

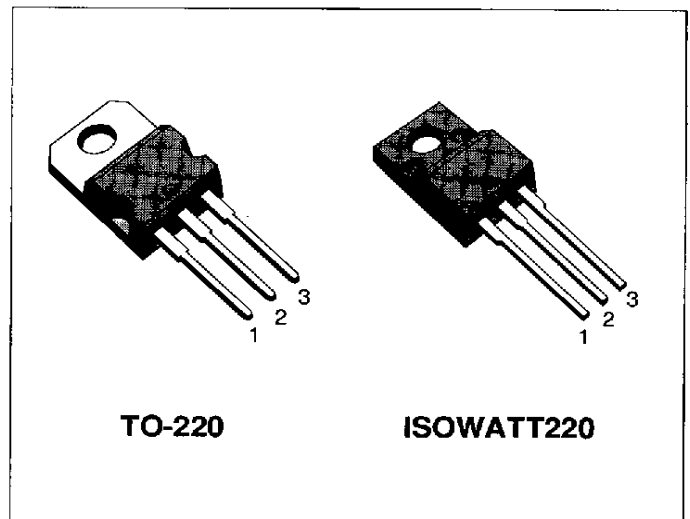
N - CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT MODE POWER MOS TRANSISTOR

| TYPE | V _{DSS} | R _{DS(on)} | I _D |
|------------|------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| STP60N06 | 60 V | < 0.02 Ω | 60 A |
| STP60N06FI | 60 V | < 0.02 Ω | 32 A |

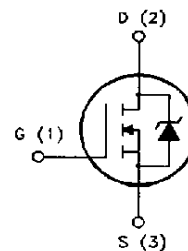
- TYPICAL R_{DS(on)} = 0.017 Ω
- AVALANCHE RUGGED TECHNOLOGY
- 100% AVALANCHE TESTED
- REPETITIVE AVALANCHE DATA AT 100°C
- LOW GATE CHARGE
- HIGH CURRENT CAPABILITY
- 175°C OPERATING TEMPERATURE
- VERY LOW R_{DS(on)}
- APPLICATION ORIENTED CHARACTERIZATION

APPLICATIONS

- HIGH CURRENT, HIGH SPEED SWITCHING
- SOLENOID AND RELAY DRIVERS
- REGULATORS
- DC-DC & DC-AC CONVERTERS
- MOTOR CONTROL, AUDIO AMPLIFIERS
- AUTOMOTIVE ENVIRONMENT (INJECTION, ABS, AIR-BAG, LAMPDRIVERS, Etc.)



INTERNAL SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | | Unit |
|---------------------|---|------------|------------|------|
| | | STP60N06 | STP60N06FI | |
| V _{DS} | Drain-source Voltage (V _{GS} = 0) | 60 | | V |
| V _{DGR} | Drain- gate Voltage (R _{GS} = 20 kΩ) | 60 | | V |
| V _{GS} | Gate-source Voltage | ± 20 | | V |
| I _D | Drain Current (continuous) at T _c = 25 °C | 60 | 32 | A |
| I _D | Drain Current (continuous) at T _c = 100 °C | 42 | 22 | A |
| I _{DM} (*) | Drain Current (pulsed) | 240 | 240 | A |
| P _{tot} | Total Dissipation at T _c = 25 °C | 150 | 45 | W |
| | Derating Factor | 1 | 0.3 | W/°C |
| V _{ISO} | Insulation Withstand Voltage (DC) | — | 2000 | V |
| T _{stg} | Storage Temperature | -65 to 175 | | °C |
| T _j | Max. Operating Junction Temperature | 175 | | °C |

(*) Pulse width limited by safe operating area

THERMAL DATA

| | | | TO-220 | ISOWATT220 | |
|----------------|--|-----|--------|------------|---------------|
| $R_{thj-case}$ | Thermal Resistance Junction-case | Max | 1 | 3.33 | $^{\circ}C/W$ |
| $R_{thj-amb}$ | Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient | Max | 62.5 | | $^{\circ}C/W$ |
| $R_{thc-sink}$ | Thermal Resistance Case-sink | Typ | 0.5 | | $^{\circ}C/W$ |
| T_j | Maximum Lead Temperature For Soldering Purpose | | 300 | | $^{\circ}C$ |

AVALANCHE CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Parameter | Max Value | Unit |
|----------|--|-----------|------|
| I_{AR} | Avalanche Current, Repetitive or Not-Repetitive (pulse width limited by T_j max, $\delta < 1\%$) | 60 | A |
| E_{AS} | Single Pulse Avalanche Energy (starting $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$, $I_D = I_{AR}$, $V_{DD} = 25 V$) | 600 | mJ |
| E_{AR} | Repetitive Avalanche Energy (pulse width limited by T_j max, $\delta < 1\%$) | 150 | mJ |
| I_{AR} | Avalanche Current, Repetitive or Not-Repetitive ($T_c = 100^{\circ}C$, pulse width limited by T_j max, $\delta < 1\%$) | 42 | A |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_{case} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

OFF

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------|--|--|------|------|-------------|--------------------|
| $V_{(BR)DSS}$ | Drain-source Breakdown Voltage | $I_D = 250 \mu A$ $V_{GS} = 0$ | 60 | | | V |
| I_{DSS} | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current ($V_{GS} = 0$) | $V_{DS} = \text{Max Rating}$ $V_{DS} = \text{Max Rating} \times 0.8$ $T_c = 125^{\circ}C$ | | | 250 1000 | μA μA |
| I_{GSS} | Gate-body Leakage Current ($V_{DS} = 0$) | $V_{GS} = \pm 20 V$ | | | ± 100 | nA |

ON (*)

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|---|------|-------|--------------|----------------------|
| $V_{GS(th)}$ | Gate Threshold Voltage | $V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ $I_D = 250 \mu A$ | 2 | 2.9 | 4 | V |
| $R_{DS(on)}$ | Static Drain-source On Resistance | $V_{GS} = 10 V$ $I_D = 30 A$ $V_{GS} = 10 V$ $I_D = 30 A$ $T_c = 100^{\circ}C$ | | 0.017 | 0.02 0.04 | Ω Ω |
| $I_{D(on)}$ | On State Drain Current | $V_{DS} > I_{D(on)} \times R_{DS(on)max}$ $V_{GS} = 10 V$ | 60 | | | A |

DYNAMIC

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--------------|------------------------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| $g_{fs} (*)$ | Forward Transconductance | $V_{DS} > I_{D(on)} \times R_{DS(on)max}$ $I_D = 30 A$ | 16 | 29 | | S |
| C_{iss} | Input Capacitance | $V_{DS} = 25 V$ $f = 1 MHz$ $V_{GS} = 0$ | | 2200 | 2900 | pF |
| C_{oss} | Output Capacitance | | | 950 | 1300 | pF |
| C_{rss} | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | | | 250 | 350 | pF |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**SWITCHING ON**

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-------------------------------|--|---|------|----------------|-----------|------------------|
| $t_{d(on)}$ t_r | Turn-on Time Rise Time | $V_{DD} = 40\text{ V}$ $I_D = 60\text{ A}$ $R_G = 50\ \Omega$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$ (see test circuit, figure 3) | | 65 500 | 90 700 | ns ns |
| $(di/dt)_{on}$ | Turn-on Current Slope | $V_{DD} = 40\text{ V}$ $I_D = 60\text{ A}$ $R_G = 50\ \Omega$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$ (see test circuit, figure 5) | | 185 | | A/ μs |
| Q_g Q_{gs} Q_{gd} | Total Gate Charge Gate-Source Charge Gate-Drain Charge | $V_{DD} = 40\text{ V}$ $I_D = 60\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$ | | 68 15 27 | 95 | nC nC nC |

SWITCHING OFF

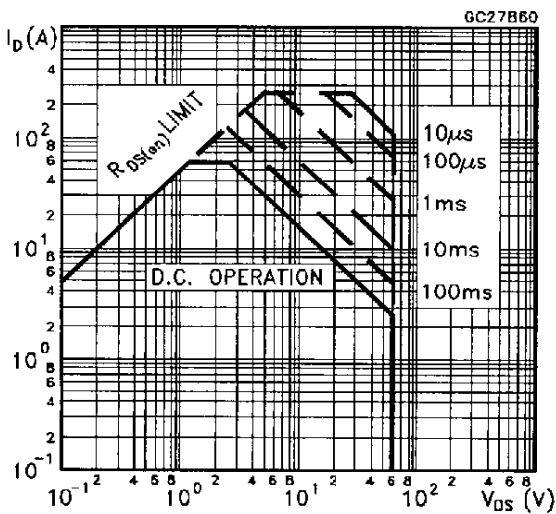
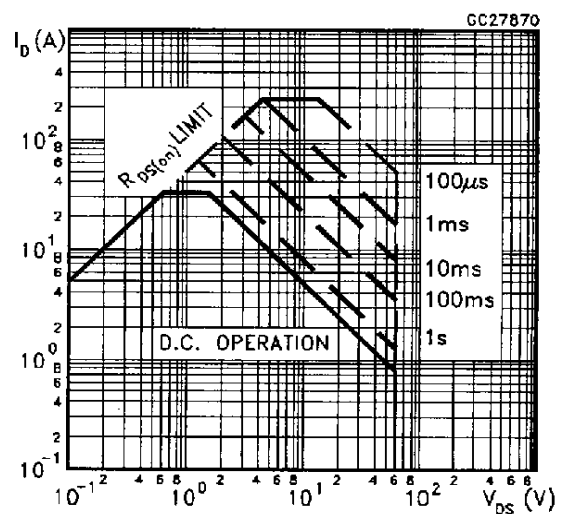
| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|---|------|------------|------------|----------|
| $t_{r(voff)}$ t_f | Off-voltage Rise Time Fall Time | $V_{DD} = 40\text{ V}$ $I_D = 60\text{ A}$ $R_G = 50\ \Omega$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$ (see test circuit, figure 5) | | 160 190 | 220 270 | ns ns |
| t_c | Cross-over Time | (see test circuit, figure 5) | | 370 | 520 | ns |

SOURCE DRAIN DIODE

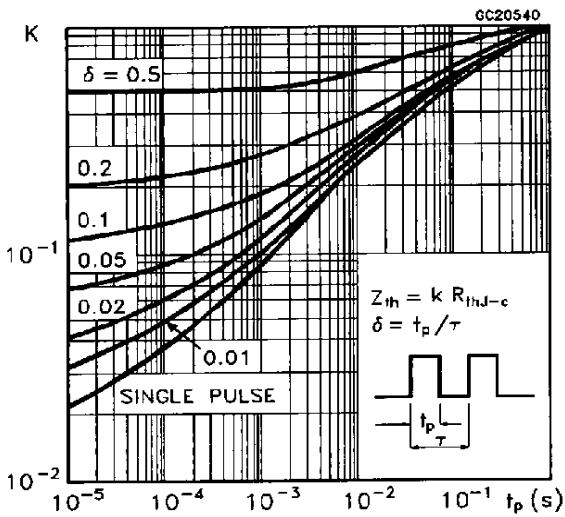
| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--------------------------------|--|---|------|------|-----------|---------------|
| I_{SD} $I_{SDM}(\bullet)$ | Source-drain Current Source-drain Current (pulsed) | | | | 60 240 | A A |
| $V_{SD} (*)$ | Forward On Voltage | $I_{SD} = 60\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 0$ | | | 1.6 | V |
| t_{rr} | Reverse Recovery Time | $I_{SD} = 60\text{ A}$ $di/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $V_{DD} = 25\text{ V}$ $T_j = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (see test circuit, figure 5) | | 120 | | ns |
| Q_{rr} | Reverse Recovery Charge | | | 0.27 | | μC |
| I_{RRM} | Reverse Recovery Current | | | 4.5 | | A |

(*) Pulsed: Pulse duration = 300 μs , duty cycle 1.5 %

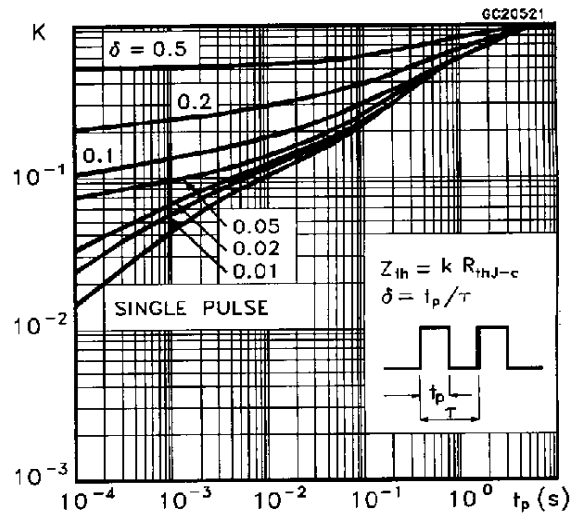
(\bullet) Pulse width limited by safe operating area

Safe Operating Areas For TO-220**Safe Operating Areas For ISOWATT220**

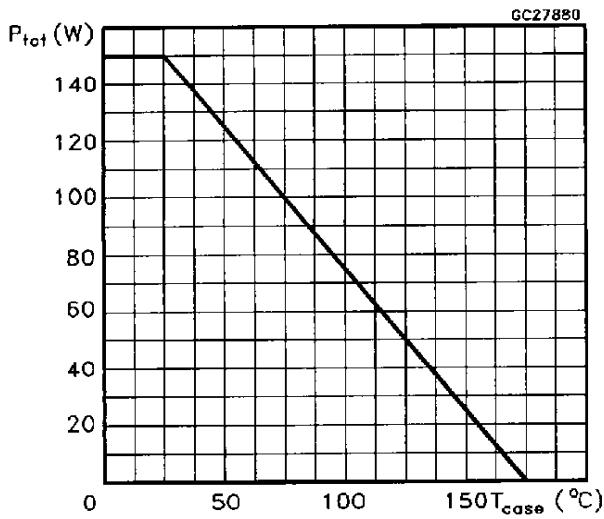
Thermal Impedance For TO-220



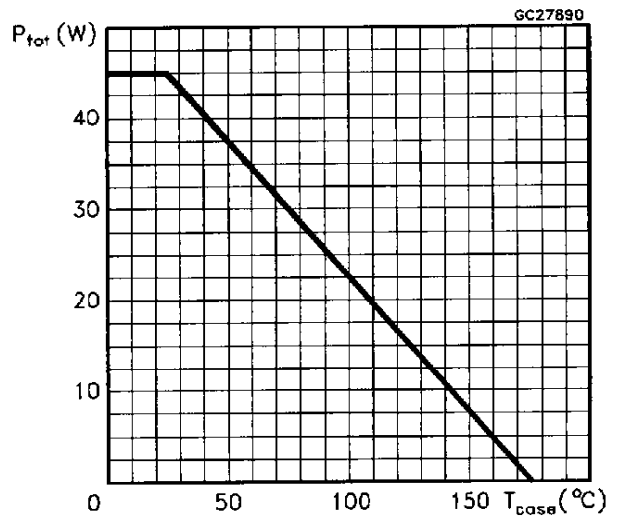
Thermal Impedance For ISOWATT220



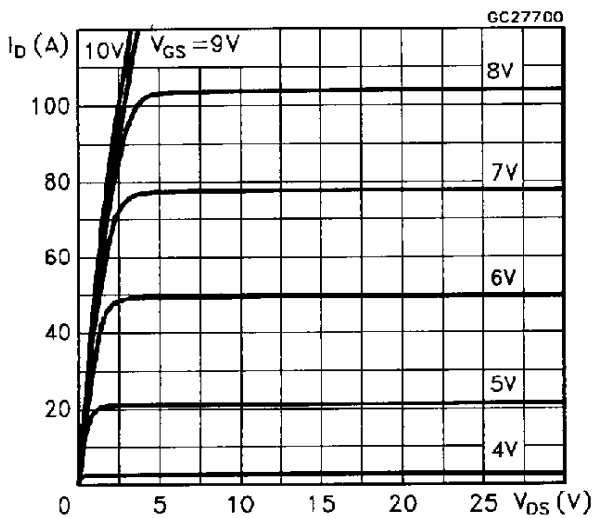
Derating Curve For TO-220



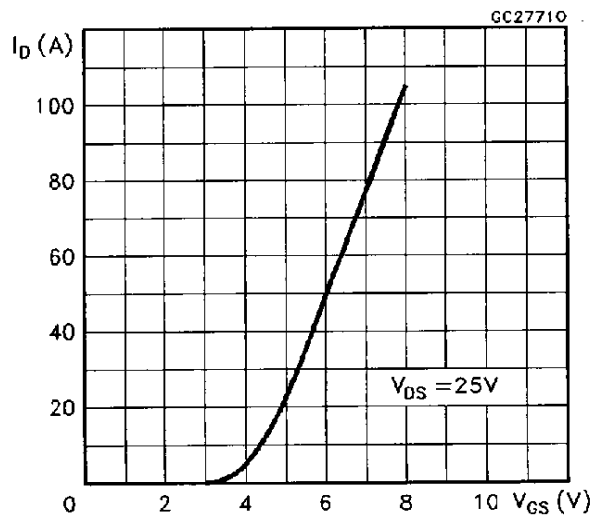
Derating Curve For ISOWATT220



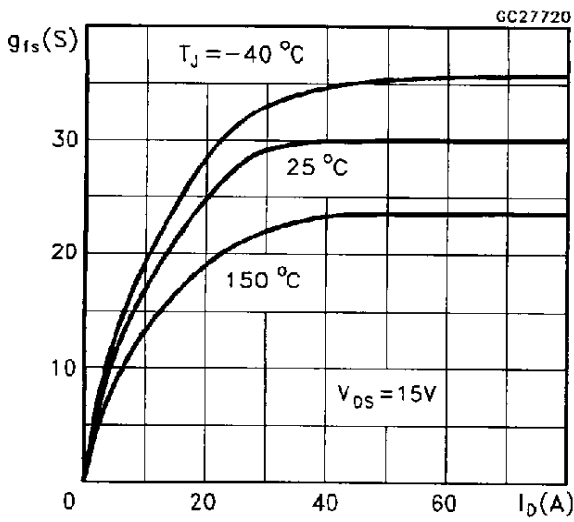
Output Characteristics



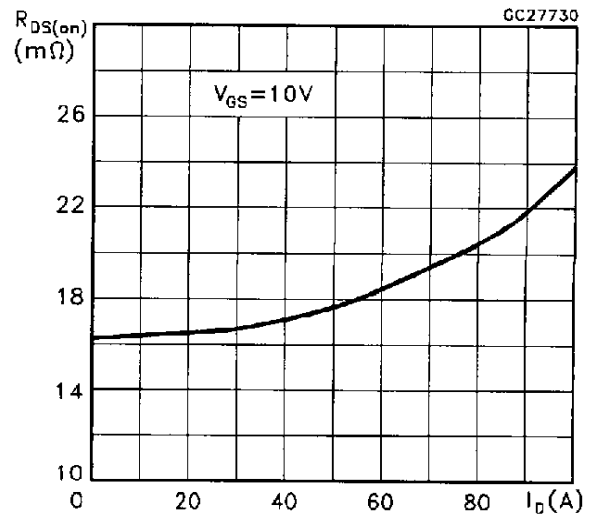
Transfer Characteristics



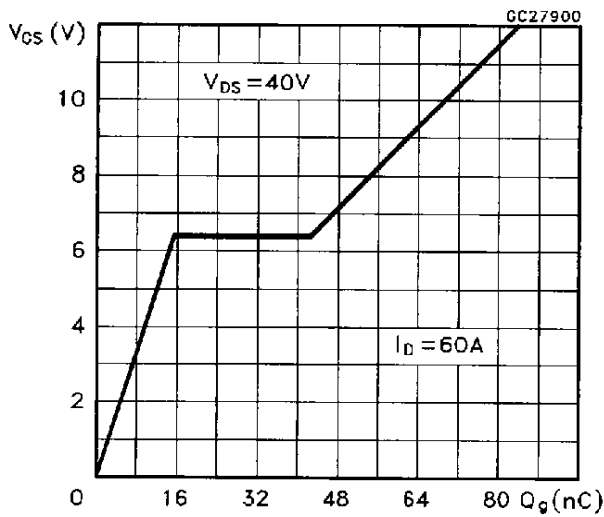
Transconductance



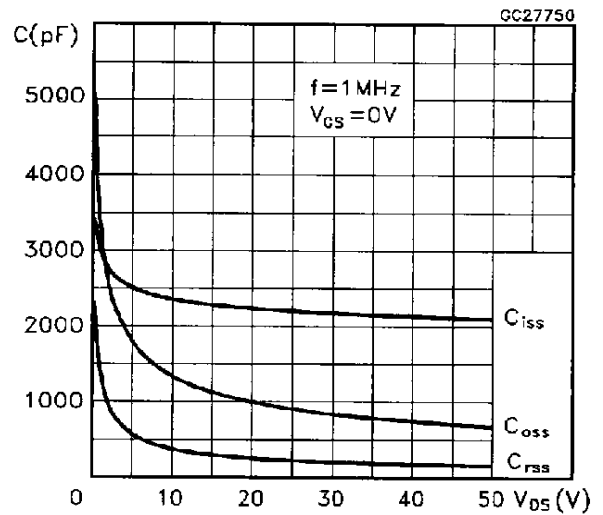
Static Drain-source On Resistance



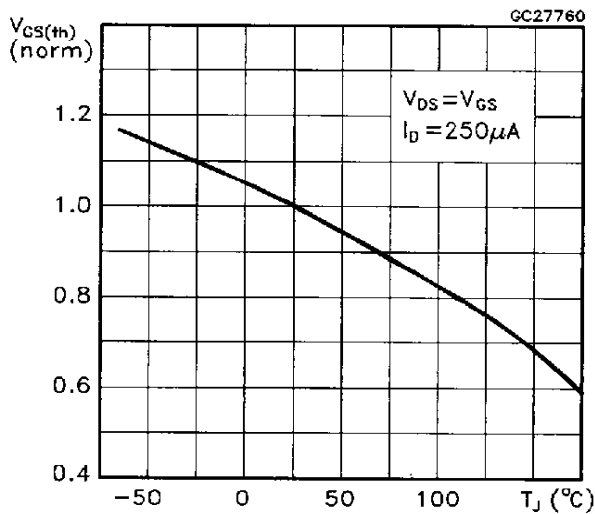
Gate Charge vs Gate-source Voltage



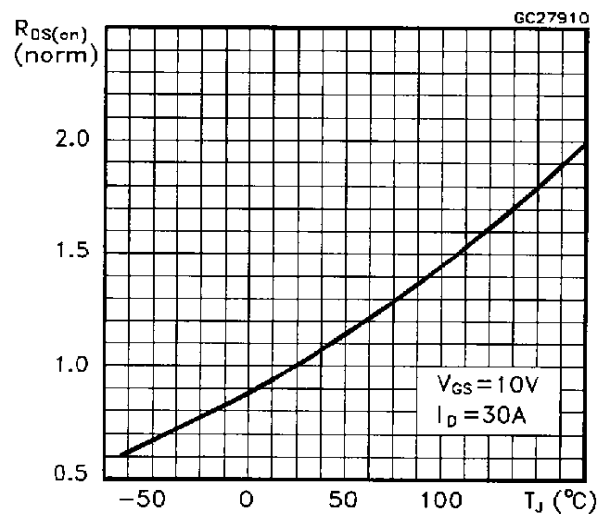
Capacitance Variations



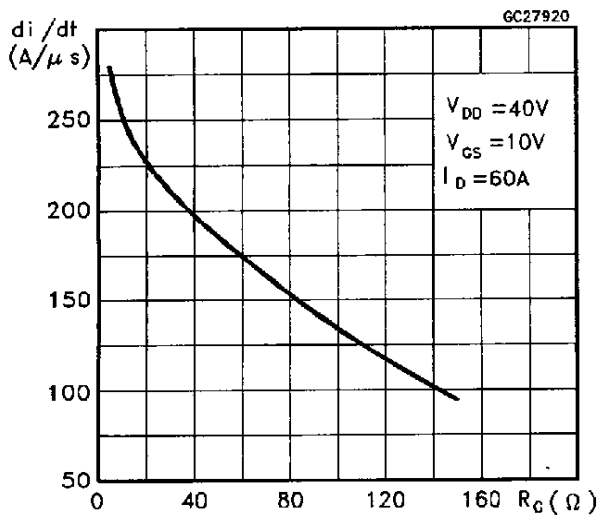
Normalized Gate Threshold Voltage vs Temperature



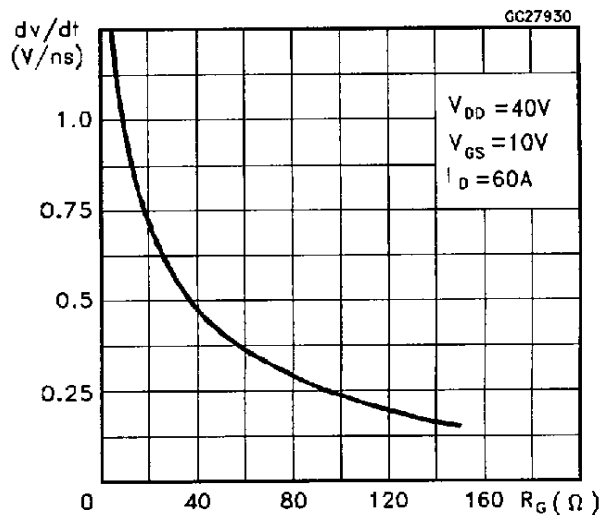
Normalized On Resistance vs Temperature



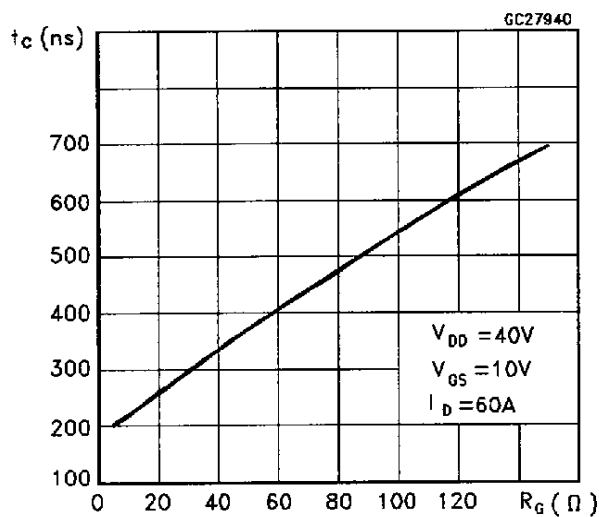
Turn-on Current Slope



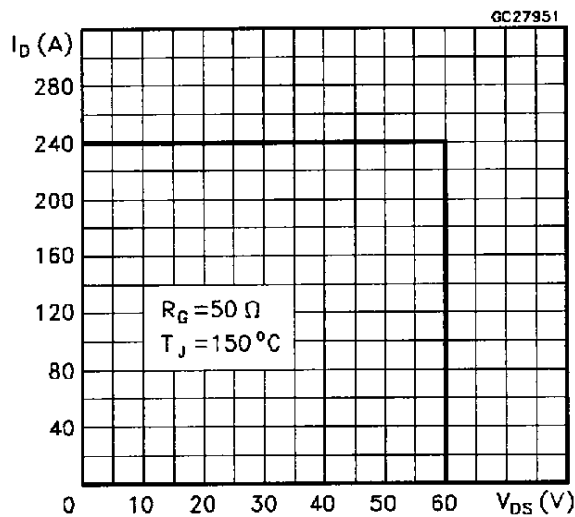
Turn-off Drain-source Voltage Slope



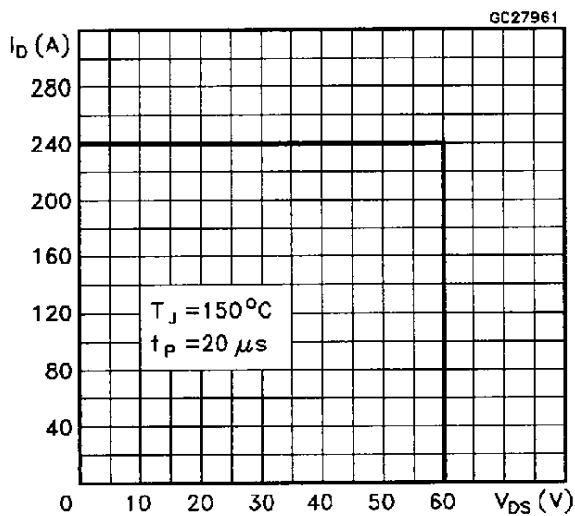
Cross-over Time



Switching Safe Operating Area



Accidental Overload Area



Source-drain Diode Forward Characteristics

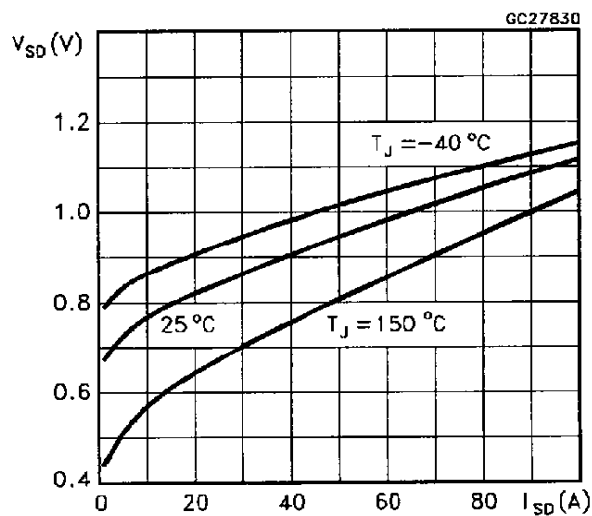


Fig. 1: Unclamped Inductive Load Test Circuits

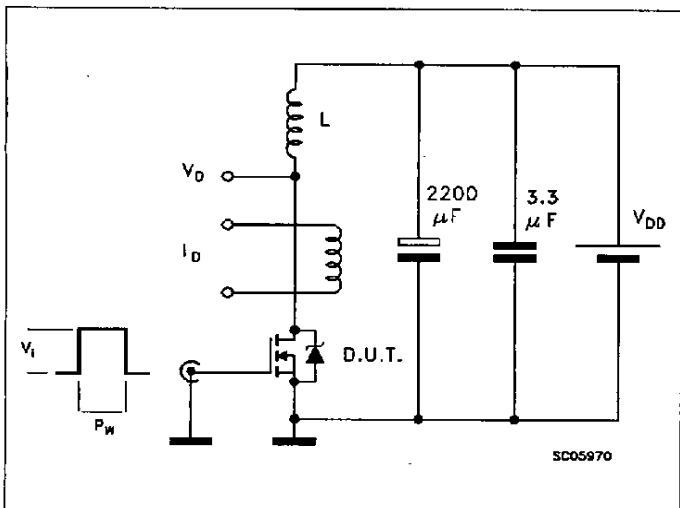


Fig. 2: Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

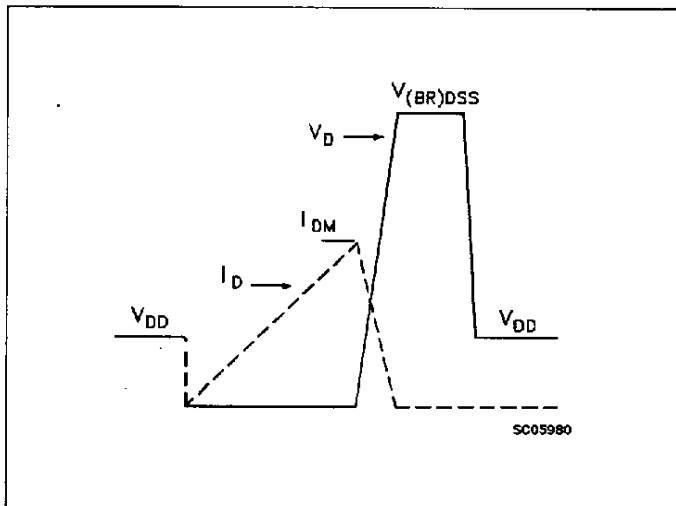


Fig. 3: Switching Times Test Circuits For Resistive Load

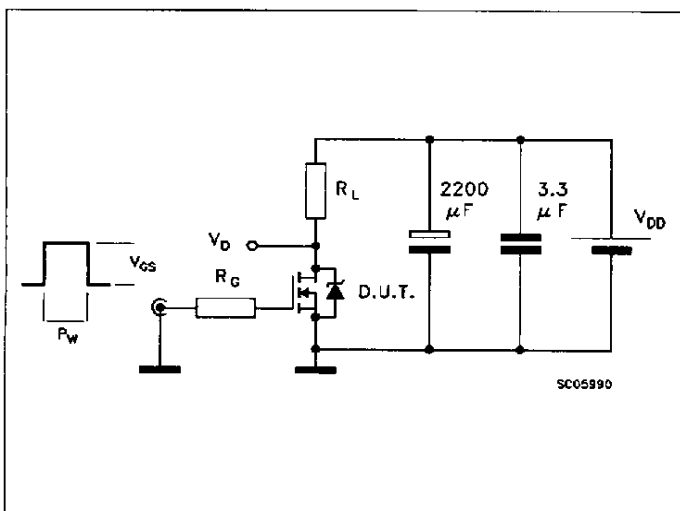


Fig. 4: Gate Charge Test Circuit

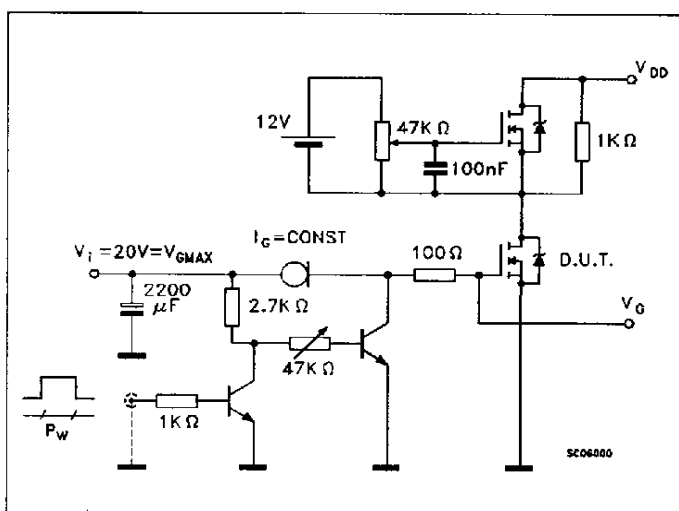


Fig. 5: Test Circuit For Inductive Load Switching And Diode Reverse Recovery Time

