

CMOS Hermetic Extended Temperature Range 5x7 Alphanumeric Displays

Technical Data

HCMS-201X/201XTXV/ 201XTXVB Series HCMS-231X/231XTXV/ 231XTXVB

Sunlight Viewable Series HCMS-235X/ 235XTXV/235XTXVB Series

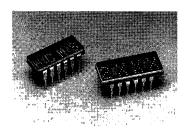
Features

- On-Board Low Power CMOS IC Integrated Shift Register with Constant Current LED Drivers
- Wide Operating Temperature Range -55°C to +100°C
- HI-REL Screening per MIL-D-87157
 Quality Level A
 TXV or TVXB
- Hermetic Package
- Compact Glass Ceramic 4
 Character Package
 HCMS-201X Series End
 Stackable
 HCMS-231X/-235X
 Series X-Y Stackable
- HCMS-235X Series are Sunlight Viewable
- Five Colors
 Standard Red
 High Efficiency Red
 Orange
 Yellow
 High Performance Green
- 5x7 LED Matrix Displays Full ASCII Set

- Two Character Heights 3.8mm (0.15 inch) 5.0mm (0.20 inch)
- Wide Viewing Angle X Axis = ±50° Y Axis = ±65°
- Long Viewing Distance HCMS-201X Series to 2.6 Meters (8.6 Feet) HCMS-231X/-235X Series to 3.5 Meters(11.5 Feet)
- Categorized for Luminous Intensity
- HCMS-2011/2013
 HCMS-2311/-2313/-2314
 HCMS-2351/-2353/-2354
 Useable in Night Vision
 Lighting Applications
- HCMS-2011/-2013, HCMS-2311/-2313 and HCMS-2351/-2353: Categorized for Color

Typical Applications

- Military Avionics
- Communications Systems
- Radar Systems
- Fire Control Systems



Description

The HCMS-201X, HCMS-231X and the sunlight viewable HCMS-235X series are 5x7 LED four character displays contained in 12 pin dual-in-line packages designed for displaying alphanumeric information. The character height for the HCMS-201X series displays is 3.8mm (0.15 inch), and for the HCMS-231X and HCMS-235X series displays the character height is 5.0mm (0.20 inch). The HCMS-201X series displays are available in four LED colors: standard red, high efficiency red, yellow and high performance green. The HCMS-231X series are available in all five

ESD WARNING: STANDARD CMOS HANDLING PRECAUTIONS SHOULD BE OBSERVED.

LED colors. The HCMS-235X series displays are available in four LED colors: high efficiency red, orange, yellow and high performance green. The HCMS-201X series displays are end stackable. The HCMS-231X and HCMS-235X series displays are end/row stackable.

These displays are designed with on-board CMOS integrated circuits for use in applications where conservation of power is important. The two CMOS ICs form an on-board 28-bit serialin-parallel-out shift register with constant current output LED row drivers. Decoded column data is clocked into the on-board shift register for each refresh cycle. Full character display is achieved with external column strobing.

Compatibility with HDSP-201X/-231X/-235X TTL IC Series Displays

The HCMS-201X, HCMS-231X and HCMS-235X CMOS IC displays are "drop-in" replacements for the equivalent HDSP-201X, HDSP-231X and HDSP-235X TTL IC displays. The 12 pin glass/ceramic package configuration, four digit character matrix and pin functions are identical.

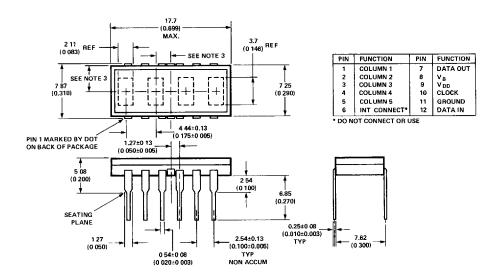
Display Selection Table

Part Number	Character Size	LED Color
HCMS-2010/2010TXV/2010TXVB	3.8 mm (0.15 inch)	Standard Red
HCMS-2011/2011TXV/2011TXVB	3.8 mm (0.15 inch)	Yellow
HCMS-2012/2012TXV/2012TXVB	3.8 mm (0.15 inch)	High-Efficiency Red
HCMS-2013/2013TXV/2013TXVB	3.8 mm (0.15 inch)	High-Performance Green
HCMS-2310/2310TXV/2310TXVB	5.0 mm (0.20 inch)	Standard Red
HCMS-2311/2311TXV/2311TXVB	5.0 mm (0.20 inch)	Yellow
HCMS-2312/2312TXV/2312TXVB	5.0 mm (0.20 inch)	High-Efficiency Red
HCMS-2313/2313TXV/2313TXVB	5.0 mm (0.20 inch)	High-Performance Green
HCMS-2314/2314TXV/2314TXVB	5.0 mm (0.20 inch)	Orange
Sunlight Viewable Displays		
HCMS-2351/2351TXV/2351TXVB	5.0 mm (0.20 inch)	Yellow
HCMS-2352/2352TXV/2352TXVB	5.0 mm (0.20 inch)	High-Efficiency Red
HCMS-2353/2353TXV/2353TXVB	5.0 mm (0.20 inch)	High-Performance Green
HCMS-2354/2354TXV/2354TXVB	5.0 mm (0.20 inch)	Orange

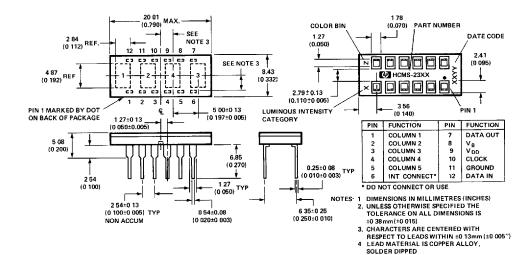
Note:

Basic part numbers (ie. HCMS-2351) are without hi-rel screening. Part numbers with TXV or TXVB suffix (ie. HCMS-2351TXV) are with hi-rel screening per MIL-D-87157, Quality Level A.

Package Dimensions



HCMS-201X Series



HCMS-231X/-235X Series

Supply Voltage V _{pp} to Ground0.3 V to 7.0 V
Data Input, Data Output, V _B —0.3 V to V _{DD}
Column Input Voltage.V
Free Air Operating Temperature Range, T _A 55°C to +100°C
Storage Temperature Range, T _s 65°C to +125°C
HCMS-2310/-2311/-2312/-2314
HCMS-2351/-2352/-2354
Storage Temperature Range, T _s 55°C to +100°C
HCMS-2010/-2011/-2012/-2013
HCMS-2313
HCMS-2353
Maximum Allowable Package Power Dissipation, Pp [1,2]
HCMS-2010/-2011/-2012/-2013 at $T_A = 83^{\circ}C$
HCMS-2310/-2311/-2312/-2313/-2314 at $T_A = 88^{\circ}C$ 0.92 Watts
HCMS-2351/-2352/-2353/-2354 at $T_{x} = 71^{\circ}C$
Maximum Solder Temperature
1.59 mm (0.063") Below Seating Plane, $t \le 5$ sec
ESD Protection @ $1.5k\Omega$, $100pf$ $V_z = 4 kV$ (each pin)

- Notes:

 1. Maximum allowable power dissipation is derived from V_{DD} = 5.25 V, V_B = 2.4 V, V_{COL} = 3.5 V, 20 LEDs ON per character, 20% DF.

 2. The power dissipation for these displays should be derated as follows: HCMS-201X series derate above 83°C at 17 mW°C, Rθ_{J-A} = 60°C/W HCMS-231X series derate above 83°C at 22 mW°C, Rθ_{J-A} = 45°C/W HCMS-325X series derate above 87°C at 23 mW°C, Rθ_{J-A} = 45°C/W.

 Deratings based on Rθ_{FC-A} = 35°C/W per display for printed circuit board assembly. See Figure 1 for power derating based on lower Rθ_{J-A} values.

Recommended Operating Conditions Over Operating Temperature Range (-55°C to +100°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Supply Voltage Data Out Current, Low State Data Out Current, High State Column Input Voltage Setup Time Hold Time Clock Pulse Width High Clock Pulse Width Low Clock High to Low Transition Clock Frequency	V_{DD} I_{OL} I_{OH} V_{COL} t_{SETUP} t_{HOLD} $t_{\mathrm{WH(CLOCK)}}$ $t_{\mathrm{WLCLOCK)}}$ t_{THL} f_{CLOCK}	2.75 10 25 50 50	3.0	5.25 1.6 -0.5 3.5	V mA mA V ns ns ns ns MHz

Electrical Characteristics Over Operating Temperature Range (-55°C to +100°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.*	Max.	Units
Supply Current, Dynamic ^[1]	I _{DDD}	$f_{CLOCK} = 5 \text{ MHz}$		6.2	7.8	mA
Supply Current, Static ^[2]	I _{DDSoff} I _{DDSon}	$V_{\rm B} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ $V_{\rm B} = 2.4 \text{ V}$		1.8 2.2	2.6 3.3	mA
Column Input Current		$V_B = 0.4 \text{ V}$			10	μA
HCMS-2010/-2011/-2012/-2013 HCMS-2310/-2311/-2312/-2313/-2314 HCMS-2351/-2352/-2353/-2354	I _{COL}	$V_{B} = 2.4 \text{ V}$ $V_{B} = 2.4 \text{ V}$ $V_{B} = 2.4 \text{ V}$		310 360 500	384 451 650	mA mA mA
Input Logic High Data, V _p , Clock	V _{IH}	$V_{DD} = 4.75 \text{ V}$	2.0			V
Input Logic Low Data, V _B , Clock	V _{IL}	$V_{DD} = 5.25 \text{ V}$			0.8	V
Input Current Data, Clock V _B	$\mathbf{I}_{_{\mathrm{I}}}$	$V_{DD} = 5.25 \text{ V} \\ 0 \le V_{I} \le 5.25 \text{ V} \\ 0 \le V_{B} \le 5.25 \text{ V}$	-10 -40		+10 0	μА
Data Out Voltage	V _{oh}	$V_{DD} = 4.75 \text{ V}$ $I_{OH} = -0.5 \text{ mA}$ $I_{COL} = 0 \text{ mA}$	2.4	4.2		v
	V _{ol}	$V_{DD} = 5.25 \text{ V}$ $I_{OL} = 1.6 \text{ mA}$ $I_{COL} = 0 \text{ mA}$		0.2	0.4	v
Power Dissipation Per Package ^[8] HCMS-2010/-2011/-2012/-2013 HCMS-2310/-2311/-2312/-2313/-2314 HCMS-2351/-2352/-2353/-2354	P _D	$V_{\mathrm{DD}} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{\mathrm{COL}} = 3.5 \text{ V}$ $17.5\% \text{ DF}$ $V_{\mathrm{B}} = 2.4 \text{ V}$ 15 LEDs ON per Character		414 481 668		mW
Thermal Resistance IC Junction-to-Pin ^[4] HCMS-2010/-2011/-2012/-2013 HCMS-2310/-2311/-2312/-2313/-2314 HCMS-2351/-2352/-2353/-2354	$\mathrm{R} \theta_{\mathrm{J-PIN}}$			25 10 10		°C/W
Leak Rate					5x10 ⁻⁸	cc/sec

^{*}All typical values specified at $\rm V_{DD} = 5.0V$ and $\rm T_A = 25 ^{o}C.$

Notes:

^{1.} Ipp Dynamic is the IC current while clocking column data through the on-board shift register at a clock frequency of 5MHz, the display is not illuminated.

^{2.} I_{DD} Static is the IC current after column data is loaded and not being clocked through the on-board shift register.

3. Four characters are illuminated with a typical ASCII character composed of 15 dots per character.

4. IC junction temperature $T_J(IC) = \langle P_D | R\theta_{J-PIN} + R\theta_{PC-A} \rangle + T_A$

Optical Characteristics at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

Standard Red HCMS-2010/-2310

Description	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Peak Luminous Intensity per HCMS-2010 LED ^[5,9] HCMS-2310 (Character Average)	I _{vpeak}	$V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{COL} = 3.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{B} = 2.4 \text{ V}$ $T_{A} = 25^{\circ} \text{C}^{(7)}$	105 220	200 370		μcd
Dominant Wavelength ^[8]	λ_{d}			639		nm
Peak Wavelength	λ _{PEAK}			655		nm

Yellow HCMS-2011/-2311/-2351

Description	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Peak Luminous Intensity per HCMS-2011 LED ^[5,9] HCMS-2311 (Character HCMS-2351 Average)	I _{vpeak}	$V_{\rm DD} = 5.0 \text{ V} \\ V_{\rm COL} = 3.5 \text{ V} \\ V_{\rm B} = 2.4 \text{ V} \\ T_{\rm i} = 25^{\circ} C^{(7)}$	400 650 2400	750 1140 3400		μcd
Dominant Wavelength ^[6,8]	λ_d			585		nm
Peak Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			583		nm

High Efficiency Red HCMS-2012/-2312/-2352

Description	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Peak Luminous Intensity per HCMS-2012 LED ^[5,9] HCMS-2312 (Character HCMS-2352 Average)	I _{vpeak}	$\begin{aligned} V_{\rm DD} &= 5.0 \text{ V} \\ V_{\rm COL} &= 3.5 \text{ V} \\ V_{\rm B} &= 2.4 \text{ V} \\ T_{\rm i} &= 25^{\circ} C^{(7)} \end{aligned}$	400 650 1920	1430 1430 2850		µсd
Dominant Wavelength ^[8]	λ_{d}			625		nm
Peak Wavelength	λ_{PEAK}			635		nm

High Performance Green HCMS-2013/-2313/-2353

Description	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Peak Luminous Intensity per HCMS-2013 LED ^(5,9) HCMS-2313 (Character HCMS-2353 Average)	I _{vpeak}	$\begin{aligned} V_{\rm DD} &= 5.0 \text{ V} \\ V_{\rm COL} &= 3.5 \text{ V} \\ V_{\rm B} &= 2.4 \text{ V} \\ T_{\rm i} &= 25^{\circ} C^{[7]} \end{aligned}$	850 1280 2400	1550 2410 3000		μсd
Dominant Wavelength ^[6,8]	λ_{d}			574		nm
Peak Wavelength	λ_{peak}			568		nm

Orange HCMS-2314/-2354

Description	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Peak Luminous Intensity per LED ^(5,9) HCMS-2314 (Character HCMS-2354 Average)	I _{vpeak}	$\begin{aligned} V_{\rm DD} &= 5.0 \text{ V} \\ V_{\rm COL} &= 3.5 \text{ V} \\ V_{\rm B} &= 2.4 \text{ V} \\ T_{\rm i} &= 25^{\circ} C^{[7]} \end{aligned}$	650 1920	1430 2850		μcd
Dominant Wavelength ⁽⁸⁾	λ_{a}			602		nm
Peak Wavelength	λ_{peak}			600		nm

All typical values specified at $V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ and $T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted.

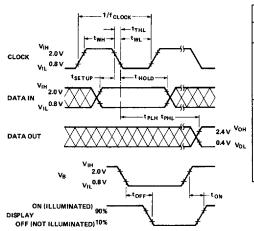
Notes:

- 5. These LED displays are categorized for luminous intensity, with the intensity category designated by a letter code on the back of the package.
- 6. The HCMS-2011/-2311/-2351 and HCMS-2013/-2353 are categorized for color with the color category designated by a number on the back of the package.
- 7. Ti refers to the initial case temperature of the display immediately prior to the light measurement. 8. Dominant wavelength, λ_a , is derived from the CIE Chromaticity Diagram, and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.
- 9. The luminous sterance of the individual LED pixels may be calculated using the following equations: $L_v(cd/m^2) = L_v(Candela) *DF/A(Metre)^2$

 $\begin{array}{l} L_{\nu}(Footlamberts) = \pi l_{\nu}(Candela)^{*}DF/A(Foot)^{2} \\ Where: A = LED \ pixel \ area = 5.3 \times 10^{-8}M^{2} \ or \ 5.8 \times 10^{-7} ft^{2} \end{array}$

DF = LED on-time duty factor

Switching Characteristics, $T_A = -55$ °C to +100°C



Parameter	Condition	Тур.	Max.	Units
f _{clock} CLOCK Rate			5	MHz
t _{PLH} , t _{PHL} Propagation Delay CLOCK to DATA OUT	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$ $R_L = 2.4 \text{ k}\Omega$		105	ns
t _{OFF} V _B (0.4 V) to Display OFF t _{ON}		4	5	μs
t _{ON} V _B (2.4 V) to Display ON		1	2	

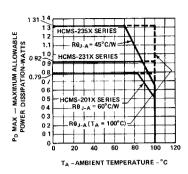
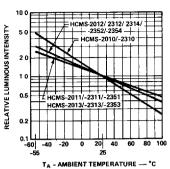


Figure 1. Maximum Allowable Power Dissipation vs Ambient Temperature as a Function of Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Ambient, Re_{J-A}. Derated Operation Assumes Repc.A = 35°C/W per Display for Printed Circuit Board. T_{\star} (IC) MAX = 130°C.

- $R\theta_{J-A}$ (T_A = 100°C) = 22°C/W for HCMS-235X Series = 32°C/W for HCMS-231X Series
 - = 38°C/W for HCMS-201X Series



PPE.

Figure 2. Relative Luminous Intensity vs Display Pin Temperature

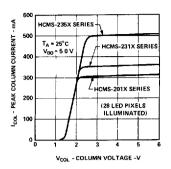


Figure 3. Peak Column Current vs Column Voltage

Electrical Description

Each display device contains four 5x7 LED dot matrix characters and two CMOS integrated circuits, as shown in Figure 4. The two CMOS integrated circuits form an on-board 28 bit serial-in-parallel-out shift register that will accept standard TTL logic levels. The Data Input, pin 12, is connected to bit position 1 and the Data Output, pin 7, is connected to bit position 28. The shift register outputs control constant current sinking LED row drivers. The nominal current sink per LED driver is 11mA for the HCMS-201X displays, 13mA for the HCMS-231X displays and 18mA for the HCMS-235X displays. A logic 1 stored in the shift register enables the corresponding LED row driver and a logic 0 stored in the shift register disables the corresponding LED row driver.

The electrical configuration of these CMOS IC alphanumeric displays allows for an effective interface to a display controller circuit that supplies decoded character information. The row data for a given column (one 7 bit byte per character) is loaded (bit serial) into the on-board 28 bit shift register with high to low transitions of the Clock input. To load decoded character information into the display. column data for character 4 is loaded first and the column data for character 1 is loaded last in the following manner. The 7 data bits for column 1, character 4, are loaded into the on-board shift register. Next, the 7 data bits for column 1, character 3, are loaded into the shift register, shifting the character 4 data over one character position. This process is repeated for the other two characters until all 28 bits of column data (four 7 bit bytes of character column data) are loaded into the on-board shift register. Then the column 1 input, V_{COL} pin 1, is energized to illuminate column 1 in all four characters. This process is repeated for

columns 2, 3, 4 and 5. All V_{col.} inputs should be at logic low to insure the display is off when loading data. The display will be blanked when the blanking input V_R, pin 8, is at logic low regardless of the outputs of the shift register or whether one of the V_{COL} inputs is energized.

Refer to Application Note 1016 for drive circuit information.

ESD Susceptibility

The HCMS-201X/-231X/-235X series displays have an ESD susceptibility ratings of CLASS 3 per DOD-STD-1686 and CLASS B per MIL-STD-883C. It is recommended that normal CMOS handling precautions be observed with these devices.

Soldering and Post Solder Cleaning

These displays may be soldered with a standard wave solder process using either an RMA flux and solvent cleaning or an OA flux and aqueous cleaning.

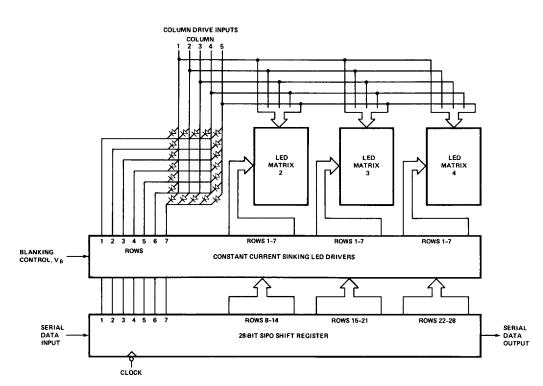


Figure 4. Block Diagram of an HCMS-2XXX Series LED Alphanumeric Display.

For optimum soldering, the solder wave temperature should be 245°C and the dwell time for any display lead passing through the wave should be 1 1/2 to 2 seconds. The recommended solvent for post solder cleaning is Genesolv DES, manufactured by Allied Chemical. For aqueous cleaning, a water temperature of 60°C (140°F) with an immersion time not exceeding 15 minutes is recommended. For more detailed information, refer to Application Note 1027 Soldering LED Components.

Contrast Enhancement

When used with the proper contrast enhancement filters, the HCMS-235X series displays are readable in sunlight and the HCMS-201X/231X series displays are readable in daylight ambients. Refer to Application Note 1029 Luminous Contrast and Sunlight Readability of the HDSP-238X Series Alphanumeric Displays for Military Applications for information on contrast enhancement for sunlight and daylight ambients. Refer to Application Note 1015 Contrast Enhancement Techniques for LED Displays for information on contrast enhancement in moderate ambients.

Night Vision Lighting

When used with the proper NVG/DV filters, the HCMS-2311/-2351 and HCMS-2133/-2353 displays may be used in night vision lighting applications. The HCMS-2311/-2351 (yellow) displays are used as

master caution and warning indicators. The HCMS-2313/-2353 (high performance green) displays are used for general instrumentation. For a list of NVG/DV filters and a discussion on night vision lighting technology, refer to Application Note 1030 LED Displays and Indicators and Night Vision Imaging System Lighting.

Controller Circuits. Power Calculations and Display Dimming

Refer to Application Note 1016 Using the HDSP-2000 Alphanumeric Display Family for information on controller circuits to drive these displays. how to do power calculations and a technique for display dimming.

Table I. Quality Level A of MIL-D-87157 - 100% Screening

Test Screen	MIL-STD-750 Method	Conditions
1. Precap Visual	2072	Interpreted by HP Procedure 5956-7512-52
2. High Temperature Storage	1032	$T_A = 125$ °C, Time = 24 hours ^[3]
3. Temperature Cycling	1051	Condition B, 10 cycles, 15 minute dwell
4. Constant Acceleration	2006	10,000 G's at Y ₁ orientation
5. Fine Leak	1071	Condition H
6. Gross Leak	1071	Condition C or K ^[4]
7. Interim Electrical/ Optical Tests ^[1]	_	$\begin{split} &I_{\mathrm{DD}}\left(\text{at V}_{\mathrm{B}}=0.4\ \text{V and }2.4\ \text{V}\right),\ I_{\mathrm{COL}}\left(\text{at V}_{\mathrm{B}}=0.4\ \text{V}\right)\\ &\text{and }2.4\ \text{V}\right)\\ &I_{\mathrm{IH}}\left(V_{\mathrm{B}},\ \text{Clock and Data In}\right),\ I_{\mathrm{IL}}\left(V_{\mathrm{B}},\ \text{Clock and Data In}\right),\ I_{\mathrm{OH}},\ I_{\mathrm{OH}},\ I_{\mathrm{OL}}\ \text{and }I_{\mathrm{VPEAK}}.\ V_{\mathrm{IH}}\ \text{and }V_{\mathrm{IL}}\ \text{inputs are}\\ &\text{guaranteed by the electronic shift register test.}\\ &T_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ}\mathrm{C} \end{split}$
8. Burn-In ⁽¹⁾	1015	Condition B at $V_{DD} = V_{B} = 5.25 \text{ V}$, $V_{COL} = 3.5 \text{ V}$, $T_{A} = +100 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ LED ON-Time Duty Factor = 5%, 35 Dots On; $t = 160 \text{ hours}$
9. Final Electrical Test ^[2]	_	Same as step 7
10. Delta Determinations	_	$\begin{array}{l} \Delta I_{\rm DD} = \pm 6 \text{ mA, } \Delta I_{\rm H} \text{ (clock)} = \pm 10 \mu\text{A,} \\ \Delta I_{\rm IH} \text{ (Data In)} = \pm 10 \mu\text{A} \\ \Delta I_{\rm OH} = \pm 10\% \text{ of initial value, and} \\ \Delta I_{\rm V} = -20\%, T_{\rm A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \end{array}$
11. External Visual ^[1]	2009	

Notes:

1. MIL-STD-883 Test Method applies.

2. Limits and conditions are per the electrical/optical characteristics. The I_{OH} and I_{OL} tests are the inverse of V_{OH} and V_{OL} specified in the electrical characteristics. 3. $T_A = +100$ °C for HCMS-2013/-2313/-2353.

4. Fluid temperature = +100°C for HCMS-2013/-2313/-2353.

Table II. Group A Electrical Tests - MIL-D-87157

Subgroup Test	Parameters	LTPD
Subgroup 1 DC Electrical Tests at 25°C ^[1]	$\begin{split} I_{\mathrm{DD}} & (\mathrm{at~V_B} = 0.4~\mathrm{V~and~2.4~V}), I_{\mathrm{COL}} (\mathrm{at~V_B} = 0.4~\mathrm{V~and~2.4~V}) \\ I_{\mathrm{IH}} & (V_{\mathrm{B}}, \mathrm{Clock~and~Data~In}), I_{\mathrm{IL}} & (V_{\mathrm{B}}, \mathrm{Clock~and~Data~In}), \\ I_{\mathrm{OH}} & I_{\mathrm{OL}} & \mathrm{Visual~Function~and~I_{\mathrm{VPEAK}}}. V_{\mathrm{IH}} & \mathrm{and~V_{\mathrm{IL}}} & \mathrm{inputs~are} \\ & \mathrm{guaranteed~by~the~electronic~shift~register~test}. \end{split}$	5
Subgroup 2 DC Electrical Tests at High Temperature ^[1]	Same as Subgroup 1 except delete I_v and visual function, $T_A = +100^{\circ}C$	7
Subgroup 3 DC Electrical Tests at Low Temperature ^[1]	Same as Subgroup 1 except delete I_{ν} and visual function, T_{A} = -55°C	7
Subgroup 4, 5, and 6 not tested		
Subgroup 7 Optical and Functional Tests at 25°C	Satisfied by Subgroup 1	5
Subgroup 8 External Visual	MIL-STD-883, Method 2009	7

 Limits and conditions are per the electrical/optical characteristics. The I_{OH} and I_{OL} tests are the inverse of V_{OH} and V_{OL} specified in the electrical characteristics. 4-270

Table IIIa. Group B, Class A and B of MIL-D-87157

Subgroup Test	MIL-STD-750 Method	Conditions	Sample Size
Subgroup 1 Resistance to Solvents	1022		4 Devices/ 0 Failures
Internal Visual and Design Verification ^[1]	2075[7]		1 Device/ 0 Failures
Subgroup 2 ^[2,3] Solderability	2026	T _A = 245°C for 5 seconds	LTPD = 15
Subgroup 3 Thermal Shock (Temp. Cycle)	1051	Condition B1, 15 minute dwell	LTPD = 15
Moisture Resistance ^[4]	1021		
Fine Leak	1071	Condition H	
Gross Leak	1071	Condition C or K ^[8]	
Electrical/Optical Endpoints ^[5]	_	$\begin{split} I_{DD} (\text{ at } V_B = 0.4 \text{ V and } 2.4 \text{ V}), I_{COL} (\text{at} \\ V_B = 0.4 \text{ V and } 2.4 \text{ V}), I_{IH} (V_B, \text{Clock and} \\ \text{Data In}), I_{IL} (V_B, \text{Clock and Data In}), \\ I_{OH} I_{OL} \text{ Visual Function and } I_{VPEAK}, \\ V_{IH} \text{ and } V_{IL} \text{ inputs are guaranteed by} \\ \text{the electronic shift register test.} \\ T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \end{split}$	
Subgroup 4 Operating Life Test (340 hrs.)	1027	$T_A = +100$ °C at $V_{DD} = V_B = 5.25$ V, $V_{COL} = 3.5$ V, LED ON-Time Duty Factor = 5%, 35 Dots On	LTPD = 10
Electrical/Optical Endpoints[5]	_	Same as Subgroup 3	
Subgroup 5 Non-Operating Storage Life Test (340 hrs.)	1032	$T_A = +125^{\circ}C^{(6)}$	LTPD = 10
Electrical/Optical Endpoints ^[5]	_	Same as Subgroup 3	

- 1. Visual inspection is performed through the display window.
- Whenever electrical/optical tests are not required as endpoints, electrical rejects may be used.
 The LTPD applies to the number of leads inspected except in no case shall less than 3 displays be used to provide the number of leads required.
- of leads required.

 4. Initial conditioning is a 15° inward bend for one cycle.

 5. Limits and conditions are per the electrical/optical characteristics. The I_{OH} and I_{OL} tests are the inverse of V_{OH} and V_{OL} specified in the electrical characteristics.

 6. T_A = 100°C for HCMS-2013/-2313/-2353.

 7. Equivalent to MIL-STD-883, Method 2014.

- 8. Fluid temperature = $+100^{\circ}$ C for HCMS-2013/-2313/-2353.

Subgroup Test	MIL-STD-750 Method	Conditions	Sample Size	
Subgroup 1 Physical Dimensions	2066		2 Devices/ 0 Failures	
Subgroup 2 ^[2] Lead Integrity ^[7,9]	2004	Condition B2		
Fine Leak	1071	Condition H	LTPD = 15	
Gross Leak	1071	Condition C or K ^[10]	1	
Subgroup 3 Shock	2016	1500G. Time = 0.5 ms, 5 blows in each orientation X_1 , Y_1 , Z_1	LTPD = 15	
Vibration Variable Frequency	2056			
Constant Acceleration	2006	10,000G at Y, orientation		
External Visual ^[4]	1010 or 1011		1	
Electrical/Optical Endpoints ^[8]		$\begin{split} &I_{DD}\left(at\ V_{B}=0.4\ V\ and\ 2.4\ V\right),\ I_{COL}\left(at\ V_{B}=0.4\ V\ and\ 2.4\ V\right),\ I_{IH}\left(V_{B},\ Clock\ and\ Data\ In),\ I_{OH},\ I_{OL},\ Visual\ Function\ and\ I_{VPEAK}.\ V_{IH}\ and\ V_{IL}\ inputs\ are\ guaranteed\ by\ the\ electronic\ shift\ register\ test.\ T_{A}=25^{\circ}C \end{split}$		
Subgroup 4 ^(1,3) Salt Atmosphere	1041		LTPD = 15	
External Visual ^[4]	1010 or 1011		PILD = 19	
Subgroup 5 Bond Strength ^[5]	2037	Condition A	LTPD = 20 (C = 0)	
Subgroup 6 Operating Life Test ^[6]	1026	$T_A = +100$ °C at $V_{DD} = V_B = 5.25$ V, $V_{COL} = 3.5$ V LED ON-Time Duty Factor = 5%, 35 Dots On	λ = 10	
Electrical/Optical Endpoints[8]	_	Same as Subgroup 3	1	

Notes:

- 1. Whenever electrical/optical tests are not required as endpoints, electrical rejects may be used.
- 2. The LTPD applies to the number of leads inspected except in no case shall less than 3 displays be used to provide the number of leads required.
- 3. Solderability samples shall not be used.
- 4. Visual requirements shall be as specified in MIL-STD-883, Methods 1010 or 1011.
- 5. Displays may be selected prior to seal.
- 6. If a given inspection lot undergoing Group B inspection has been selected to satisfy Group C inspection requirements the 340 hour life tests may be continued on test to 1000 hours in order to satisfy the Group C life test requirements. In such cases either the 340 hour endpoint measurements shall be made a basis for Group B lot acceptance or the 1000 hour endpoint measurement shall be used as the basis for both Group B and Group C acceptance.
- 7. MIL-STD-883 test method applies.
- 8. Limits and conditions are per the electrical/optical characteristics. The I_{OH} and I_{OL} tests are the inverse of V_{OH} and V_{OL} specified in the electrical specifications.
- 9. Initial conditioning is a 15° inward bend for three cycles. 10. Fluid temperature = +100°C for HCMS-2013/-2313/-2353.

Motion Control ICS - HCTL-YYYY Sories

Package Outline Drawing	Part No.	Package	Description	Page No.
The	HCTL-1100	PDIP	CMOS General Purpose Motion Control IC	1-104
ADMORAL 1 3 3 4 4 5 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5	HCTL-1100 OPT PLC	PLCC	CMOS General Purpose Motion Control IC	
D ₀	HCTL-2000	PDIP	CMOS Quadrature Decoder/Counter IC, 12-bit Counter	1-86
CH B□ 6 11 □ □ 5 CH A□ 7 10 □ □ 6 Vss□ B 9 □ □ 7	HCTL-2016	PDIP	CMOS Quadrature Decoder/Counter IC, 16-bit Counter	
00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	W HCTL-2016 OPT PLC	PLCC	CMOS Quadrature Decoder/Counter IC, 16-bit Counter	1-102
D ₀ 1 20 V _{DD} CLK 2 19 D ₁ SEL 3 18 O ₂ ŌŪ 4 17 O ₂ U\(\tilde{D}\) 5 16 CNT _{DDB} NC 6 15 CNT _{CAS} REST 7 14 D ₄ CHB 0 13 O ₅ CHA 9 12 D ₈	HCTL-2020	PDIP	CMOS Quadrature Decoder/Counter IC, 16-bit Counter, Quadrature Decoder Output Signals, Cascade Output Signals	1-86
VSS 10 11 0, Nev	HCTL-2020 OPT PLC	PLCC	CMOS Quadrature Decoder/Counter IC, 16-bit Counter, Quadrature Decoder Output Signals, Cascade Output Signals	1-102

Accessories for Encoders and Encoder Modules

Package Outline Drawing	Part No.	Description	Page No.
	HEDS-8902	4-wire connector with 15.5 cm (6.1 in.) flying leads. Locks into HEDS-5500 and HEDS-5600 2 channel encoders. Also fits HEDS-9000, HEDS-9100, and HEDS-9200 2 channel encoder modules.	1-61 1-22 1-28
	HEDS-8903	5-wire connector with 15.5 cm (6.1 in.) flying leads. Locks into HEDS-5540 and HEDS-5640 three channel encoders. Also fits HEDS-9040 and HEDS-9140 three channel encoder modules.	1-61 1-32
	HEDS-8905	Alignment Tool for HEDS-9140	1-32
	HEDS-8906	Alignment Tool for HEDS-9040	1-32
	HEDS-8901	Gap Setting shown for film codewheels	1-51
	HEDS-8932	Gap Setting shown for glass codewheels	1-51
	HEDS-8910 OPT 0 □□	Alignment Tool for HEDS-5540/5545 and HEDS-5640/5645. Order in appropriate shaft size.	1-61