

General Description

The AO6602 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$ and low gate charge. The complementary MOSFETs form a high-speed power inverter, suitable for a multitude of applications.

Features

N-Channel

$V_{DS} = 30V$

$I_D = 3.5A$ ($V_{GS}=10V$)

$R_{DS(ON)}$

< 50m Ω ($V_{GS}=10V$)

< 70m Ω ($V_{GS}=4.5V$)

P-Channel

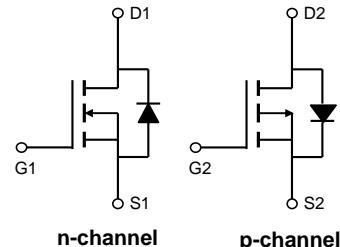
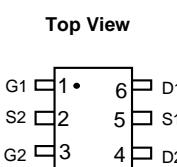
-30V

-2.7A ($V_{GS}=-10V$)

$R_{DS(ON)}$

< 100m Ω ($V_{GS}=-10V$)

< 170m Ω ($V_{GS}=-4.5V$)



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Max n-channel	Max p-channel	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	30	-30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	± 20	V
Continuous Drain Current	I_D	3.5	-2.7	A
Current $T_A=70^\circ C$		3	-2.1	
Pulsed Drain Current ^C	I_{DM}	20	-15	
Power Dissipation ^B	P_D	1.15	1.15	W
$T_A=70^\circ C$		0.73	0.73	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150		°C

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A $t \leq 10s$	$R_{\theta JA}$	78	110	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A,D} Steady-State		106	150	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead	$R_{\theta JL}$	64	80	°C/W

N-Channel Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=30\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			1	μA
					5	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}= \pm 20\text{V}$			± 100	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.5	2	2.5	V
$I_{D(\text{ON})}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	20			A
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=3.5\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		40	50	$\text{m}\Omega$
				61	77	
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=2\text{A}$		52	70	$\text{m}\Omega$
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=3.5\text{A}$		12		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.79	1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				1.5	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		170	210	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			35		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			23		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	1.7	3.5	5.3	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D=3.5\text{A}$		4.05	5	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			2	3	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			0.55		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			1		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, R_L=4.2\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		4.5		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			1.5		ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			18.5		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			15.5		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=3.5\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		7.5	10	ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=3.5\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		2.5		nC

A. The value of R_{JJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using $\leq 10\text{s}$ junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The R_{JJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R_{JUL} and lead to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-ambient thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

N-Channel: TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

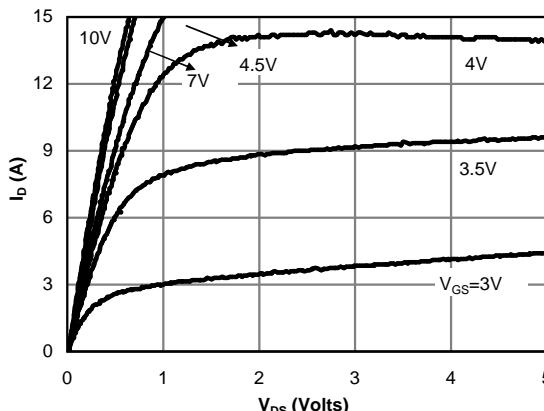


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

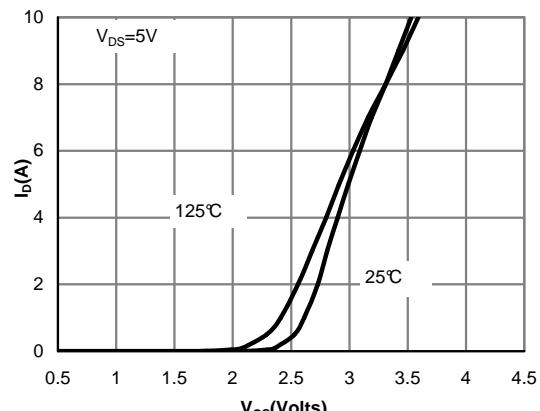


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

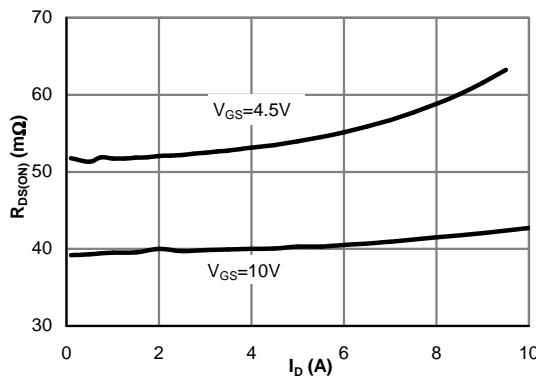


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

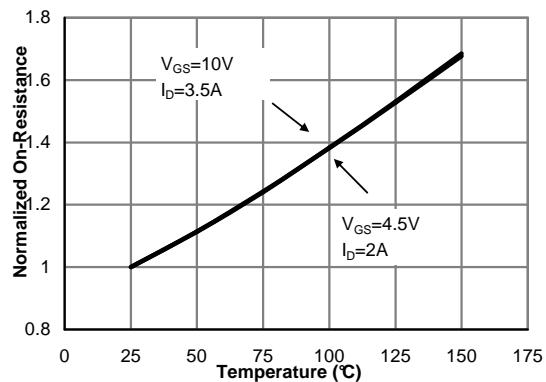


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

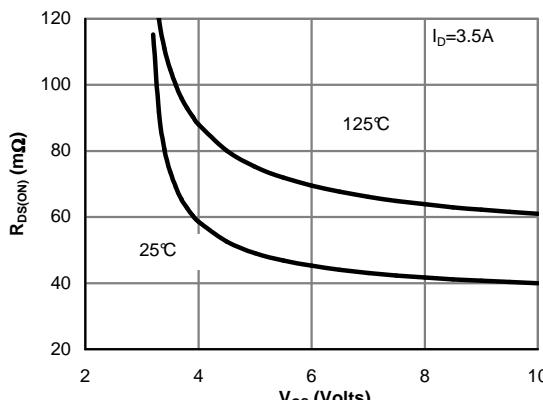


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

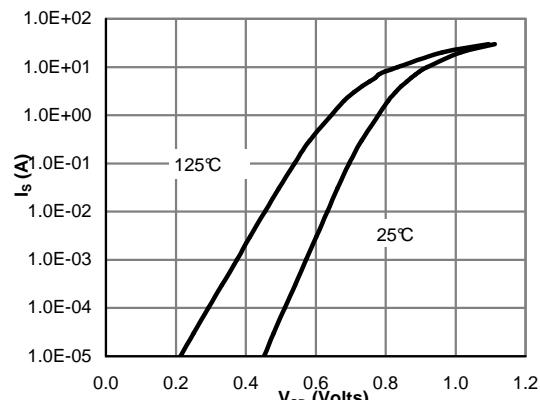


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

N-Channel: TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

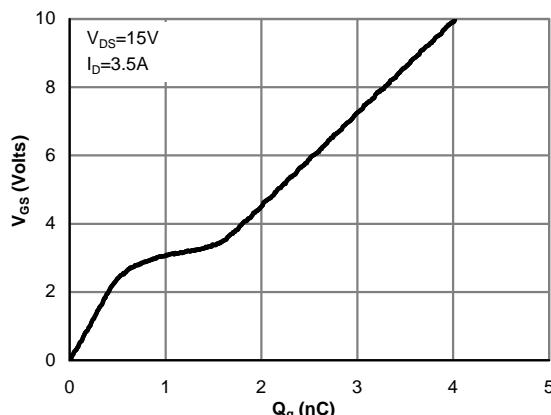


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

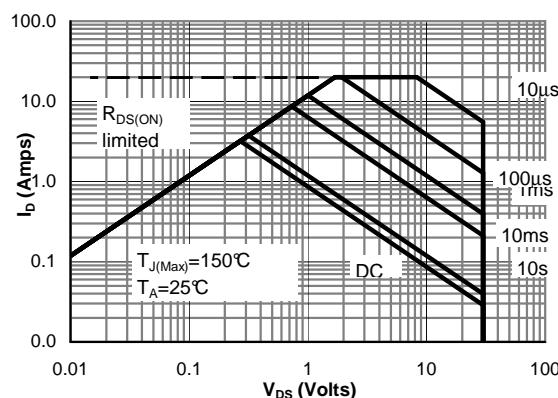
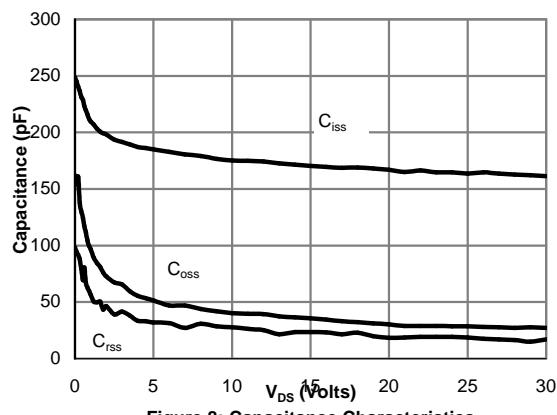


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

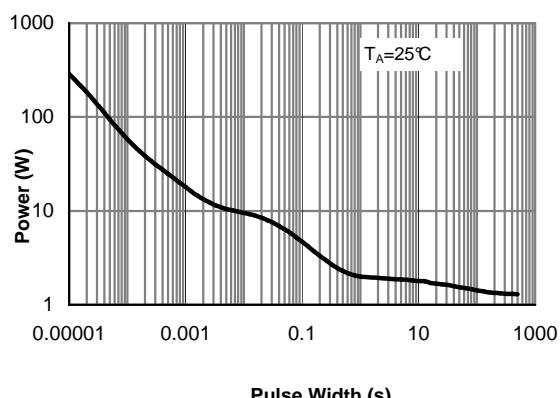
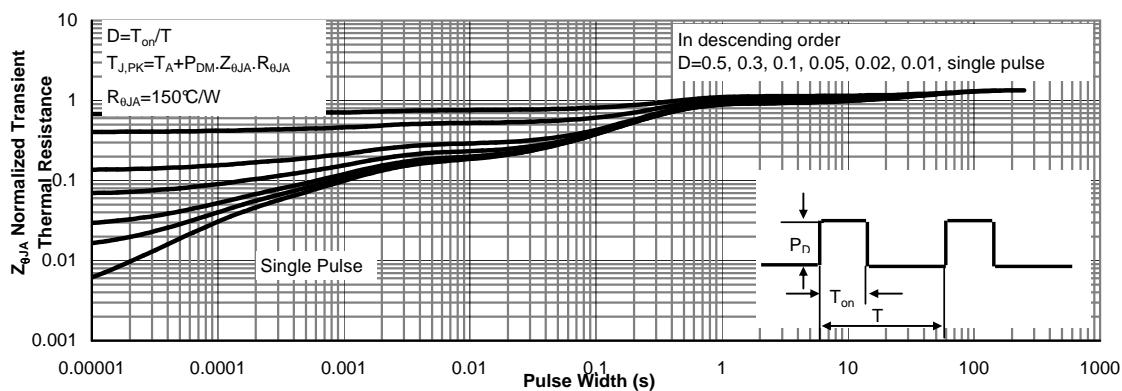
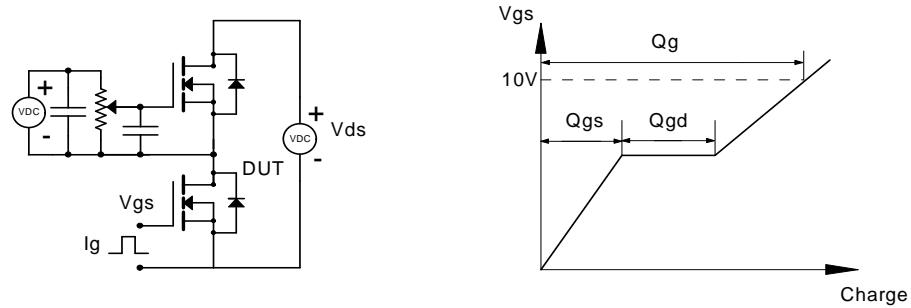


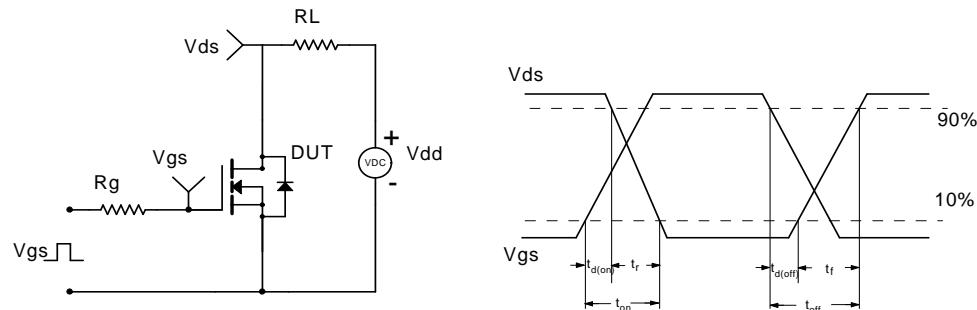
Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating
Junction-to-Ambient (Note F)



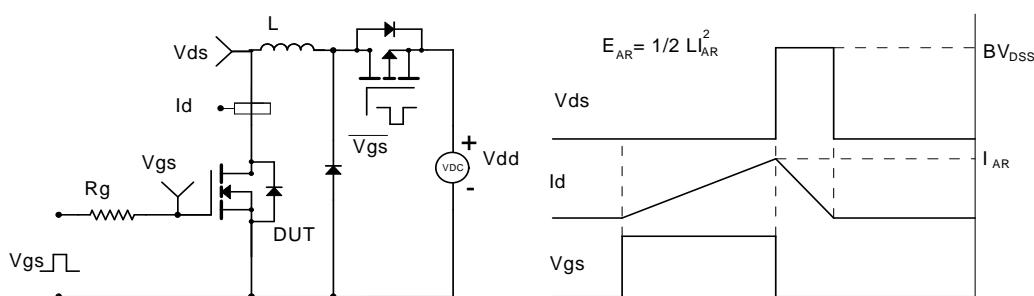
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



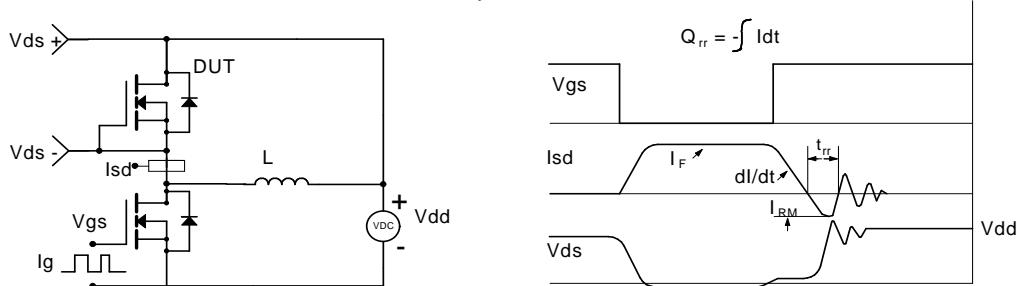
Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms



P-Channel Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=-250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-30			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=-30\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$			-1	μA
		$T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			-5	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}= \pm 20\text{V}$			± 100	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-1.4	-1.9	-2.4	V
$I_{D(\text{ON})}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$	-15			A
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, I_D=-2.7\text{A}$		82	100	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		115	140	
		$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, I_D=-2\text{A}$		130	170	$\text{m}\Omega$
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=-5\text{V}, I_D=-2.7\text{A}$		5.5		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=-1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		-0.8	-1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				-1.5	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		197	240	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			42		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			26	37	pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	3.5	7.2	11.0	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, I_D=2.7\text{A}$		4.3	5.2	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			2.2	3	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			0.7		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			1.1		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, R_L=5.55\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		7.5		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			4.1		ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			11.8		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			3.8		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=-2.7\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		11.3	14	ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=-2.7\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		4.4		nC

A. The value of R_{JJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using $\leq 10\text{s}$ junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The R_{JJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R_{JUL} and lead to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-ambient thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

P-Channel: TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

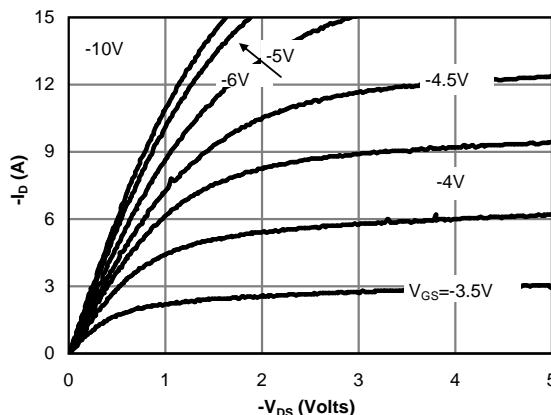


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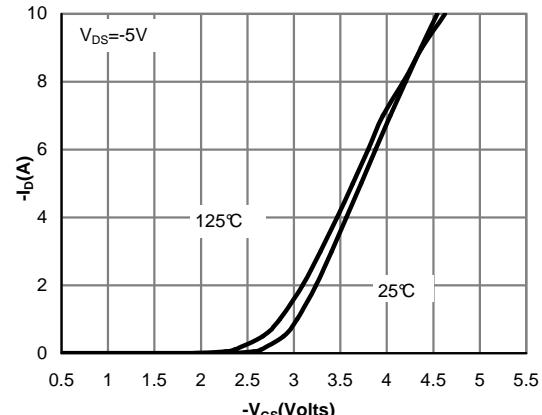


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

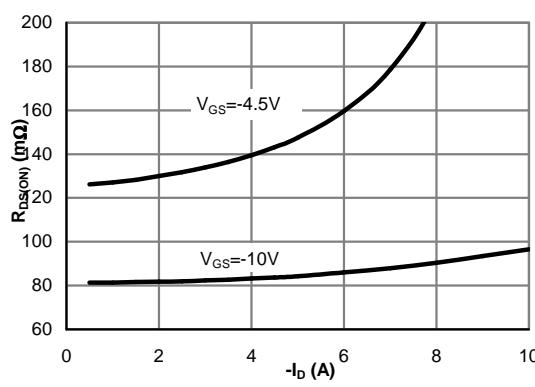


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

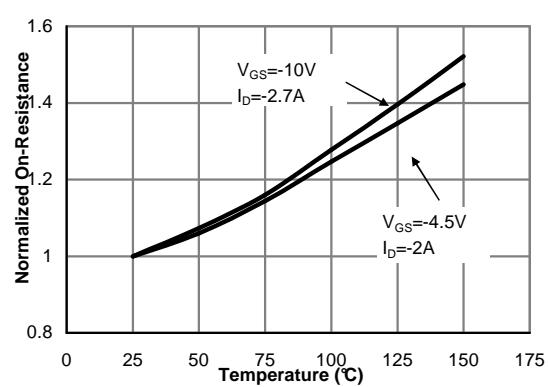


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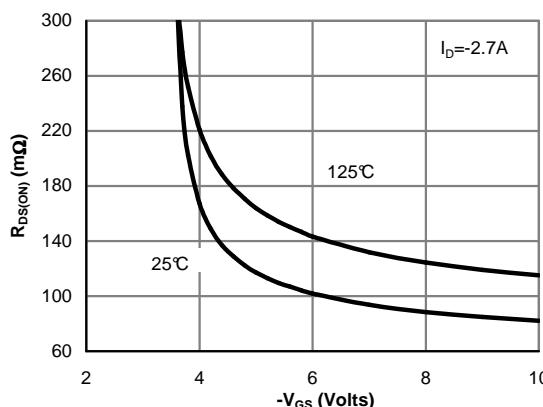


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

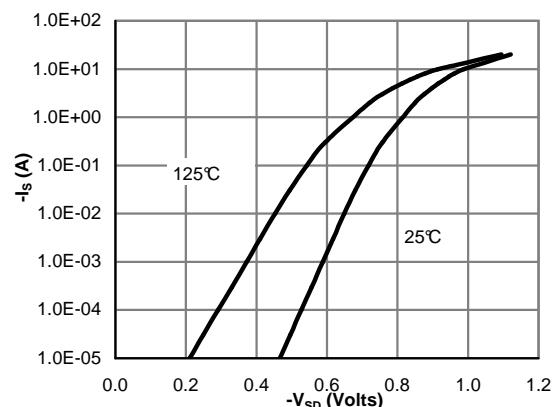


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

P-Channel: TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

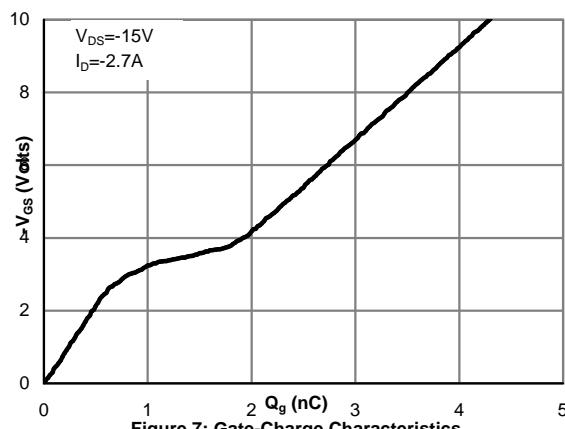


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

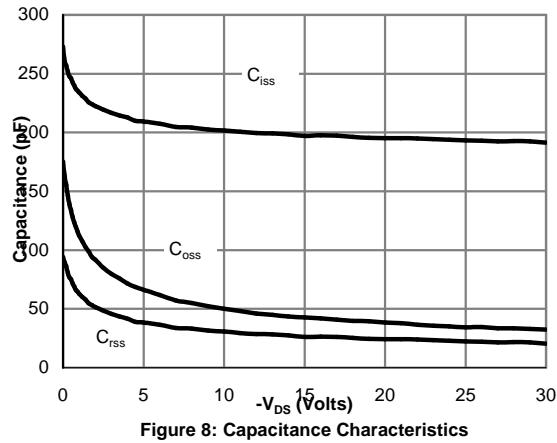


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

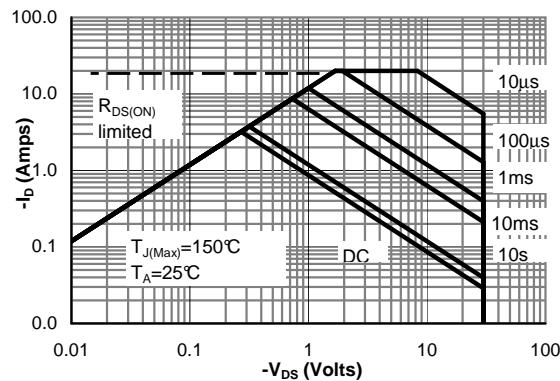
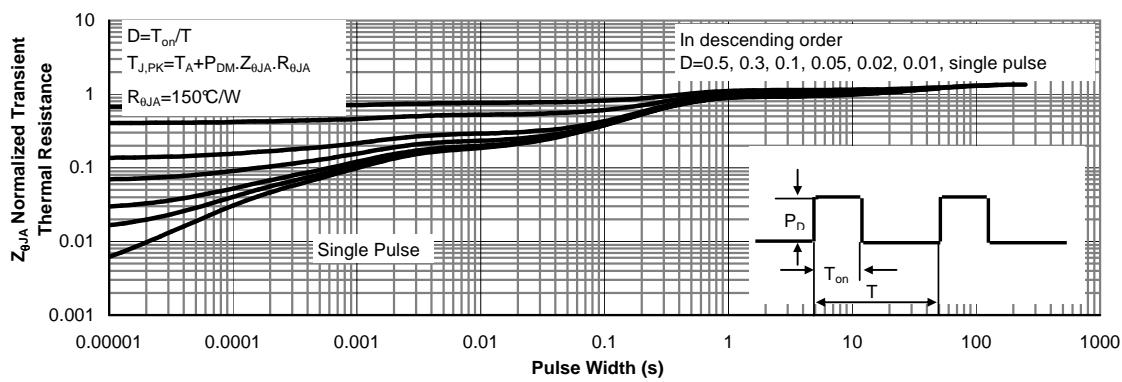
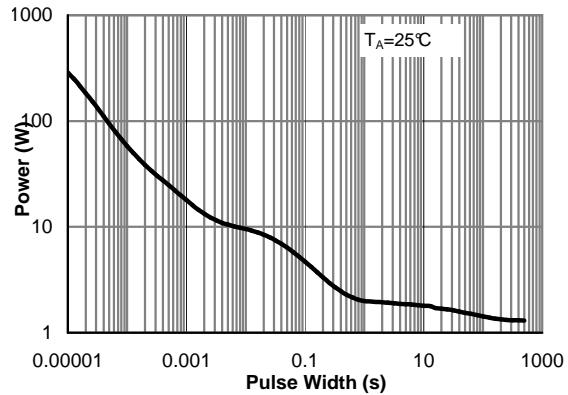
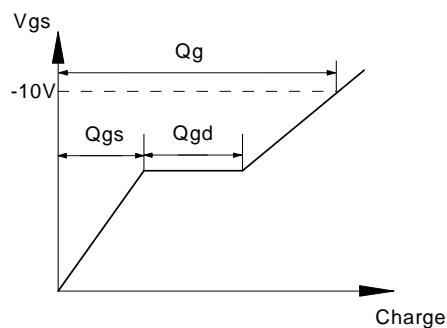
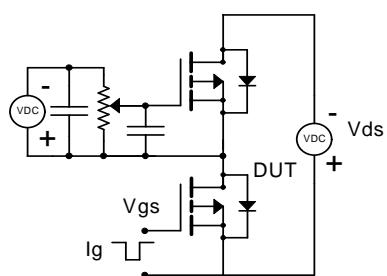


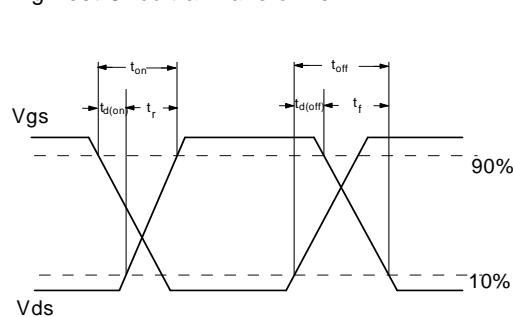
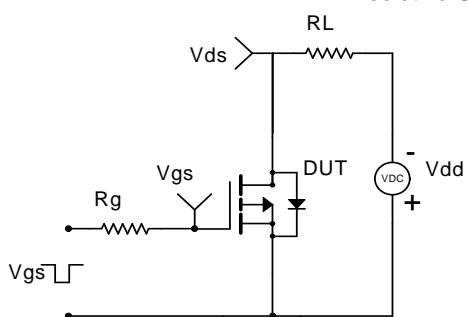
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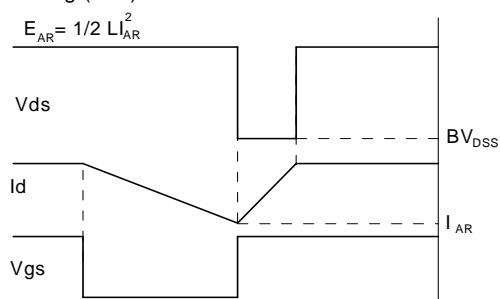
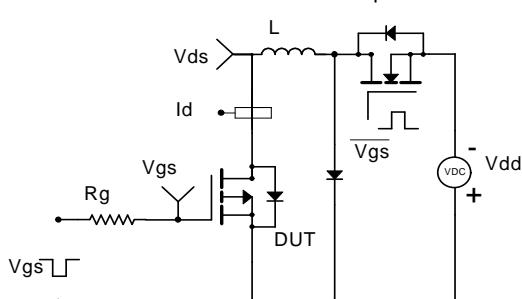
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

