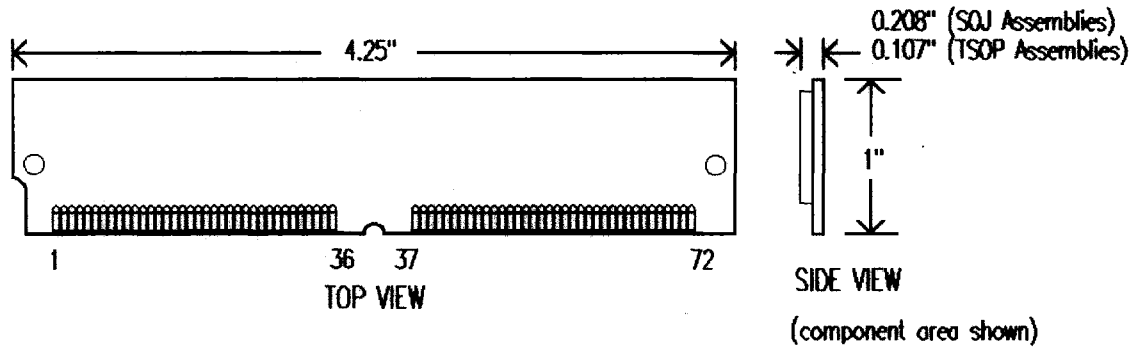
- 72-pin industry standard four-byte single-in-line memory module
- JEDEC compliant: 21-C, Fig. 4-18 A,B, Fig. 4-6 (Release 6);  
No.95 MO-116
- Supports 90°, 40° and 22.5° connectors
- High performance, CMOS
- Single 5V ± 10% power supply
- TTL-compatible inputs and outputs
- EXTENDED DATA OUT (EDO) MODE access cycle
- Refresh modes: RAS-ONLY, CAS-BEFORE-RAS, HIDDEN
- Refresh: 1024 refresh cycles every 16 ms
- Dimensions: 4.25" (length) x 1.00" (height) x 0.208" (max thickness)

**PERFORMANCE RANGE**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	Rating	
		60 ns	70 ns
t <sub>RAC</sub>	RAS Access Time	60 ns (max)	70 ns (max)
t <sub>CAC</sub>	CAS Access Time	17 ns (max)	25 ns (max)
t <sub>AA</sub>	Access Time from Column Address	30 ns (max)	35 ns (max)
t <sub>RC</sub>	Random Read or Write Cycle Time	104 ns (min)	124 ns (min)
t <sub>HPC</sub>	EDO Mode Cycle Time	30 ns (min)	35 ns (min)

**ORDERING INFORMATION**

DESCRIPTION	PART NUMBER	ENGINEERING DESCRIPTOR
1M x 32, 60 ns, Gold Tabs, SOJ	20020C	CL001E01325B0DJ-60
1M x 32, 60 ns, Gold Tabs, TSOP	20577C	CL001E01325B0DT-60
1M x 32, 60 ns, Tin-Lead Tabs, SOJ	6208C	CL001D01325B0DJ-60
1M x 32, 60 ns, Tin-Lead Tabs, TSOP	20578C	CL001D01325B0DT-60
1M x 32, 70 ns, Gold Tabs, SOJ	5857C	CL001E01325B0DJ-70
1M x 32, 70 ns, Gold Tabs, TSOP	20579C	CL001E01325B0DT-70
1M x 32, 70 ns, Tin-Lead Tabs, SOJ	5855C	CL001D01325B0DJ-70
1M x 32, 70 ns, Tin-Lead Tabs, TSOP	20580C	CL001D01325B0DT-70
1M x 32, 60 ns, Gold Tabs, SOJ	20104C	CL001E01325B0EJ-60
1M x 32, 60 ns, Tin-Lead Tabs, SOJ	20037C	CL001D01325B0EJ-60
1M x 32, 70 ns, Gold Tabs, SOJ	20106C	CL001E01325B0EJ-70
1M x 32, 70 ns, Tin-Lead Tabs, SOJ	20107C	CL001D01325B0EJ-70

**CARD OUTLINE**

**GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The 1M x 32 SIMM uses EDO dynamic RAM devices and is designed for use as a general-purpose 4-byte wide memory assembly with 8 data bits per byte. The SIMM is populated with eight 1M x 4 DRAMs.

Presence Detect (PD) bits provide information about SIMM density, addressing, performance and features.

During Read or Write Cycles, each byte may be uniquely addressed via 20 address bits, with the first ten bits (A0~A9) latched on  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  and the latter ten bits (A0~A9) latched on  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ . READ or WRITE cycles are selected with the  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  input, with a logic low indicating a WRITE cycle and a logic HIGH indicating a READ cycle. During a WRITE cycle, data-in is latched by the falling edge of  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  or  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ , whichever occurs last.

EXTENDED DATA OUT (EDO) MODE operation allows for faster READs or WRITEs within a row-address-defined page boundary. EDO MODE is an enhanced FAST PAGE MODE method of operation. Because data output time is extended, the  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  cycle can be shorter than it is for FAST PAGE MODE. This allows for a reduction in READ or WRITE cycle time. An EDO MODE cycle is initiated with  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  followed by  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ , then strobing  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  to latch different column addresses while holding  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  LOW.

Returning  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  and  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  high terminates a memory cycle and returns the DRAMs to a reduced-current STANDBY state.

Memory cell data is retained in its correct state by maintaining power and executing any  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  cycle (READ, WRITE) or  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  refresh cycle ( $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ -ONLY, CBR, or HIDDEN) so that all 1024 combinations of  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  addresses (A0~A9) are executed at least every 16 ms. The CBR refresh and HIDDEN refresh cycles will invoke the on-chip refresh address counters for automatic  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  addressing.

**PIN DESCRIPTION**

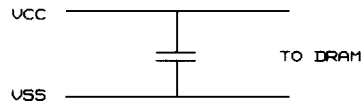
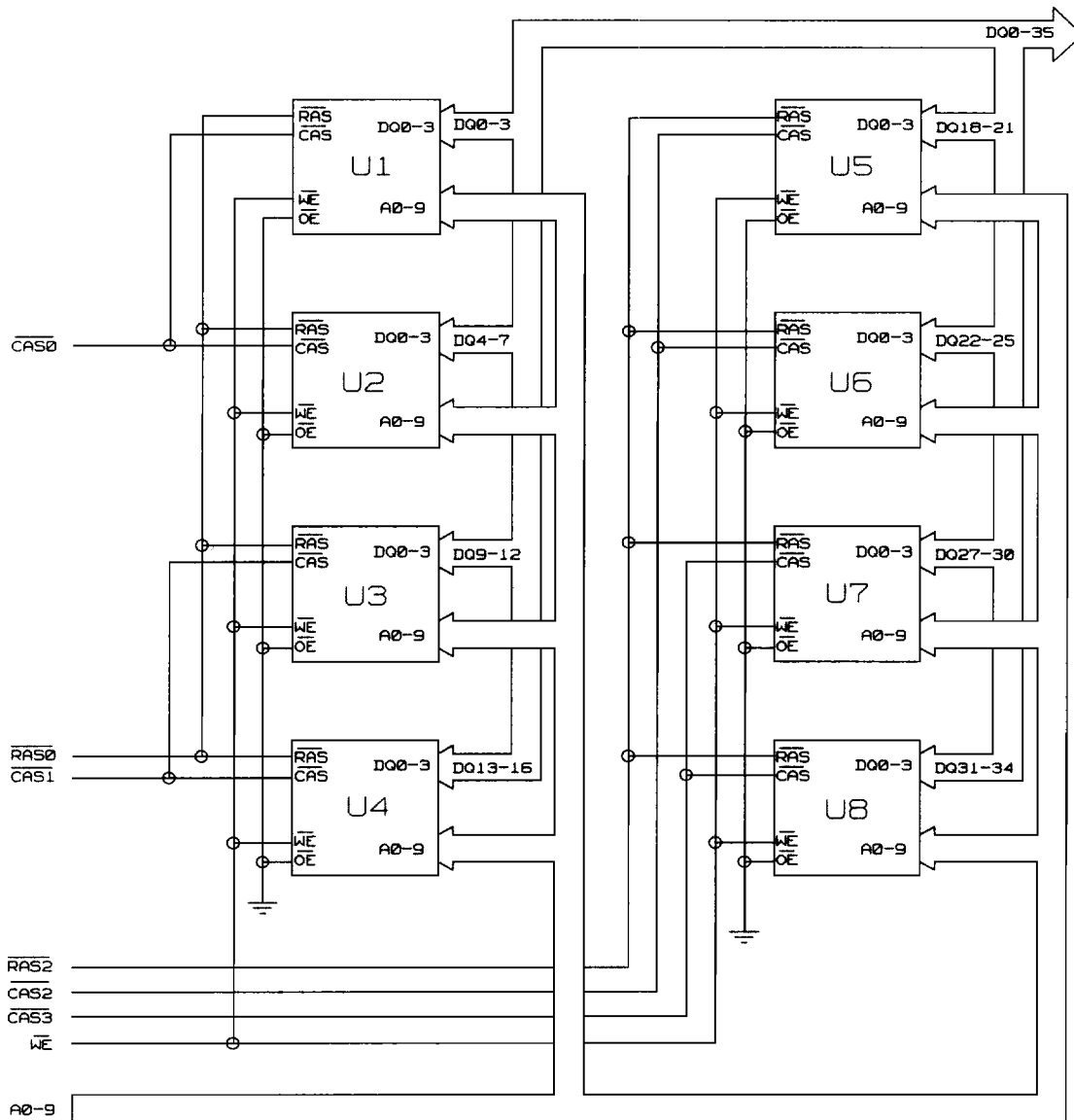
RAS0,RAS2	Row Address Strobe
CAS0~CAS3	Column Address Strobe
WE	Write Enable
A0~A9	Address Inputs
DQ0~7,DQ9~16, DQ18~25,DQ27~34	Data In/Out
VCC	Power (+5.0V)
VSS	Ground
NC	No Connection
PD1~4	Presence Detects

**PRESENCE DETECT**

PIN SYMBOL	CONFIGURATION	
	60 ns	70 ns
PD1	VSS	VSS
PD2	VSS	VSS
PD3	NC	VSS
PD4	NC	NC

**PIN CONFIGURATION**

#	Name	#	Name	#	Name	#	Name	#	Name	#	Name
1	VSS	13	A1	25	DQ24	37	NC	49	DQ9	61	DQ14
2	DQ0	14	A2	26	DQ7	38	NC	50	DQ27	62	DQ33
3	DQ18	15	A3	27	DQ25	39	VSS	51	DQ10	63	DQ15
4	DQ1	16	A4	28	A7	40	CAS0	52	DQ28	64	DQ34
5	DQ19	17	A5	29	NC	41	CAS2	53	DQ11	65	DQ16
6	DQ2	18	A6	30	VCC	42	CAS3	54	DQ29	66	NC
7	DQ20	19	NC	31	A8	43	CAS1	55	DQ12	67	PD1
8	DQ3	20	DQ4	32	A9	44	RAS0	56	DQ30	68	PD2
9	DQ21	21	DQ22	33	NC	45	NC	57	DQ13	69	PD3
10	VCC	22	DQ5	34	RAS2	46	NC	58	DQ31	70	PD4
11	NC	23	DQ23	35	NC	47	WE	59	VCC	71	NC
12	A0	24	DQ6	36	NC	48	NC	60	DQ32	72	VSS



**FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**

(DQ8, 17, 26, 35 ARE FOR PARITY AND ARE NOT USED)

**TRUTH TABLE**

FUNCTION		RAS	CAS	WE	ROW ADDR	COL ADDR	DATA IN/OUT
Standby		H	H-X	X	X	X	Hi-Z
Read		L	L	H	ROW	COL	Valid D <sub>OUT</sub>
Early-Write		L	L	L	ROW	COL	Valid D <sub>IN</sub>
EDO Mode-Read	1st Cycle	L	H-L	H	ROW	COL	Valid D <sub>OUT</sub>
	2nd Cycle	L	H-L	H	N/A	COL	Valid D <sub>OUT</sub>
EDO Mode-Read (WE Control)	1st Cycle	L	H-L	L	ROW	COL	Valid D <sub>OUT</sub>
	2nd Cycle	L	H-L	H-L-H	N/A	COL	Valid D <sub>OUT</sub>
EDO Mode-Write	1st Cycle	L	H-L	L	ROW	COL	Valid D <sub>IN</sub>
	2nd Cycle	L	H-L	L	N/A	COL	Valid D <sub>IN</sub>
RAS-Only Refresh		L	H	X	ROW	N/A	Hi-Z
Hidden Refresh	Read	L-H-L	L	H	ROW	COL	Valid D <sub>OUT</sub>
	Write	L-H-L	L	L	ROW	COL	Valid D <sub>IN</sub>
CAS-Before-RAS Refresh		H-L	L	H	X	X	Hi-Z

X:"H" or "L" D<sub>IN</sub>:Data In D<sub>OUT</sub>:Data Out Hi-Z:High Impedance N/A:Not Applicable

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1,22)**

SYMB	PARAMETER	RATING	UNITS	NOTES
V <sub>CC</sub>	Power Supply Voltage	-1.0 to 7.0	V	2
V <sub>IN</sub>	Voltage on any Pin Relative to V <sub>SS</sub>	-1.0 to 7.0	V	2
V <sub>OUT</sub>		-1.0 to 7.0	V	2
T <sub>opr</sub>	Operating Temperature	0 to 70	°C	
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage Temperature	-55 to 125	°C	
P <sub>D</sub>	Power Dissipation	8.0	W	17,31
I <sub>OS</sub>	Short Circuit Output Current	50	mA	17

**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS ( $T_A = 0$  to  $70$  °C) (Note 2)**

SYMB	PARAMETER	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	NOTES
$V_{CC}$	Supply Voltage	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	
$V_{SS}$	Ground	0	0	0	V	
$V_{IH}$	Input High Voltage	2.4	-	$V_{CC}+1.0$	V	22
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Voltage	-1.0	-	0.8	V	22

$T_A$ : Ambient temperature

**CAPACITANCE ( $f = 1$  MHz;  $T_A = 25$  °C) (Note 22)**

SYMB	PARAMETER	MAX.	UNITS	NOTES
$C_{I1}$	Input Capacitance (A0-A9)	40	pF	
$C_{I2}$	Input Capacitance ( $\overline{RAS0}$ , $\overline{RAS2}$ )	28	pF	
$C_{I3}$	Input Capacitance ( $\overline{CAS0}$ ~ $\overline{CAS3}$ )	14	pF	
$C_{I4}$	Input Capacitance ( $\overline{WE}$ )	56	pF	
$C_{O1}$	Output Capacitance (Data In/Out)	7	pF	

$T_A$ : Ambient temperature

**DC CHARACTERISTICS**

(Recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted.) (Note 18,22)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	SPEED	MIN.	MAX.	NOTES	
$I_{CC1}$	OPERATING CURRENT: Average Power Supply Operating Current (RAS,CAS, Address Cycling @ $t_{RC} = t_{RC(min)}$ , $V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)}$ ) (mA)	60 ns	-	880	3,4,5,6,16	
		70 ns	-	800		
$I_{CC2}$	STANDBY CURRENT (TTL): Power Supply Standby Current (RAS=CAS=V <sub>CC</sub> , Data out is disabled (Hi-Z), all other inputs =V <sub>CC</sub> , $V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)}$ ) (mA)	Don't Care	-	16		
$I_{CC3}$	RAS-ONLY REFRESH CURRENT: Average Power Supply Current, RAS-Only Mode (RAS, Address Cycling, $CAS = V_{IH}$ @ $t_{RC} = t_{RC(min)}$ , $V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)}$ ) (mA)	60 ns	-	880	3,4,5,6,16,31	
		70 ns	-	800		
$I_{CC4}$	EXTENDED DATA OUT MODE CURRENT: Average Power Supply Current, EDO (RAS=V <sub>IL</sub> , CAS, Address Cycling @ $t_{PC} = t_{PC(min)}$ , $V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)}$ ) (mA)	60 ns	-	1040	3,4,5,7,16	
		70 ns	-	960		
$I_{CC5}$	STANDBY CURRENT (CMOS): Power Supply Standby Current (RAS=CAS=V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V, Data Out is disabled (Hi-Z), $V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)}$ ) (mA)	Don't Care	-	8		
$I_{CC6}$	CAS-BEFORE-RAS, REFRESH CURRENT: Average Power Supply Current, CAS-Before-RAS Mode (RAS,CAS Cycling @ $t_{RC} = t_{RC(min)}$ , $V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)}$ ) (mA)	60 ns	-	880	3,4,5,6,16,31	
		70 ns	-	800		
$I_{LI}$	INPUT LEAKAGE CURRENT: Input Leakage Current, any input ( $0 \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}$ , all other pins not under test=0V, $V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)}$ ) ( $\mu$ A)	<b>A0~A9, WE</b>		-80	80	
		<b>RAS0,RAS2</b>		-40	40	
		<b>CAS0~CAS3</b>		-20	20	
$I_{LO}$	OUTPUT LEAKAGE CURRENT: (Data Out is disabled (Hi-Z), $0 \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC}$ ) ( $\mu$ A)		-10	10		
$V_{OH}$	OUTPUT HIGH LEVEL: Output "H" Level Voltage ( $I_{OUT} = -5mA$ ) (V)		2.4	-	2	
$V_{OL}$	OUTPUT LOW LEVEL: Output "L" Level Voltage ( $I_{OUT} = +4.2mA$ ) (V)		-	0.4	2	



**AC CHARACTERISTICS**
**READ, WRITE, AND REFRESH CYCLES (COMMON PARAMETERS)**

(Recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted.) (Note 8,18)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	60 ns		70 ns		NOTES
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
$t_{RC}$	Random READ or WRITE Cycle Time (ns)	104	-	124	-	
$t_{RP}$	RAS Precharge Time (ns)	40	-	50	-	
$t_{CP}$	CAS Precharge Time (ns)	10	-	13	-	
$t_{RAS}$	RAS Pulse Width (ns)	60	10000	70	10000	23
$t_{CAS}$	CAS Pulse Width (ns)	13	10000	15	10000	23
$t_{ASR}$	Row Address Setup Time (ns)	0	-	0	-	22
$t_{RAH}$	Row Address Hold Time (ns)	10	-	10	-	
$t_{ASC}$	Column Address Setup Time (ns)	0	-	0	-	22
$t_{CAH}$	Column Address Hold Time (ns)	15	-	15	-	22
$t_{RCD}$	RAS to CAS Delay Time (ns)	20	43	20	50	10
$t_{RAD}$	RAS to Col. Address Delay Time (ns)	15	30	15	35	15,23
$t_{RSH}$	RAS Hold Time (ns)	15	-	20	-	22
$t_{CSH}$	CAS Hold Time (ns)	60	-	70	-	
$t_{CRP}$	CAS to RAS Precharge Time (ns)	10	-	10	-	22
$t_{RPC}$	RAS Precharge to CAS hold Time (ns)	10	-	10	-	22
$t_T$	Transition Time (Rise and Fall) (ns)	2	50	2	50	22
$t_{AR}$	Column Address Hold Time Referenced to	45	-	52	-	22

**READ CYCLES (Note 8,18)**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	50 ns		70 ns		NOTES
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
$t_{RAC}$	Access Time from $\overline{RAS}$ (ns)	-	60	-	70	9,10,15,30
$t_{CAC}$	Access Time from $\overline{CAS}$ (ns)	-	17	-	25	9,10,30
$t_{AA}$	Access Time from Address (ns)	-	30	-	35	9,15,30
$t_{RCS}$	Read Command Setup Time (ns)	0	-	0	-	22
$t_{RCH}$	Read Command Hold Time to $\overline{CAS}$ (ns)	0	-	0	-	14,22
$t_{RRH}$	Read Command Hold Time to $\overline{RAS}$ (ns)	10	-	10	-	14,22
$t_{RAL}$	Column Address to $\overline{RAS}$ Lead Time(ns)	30	-	35	-	22
$t_{CLZ}$	$\overline{CAS}$ to Output in Low-Z (ns)	0	-	0	-	9,22
$t_{DZC}$	Data to $\overline{CAS}$ Low Delay Time (ns)	0	-	0	-	28

**WRITE CYCLES (Note 8,18)**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	50 ns		70 ns		NOTES
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
$t_{WCS}$	Write Command Set Up Time (ns)	0	-	0	-	13
$t_{WCH}$	Write Command Hold Time (ns)	10	-	15	-	
$t_{WP}$	Write Command Pulse Width (ns)	10	-	15	-	22
$t_{RWL}$	Write Command to $\overline{RAS}$ Lead Time (ns)	15	-	20	-	22
$t_{CWL}$	Write Command to $\overline{CAS}$ Lead Time (ns)	15	-	20	-	22
$t_{DS}$	$D_{IN}$ Setup Time (ns)	0	-	0	-	25
$t_{DH}$	$D_{IN}$ Hold Time (ns)	10	-	15	-	22,25
$t_{WCR}$	Write Command Hold Time Referenced to	45	-	52	-	
$t_{DHR}$	Data in Hold Time Referenced to $\overline{RAS}$ (ns)	45	-	52	-	22

**EXTENDED DATA OUT MODE CYCLES (Note 8,9,18)**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	60 ns		70 ns		NOTES
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
$t_{HPC}$	EDO Mode Cycle Time (ns)	30	-	35	-	22
$t_{RASP}$	EDO Mode $\overline{RAS}$ Pulse Width (ns)	60	100000	70	100000	
$t_{HCAS}$	EDO MODE $\overline{CAS}$ Pulse Width (ns)	13	10000	15	10000	22
$t_{CPRH}$	$\overline{RAS}$ Hold Time from $\overline{CAS}$ Precharge (ns)	35	-	40	-	22
$t_{CPA}$	Access Time from $\overline{CAS}$ Precharge (ns)	-	35	-	40	21,22,30
$t_{WPZ}$	EDO Mode Write Command Pulse Width (ns)	10	-	15	-	22
$t_{DOH}$	$D_{OUT}$ Hold Time (ns)	3	-	3	-	22
$t_{WHZ}$	Output Buffer Turn-Off Delay from $\overline{WE}$ (ns)	3	-	3	-	12,22
$t_{CPW}$	$\overline{WE}$ Delay Time From $\overline{CAS}$ Precharge (ns)	54	-	64	-	

**REFRESH CYCLE (Note 8,18)**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	60 ns		70 ns		NOTES
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
$t_{CHR}$	$\overline{CAS}$ Hold Time ( $\overline{CAS}$ -before- $\overline{RAS}$ Refresh)	15	-	15	-	22
$t_{CSR}$	$\overline{CAS}$ Setup Time ( $\overline{CAS}$ -before- $\overline{RAS}$ Refresh)	10	-	10	-	
$t_{WRP}$	$\overline{WE}$ Setup Time ( $\overline{CAS}$ -before- $\overline{RAS}$ Refresh)	10	-	10	-	22
$t_{WRH}$	$\overline{WE}$ Hold Time ( $\overline{CAS}$ -before- $\overline{RAS}$ Refresh)	10	-	10	-	22
$t_{REF}$	Refresh Period (1024 cycles) (ms)	-	16	-	16	



## NOTES

1. Permanent damage to the device may occur if "ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS" are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions as detailed in this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.
2. All voltages referenced to  $V_{SS}$ .
3.  $I_{CC}$  is specified as an average current.
4. This parameter depends on output loading and/or cycle rates.
5. Specified values are obtained with the output open.
6. Address can be changed a maximum of once while  $\overline{RAS}=V_{IL}$ .
7. Address can be changed a maximum of once while  $\overline{CAS}=V_{IH}$ .
8.  $V_{IH(min)}$  and  $V_{IL(max)}$  are reference levels for measuring timing of input signals. Transition time ( $t_T$ ) is measured between  $V_{IH(min)}$  and  $V_{IL(max)}$ , and is assumed to be 2ns for all inputs. All input signals must transit between  $V_{IH}$  and  $V_{IL}$  (or  $V_{IL}$  and  $V_{IH}$ ) without slope reversal.
9. Measured with a load equivalent to 2 TTL loads and 100pF.
10. Operation within the  $t_{RCD(max)}$  limit ensures that  $t_{RAC(max)}$  can be met.  $t_{RCD(max)}$  is specified as a reference point only. If  $t_{RCD}$  is greater than the specified  $t_{RCD(max)}$  limit, then access time is controlled exclusively by  $t_{CAC}$ .
11. Assumes that  $t_{RCD} \geq t_{RCD(max)}$ ,  $t_{RAD} \leq t_{RAD(max)}$ .
12. This parameter defines the time at which the output achieves the open circuit condition and is not referenced to  $V_{OH}$  or  $V_{OL}$ .
13. This is a non-restrictive operating parameter. It is included in the data sheet as an electrical characteristic only. If  $t_{WCS} \geq t_{WCS(min)}$  the cycle is an early write cycle and the data out pins will remain high impedance (open circuit) for the duration of the cycle. If the above condition is not satisfied, the condition of the data out (at access time) is indeterminate.
14. Either  $t_{RCH}$  or  $t_{RRH}$  must be satisfied for a read cycle.
15. Operation within the  $t_{RAD(max)}$  limit ensures that  $t_{RAC(max)}$  can be met.  $t_{RAD(max)}$  is specified as a reference point only. If  $t_{RAD}$  is greater than the specified  $t_{RAD(max)}$  limit, then access time is controlled exclusively by  $t_{AA}$ .
16. Specified values are obtained with minimum cycle time.
17. Specified values are obtained with  $T_A=25^\circ C$ .

18. An initial pause of 200 $\mu$ s is required after power-up followed by a minimum of eight initialization cycles (any 8  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ -before- $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  or  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ -only Refresh cycles with  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  high) before proper device operation is assured. Also, any 8  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ -before- $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  or  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ -only Refresh cycles with  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  high are required after prolonged periods (greater than  $t_{\text{REF}}$ ) of  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  inactivity before proper device operation is assured.
19. Measured with a load equivalent to 50pF and 500 ohms.
20. Write cycle is applicable instead of read cycle. Timing requirements for  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  and Address are the same for Hidden Refresh Write Cycle as that shown for Hidden Refresh Read Cycle.  $\overline{\text{WE}}$ ,  $D_{\text{IN}}$  and  $D_{\text{OUT}}$  for Hidden Refresh Write Cycle are the same as for Write Cycle.
21.  $t_{\text{CPA}}$  is access time from  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  precharge (that is caused by changing  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  from "L" to "H"). Therefore, if  $t_{\text{CP}}$  is long, then  $t_{\text{CPA}}$  is longer than  $t_{\text{CPA}(\text{max})}$ .
22. Calculated based on data supplied by the DRAM manufacturer(s).
23. Maximum value is calculated based on data supplied by the DRAM manufacturer(s).
24. Minimum value is calculated based on data supplied by the DRAM manufacturer(s).
25. This parameter is referenced to the  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  leading edge in Early Write cycles and to the  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  leading edge in Read-Modify-Write cycles.
26.  $V_{\text{IN}} = 0$  Volt.
27. Either  $t_{\text{CDD}}$  or  $t_{\text{ODD}}$  must be satisfied.
28. Either  $t_{\text{DZC}}$  or  $t_{\text{DZO}}$  must be satisfied.
29.  $t_{\text{RASP}(\text{MIN})}$  is specified as two cycles of  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  input are performed.
30. The access time is limited by all four parameters  $t_{\text{RAC}}$ ,  $t_{\text{CAC}}$ ,  $t_{\text{AA}}$ ,  $t_{\text{CPA}}$ .
31. This assumes all  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  (and all  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  for CBR refresh) are active

For Timing Diagrams see "EDO Timing Diagrams" (Document No. 20431C).

Available from fax-on-demand and Website: <http://www.celestica.com/memory/>

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