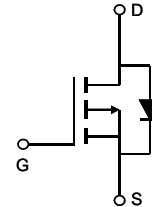
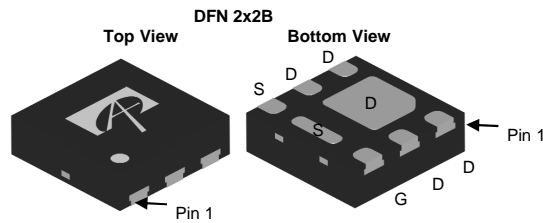


General Description

The AON2407 combines advanced trench MOSFET technology with a low resistance package to provide extremely low $R_{DS(ON)}$. This device is ideal for load switch and battery protection applications.

Product Summary

V_{DS}	-30V
I_D (at $V_{GS}=-10V$)	-6.3A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=-10V$)	< 37.5m Ω
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=-4.5V$)	< 46m Ω
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=-2.5V$)	< 70m Ω



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	-30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 12	V
Continuous Drain Current	I_D	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	-6.3
		$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	-5
Pulsed Drain Current ^C	I_{DM}	-34	A
Power Dissipation ^A	P_D	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	2.8
		$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	1.8
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	37	45	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A,D}		Steady-State	66	80

Electrical Characteristics (T_J=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV _{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I _D =-250μA, V _{GS} =0V	-30			V
I _{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V _{DS} =-30V, V _{GS} =0V T _J =55°C			-1 -5	μA
I _{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	V _{DS} =0V, V _{GS} = ±12V			±100	nA
V _{GS(th)}	Gate Threshold Voltage	V _{DS} =V _{GS} , I _D =-250μA	-0.4	-0.93	-1.5	V
I _{D(ON)}	On state drain current	V _{GS} =-10V, V _{DS} =-5V	-34			A
R _{DS(ON)}	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V _{GS} =-10V, I _D =-6.3A T _J =125°C		31	37.5	mΩ
		V _{GS} =-4.5V, I _D =-5A		36.5	46	
		V _{GS} =-2.5V, I _D =-3A		50.3	70	mΩ
g _{FS}	Forward Transconductance	V _{DS} =-5V, I _D =-6.3A		24		S
V _{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	I _S =-1A, V _{GS} =0V		-0.7	-1	V
I _S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				-3.5	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C _{iss}	Input Capacitance	V _{GS} =0V, V _{DS} =-15V, f=1MHz		746		pF
C _{oss}	Output Capacitance			105		pF
C _{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			70		pF
R _g	Gate resistance	V _{GS} =0V, V _{DS} =0V, f=1MHz		9.5	19	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
Q _{g(10V)}	Total Gate Charge	V _{GS} =-10V, V _{DS} =-15V, I _D =-6.3A		17.2	21	nC
Q _{g(4.5V)}	Total Gate Charge			8	10	nC
Q _{gs}	Gate Source Charge			1.4		nC
Q _{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			2.8		nC
t _{D(on)}	Turn-On DelayTime	V _{GS} =-10V, V _{DS} =-15V, R _L =2.4Ω, R _{GEN} =3Ω		5.8		ns
t _r	Turn-On Rise Time			7.0		ns
t _{D(off)}	Turn-Off DelayTime			62.0		ns
t _f	Turn-Off Fall Time			23.2		ns
t _{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I _F =-6.3A, dI/dt=500A/μs		19		ns
Q _{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I _F =-6.3A, dI/dt=500A/μs		46		nC

A. The value of R_{θJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T_A=25° C. The Power dissipation P_{DSM} is based on R_{θJA} t ≤ 10s value and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150° C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on T_{J(MAX)}=150° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T_{J(MAX)}=150° C. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial T_J=25° C.

D. The R_{θJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{θJC} and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T_{J(MAX)}=150° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T_A=25° C.

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

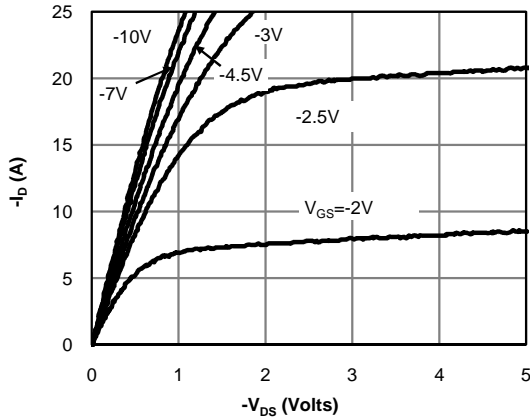


Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

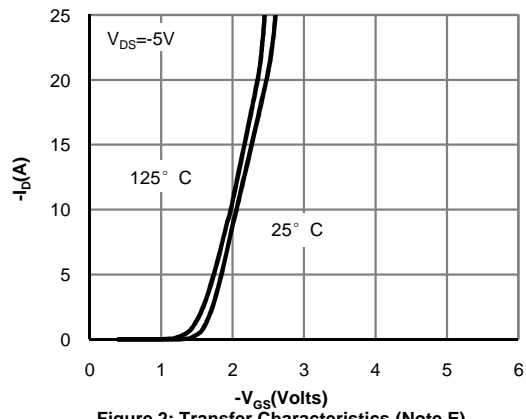


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

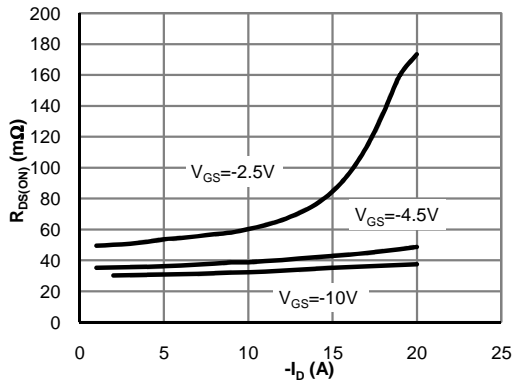


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

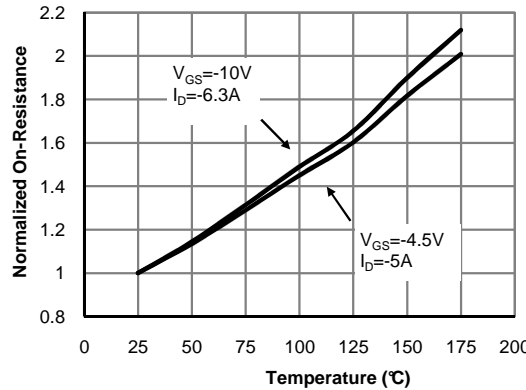


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

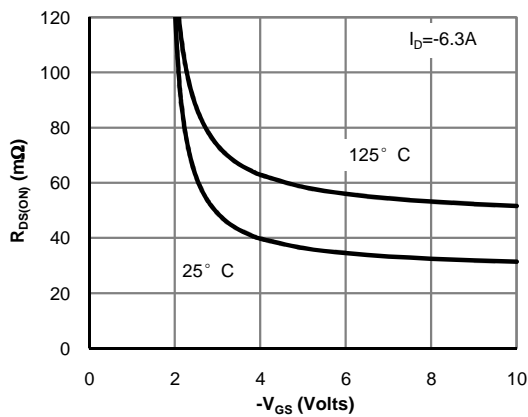


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

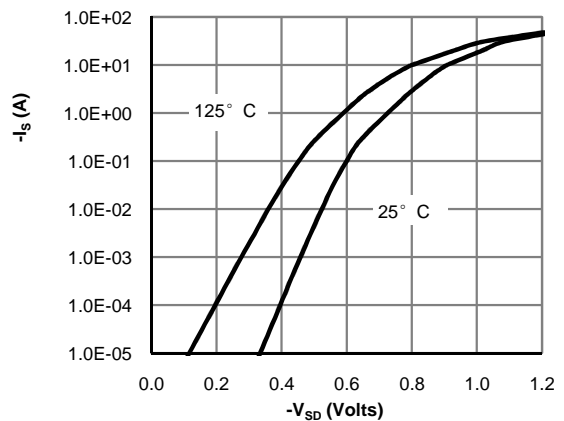


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

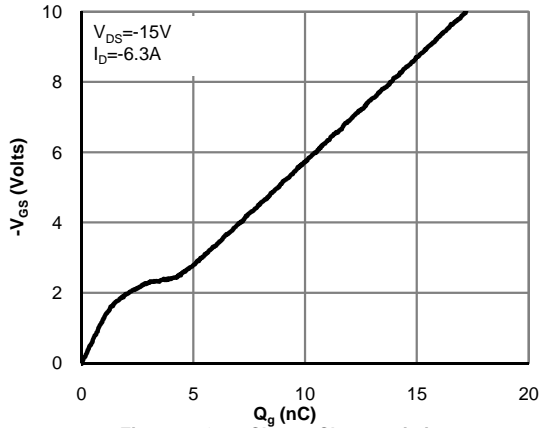


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

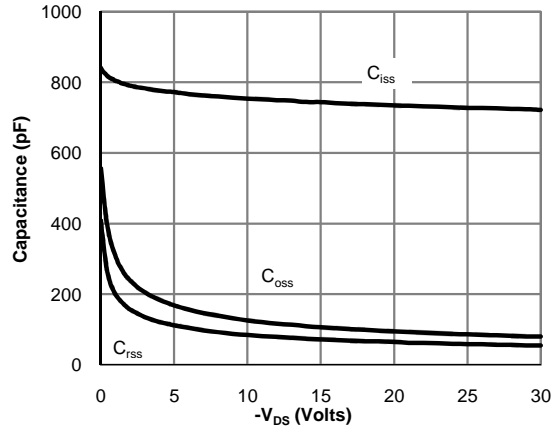


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

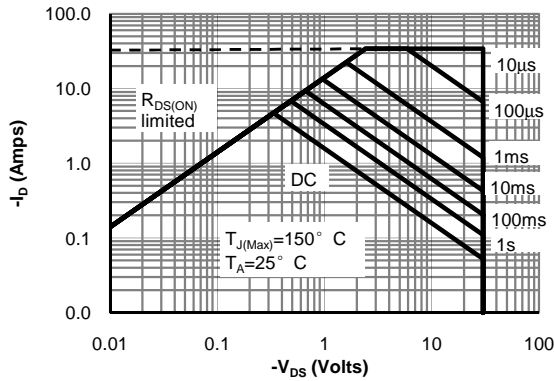


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

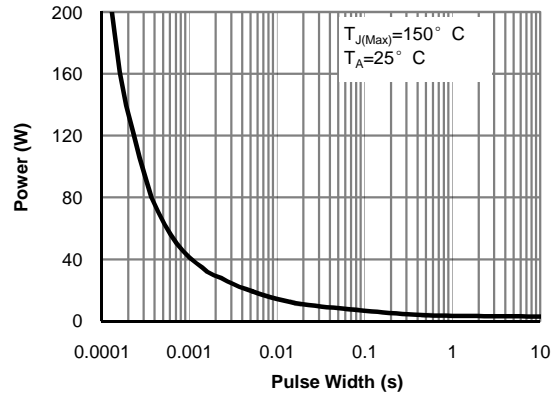


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

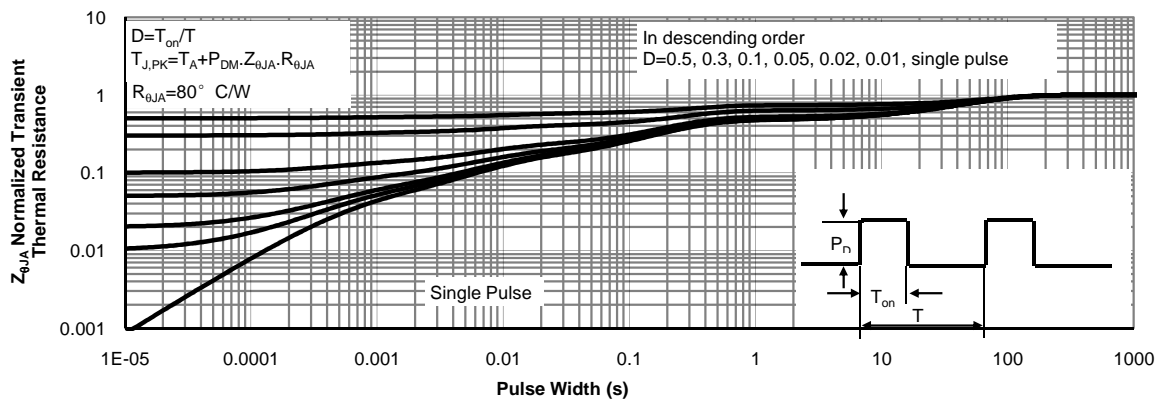
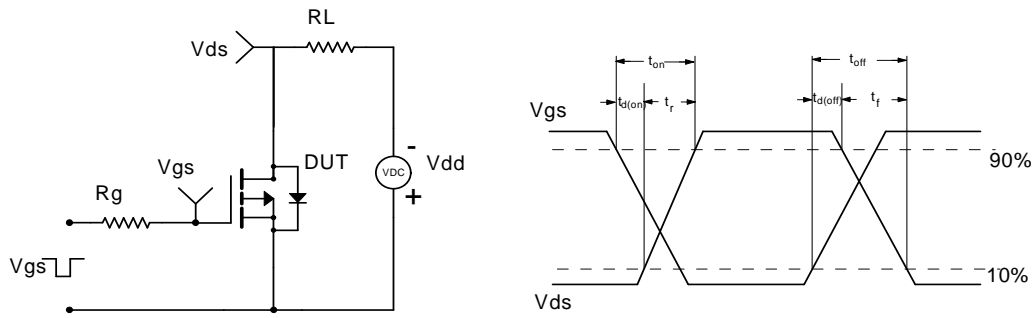


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

