### **Features**

### **Ultra-Fast ECL-Output Comparator** with Latch Enable

#### **General Description**

The MAX9685 is an ultra-fast ECL comparator manufactured with a high-frequency bipolar process (fr = 6GHz) capable of very short propagation delays. This design maintains the excellent DC matching characteristics normally found only in slower comparators.

The device is pin-compatible with the AD9685 and Am6685, but exceeds their AC characteristics.

The MAX9685 has differential inputs and complementary outputs that are fully compatible with ECL-logic levels. Output current levels are capable of driving  $50\Omega$ terminated transmission lines. The ultra-fast operation makes signal processing possible at frequencies in excess of 600MHz.

A latch-enable (LE) function is provided to allow the comparator to be used in a sample-hold mode. When LE is ECL high, the comparator functions normally. When LE is driven ECL low, the outputs are forced to an unambiguous ECL-logic state, dependent on the input conditions at the time of the latch input transition. If the latch-enable function is not used, the LE pin must be connected to ground.

#### Applications

High-Speed A/D Converters High-Speed Line Receivers Peak Detectors Threshold Detectors **High-Speed Triggers** 

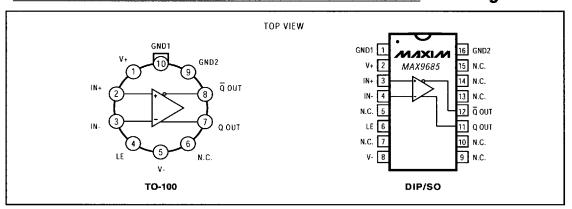
- ♦ 1.3ns Propagation Delay
- ♦ 0.5ns Latch Setup Time
- ♦ +5V, -5.2V Power Supplies
- ♦ Pin-Compatible with AD9685, Am6685
- ♦ Available in Commercial, Extended-Industrial, and Military Temperature Ranges
- ♦ Available in Narrow SO Package

### Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE*
MAX9685CPE	0 ℃ to +70 ℃	16 Plastic DIP
MAX9685CSE	0 ℃ to +70 ℃	16 Narrow SO
MAX9685CJE	0 ℃ to +70 ℃	16 CERDIP
MAX9685CTW	0 ℃ to +70 ℃	10 TO-100
MAX9685C/D	0 ℃ to +70 ℃	Dice**
MAX9685EPE	-40 ℃ to +85 ℃	16 Plastic DIP
MAX9685ESE	-40 ℃ to +85 ℃	16 Narrow SO
MAX9685MJE	-55 ℃ to +125 ℃	16 CERDIP
MAX9685MTW	-55 ℃ to +125 ℃	10 TO-100

<sup>\*</sup> Contact factory for availability of 20-pin PLCC.

### Pin Configurations



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Call toll free 1-800-998-8800 for free samples or literature.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Contact factory for dice specifications.

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Supply Voltages	±6V
Output Short-Circuit Duration	
Input Voltages	±5V
Differential Input Voltages	
Output Current	
Continuous Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = +70 ℃)	
Plastic DIP (derate 10.53mW/ ℃ above +70 ℃)	842mW
Narrow SO (derate 8.70mW/ ℃ above +70 ℃)	696mW

CERDIP (derate 10.00mW/ ℃ above	+70 ℃)800mW
TO-100 (derate 6.67mW/ C above +	70 ℃)533mW
Operating Temperature Ranges	
MAX9685C	0 ℃ to +70 ℃
MAX9685E	40 ℃ to +85 ℃
MAX9685M	55 ℃ to +125 ℃
Storage Temperature Range	
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+300 ℃

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(V+ = +5V, V- = -5.2V, R<sub>L</sub> =  $50\Omega$ , V<sub>T</sub> = -2V, T<sub>A</sub> = +25 °C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MA MIN	X9685 TYP	C/E MAX	MIN	AX9685 TYP	MAX	UNITS	
1 + Off+ \ /-	\/	D- 1000	T <sub>A</sub> = +25 ℃	-5		5	-5		5		
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	Rs =100Ω	TA = TMIN to TMAX	-7		7	-8		8	mV	
Temperature Coefficient	ΔVos/ΔΤ				10			15		μV/ °C	
Input Offset Current	los	T <sub>A</sub> = +25 ℃				5			5	μA	
mpat onset ourrent	103	TA = TMIN to				8			12	μ, ι	
Input Bias Current	ĺΒ	T <sub>A</sub> = +25 ℃			10	20 30		10	20 40	μA	
Input Voltage Range	Vсм	(Note 1)	IMAX	-2.5		+2.5	-2.5		+2.5	V	
Common-Mode		(Note 1)				+2.5			72.5		
Rejection Ratio	CMRR			80			80			dB	
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR				60			60		dB	
Input Resistance	Rin	(Note 1)		60			60			kΩ	
Input Capacitance	CIN				3			3		pF	
	Vон		TA = TMIN	-1.05		-0.87	-1.16		-0.89	V	
		MAX9685C, MAX9685M	1   A   1   A   A   A	-0.89		-0.70	0.88		-0.69		
Logic Output High			T <sub>A</sub> = +25 ℃	-0.96		-0.81	-0.96		-0.81		
Voltage		VOH	TA = TMIN	-1.14	,	-0.88					
		MAX9685E	TA = TMAX	-0.88		-0.70					
		Ì	T <sub>A</sub> = +25 ℃	-0.96		-0.81				1	
			TA = TMIN	-1.89		-1.69	-1.90		-1.65		
		MAX9685C, MAX9685M		-1.83		-1.57	-1.82		-1.55		
Logic Output Low	11.		T <sub>A</sub> = +25 ℃	-1.85		-1.65	-1.85		-1.65	v	
Voltage	VOL	MAX9685E	TA = TMIN	-1.90		-1.65					
			TA = TMAX	-1.83		-1.57					
	ļ		TA = +25 ℃	-1.85		-1.65					
Positive Supply Current	las	T <sub>A</sub> = +25 ℃			16	22		16	22	mA	
r ositive supply culterit	Icc	TA = TMIN to TMAX				24			25	] ""A	
Negative Supply	lee	T <sub>A</sub> = +25 ℃			20	32		20	32	mA	
Current	IEE	TA = TMIN to	TMAX			36			36	1 mA	

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#### **SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS**

(V+ = 5V, V- = -5.2V, R<sub>L</sub> = 50 $\Omega$ , V<sub>T</sub> = -2V, T<sub>A</sub> = +25 °C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS MAX9685C/E			MAX9685M			UNITS	
PANAMETER	STMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
		T <sub>A</sub> = +25 ℃		1.3	1.8		1.3	1.8	
Input to Output High (Notes 1, 2)	t <sub>pd+</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 0 ℃ to +70 ℃		1.5	2.0				ns
(**************************************		T <sub>A</sub> = -55 ℃ to +125 ℃					1.7	2.4	
		T <sub>A</sub> = +25 ℃		1.3	1.8		1.3	1.8	
Input to Output Low (Notes 1, 2)	tpd-	T <sub>A</sub> = 0 ℃ to +70 ℃		1.5	2.0				ns
(**************************************		T <sub>A</sub> = -55 ℃ to +125 ℃					1.7	2.4	
		T <sub>A</sub> = +25 ℃		1.2	1.7		1.2	1.7	
Latch-Enable to Output High (Notes 1, 2)	tpd+(E)	T <sub>A</sub> = 0 ℃ to +70 ℃		1.4	2.0			,	ns
g (,		T <sub>A</sub> = -55 ℃ to +125 ℃					2.0	3.0	
		T <sub>A</sub> = +25 ℃		1.2	1.7		1.2	1.7	
Latch-Enable to Output High (Notes 1, 2)	t <sub>pd</sub> -(E)	T <sub>A</sub> = 0 ℃ to +70 ℃		1.4	2.0				ns
		T <sub>A</sub> = -55 ℃ to +125 ℃					2.0	3.0	
Latch-Enable Pulse Width (Note 2)	t <sub>pw</sub> (E)		3.0	2.0		3.0	2.0		ns
Minimum Setup Time	ts			0.5	1.0		0.5	1.0	ns
Minimum Hold Time	th			0.5	1.0		0.5	1.0	ns

**Note 1:** Not tested, guaranteed by design. **Note 2:**  $V_{IN} = 100 \text{mV}$ ,  $V_{OD} = 10 \text{mV}$ 

### \_Applications Information

#### Layout

Because of the MAX9685's large gain-bandwidth characteristic, special precautions need to be taken if its high-speed capabilities are to be used. A PC board with a ground plane is mandatory. Mount all decoupling capacitors as close to the power-supply pins as possible, and process the ECL outputs in microstrip fashion, consistent with the load termination of  $50\Omega$  to  $120\Omega$ . For low-impedance applications, microstrip layout at the input may also be helpful. Pay close attention to the bandwidth of the decoupling and terminating components. Chip components can be used to minimize lead inductance. An unused LE pin must be connected to ground.

#### Input Slew-Rate Requirements

As with all high-speed comparators, the high gainbandwidth product of these devices creates oscillation problems when the input traverses through the linear region. For clean switching without oscillation or steps in the output waveform, the input must meet certain minimum slew-rate requirements. The tendency of the part to oscillate is a function of the layout and source impedance of the circuit employed. Poor layout and larger source impedance will increase the minimum slew-rate requirement.

Figure 1 shows a high-speed receiver application with  $50\Omega$  input and output termination. With this configuration, in which a ground plane and microstrip PC board were used, the minimum slew rate for clean output switching is 1.6V/µs. Sine-wave inputs imply a minimum signal size of 360mVRMs at 500kHz and  $90mV_{RMS}$  at 4MHz.

$$E_{RMS} = \frac{Slew Rate}{2\sqrt{2nf}}$$

In many applications, the addition of regenerative feedback will assist the input signal through the linear region, which will lower the minimum slew-rate requirement considerably. For example, with the addition of positive feedback components  $R_f=1k\Omega$  and  $C_f=10 pF$ , the minimum slew-rate requirement can be reduced by a factor of four.

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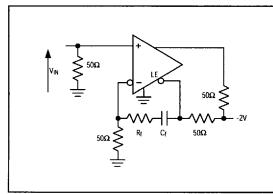


Figure 1. Regenerative Feedback. High-speed receiver with  $50\Omega$  input and output termination.

The timing diagram (Figure 3) illustrates the series of events that complete the compare function, under worst-case conditions.

The top line of the diagram illustrates two latch-enable pulses. Each pulse is high for the compare function and low for the latch function. The first pulse demonstrates the compare function; part of the input action takes place during the compare mode. The second pulse demonstrates a compare-function interval during which there is no change in the input.

The leading edge of the input signal (illustrated as a large-amplitude, small-overdrive pulse) switches the comparator after time interval  $t_{pd}$ . Output Q and  $\overline{Q}$  transistors are similar in timing. The input signal must occur at time  $t_{s}$  before the latch falling edge, and it must be maintained for time  $t_{h}$  after the edge to be acquired. After  $t_{h}$ , the output is no longer affected by the input status until the latch is again strobed. A minimum latch pulse width of  $t_{pw}(E)$  is needed for the strobe operation, and the output transitions occur after a time  $t_{pd}(E)$ .

#### **Definition of Terms**

Vos Input Offset Voltage—The voltage required between the input terminals to obtain 0V differential at the output.

VIN Input Voltage Pulse Amplitude

Vob Input Voltage Overdrive

tpd+

Input to Output High Delay—The propagation delay measured from the time the input signal crosses the input offset voltage to the 50% point of an output low-to-high transition.

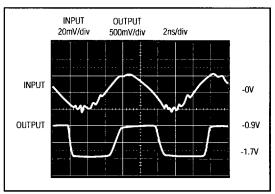


Figure 2. As a high-speed receiver, the MAX9685 is capable of processing signals in excess of 600MHz. Figure 2 is a 100MHz example with an input signal level of 14mV<sub>RMS</sub>.

- tpd- Input to Output Low Delay—The propagation delay measured from the time the input signal crosses the input offset voltage to the 50% point of an output high-to-low transition.
- t<sub>pd+</sub>(E) Latch-Enable to Output High Delay—The propagation delay measured from the 50% point of the latch-enable signal low-to-high transition to the 50% point of an output low-to-high transition.
- t<sub>pd</sub>-(E) Latch-Enable to Output Low Delay—The propagation delay measured from the 50% point of the latch-enable signal low-to-high transition to the 50% point of an output high-to-low transition.
- tpw(E) Minimum Latch-Enable Pulse Width—The minimum time the latch-enable signal must be high to acquire and hold an input signal.
- ts Minimum Setup Time—The minimum time before the negative transition of the latchenable pulse that an input signal must be present to be acquired and held at the outputs.
- th Minimum Hold Time—The minimum time after the negative transition of the latch-enable signal that an input signal must remain unchanged to be acquired and held at the output.

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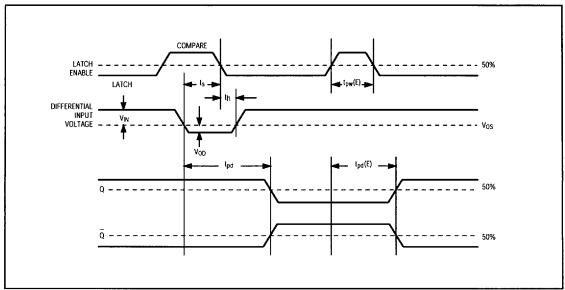
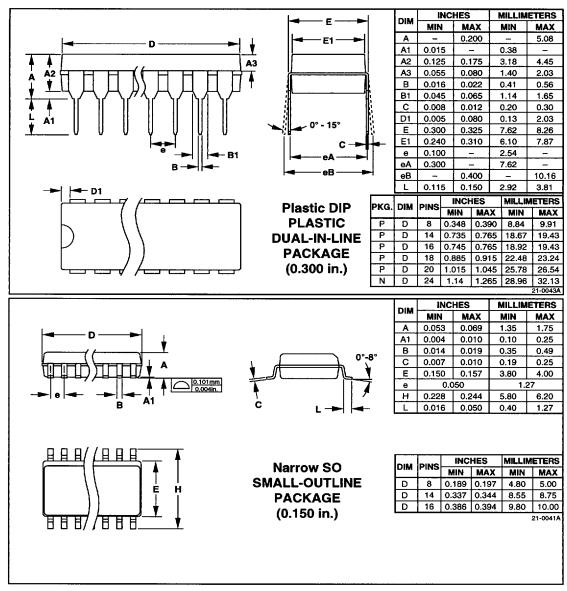


Figure 3. Timing Diagram

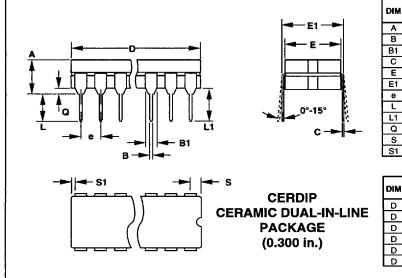
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## Package Information



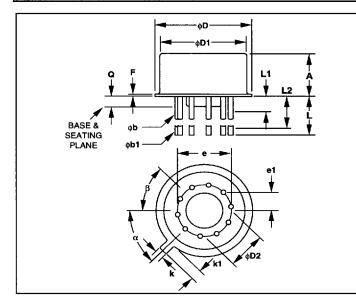
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### Package Information (continued)



ДΙΜ	INC	HES	MILLIM	ETERS
Dim	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	-	0.200	-	5.08
В	0.014	0.023	0.36	0.58
B1	0.038	0.065	0.97	1.65
C	0.008	0.015	0.20	0.38
Е	0.220	0.310	5.59	7.87
E1	0.290	0.320	7.37	8.13
е	0.1	00	2.	54
L	0.125	0.200	3.18	5.08
L1	0.150	-	3.81	1
σ	0.015	0.070	0.38	1.78
S	_	0.098	-	2.49
S1	0.005	-	0.13	-

DIM	PINS	INC	HES	MILLIN	METERS	
DIM	PINS	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
٥	8	-	0.405	-	10.29	
D	14	_	0.785		19.94	
D	16		0.840	<u> </u>	21.34	
D	18	_	0.960	_	24.38	
D	20	_	1.060	_	26.92	
۵	24	_	1.280	_	32.51	
21-0045A						



DIM	INC	HES	MILLIM	ETERS	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.165	0.185	4.19	4.70	
φb	0.016	0.019	0.41	0.48	
øb1	0.016	0.021	0.41	0.53	
φD	0.335	0.375	8.51	9.40	
φD1	0.305	0.335	7.75	8.51	
φD2	0.110	0.160	2.79	4.06	
е	0.230	BSC	5.84	BSC	
e1	0.115	BSC	2.92	BSC	
F		0.040		1.02	
k	0.027	0.034	0.69	0.86	
k1	0.027	0.045	0.69	1.14	
L	0.500	0.750	12.70	19.05	
L1		0.050		1.27	
L2	0.250		6.35		
a	0.010	0.045	0.25	1.14	
α	36°	BSC	36° BSC		
β	36°	BSC	36°	BSC	
	•	40 DI		21-0023A	

10-PIN
TO-100 METAL CAN
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