

# 16-bit Proprietary Microcontroller

CMOS

## F<sup>2</sup>MC-16L MB90670/675 Series

**MB90671/672/673/T673/P673 (MB90670 Series)**  
**MB90676/677/678/T678/P678 (MB90675 Series)**

### ■ DESCRIPTION

The MB90670/675 series is a member of 16-bit proprietary single-chip microcontroller F<sup>2</sup>MC\*1-16L family designed to be combined with an ASIC (Application Specific IC) core. The MB90670/675 series is a high-performance general-purpose 16-bit microcontroller for high-speed real-time processing in various industrial equipment, OA equipment, and process control.

The instruction set of F<sup>2</sup>MC-16L CPU core inherits AT architecture of F<sup>2</sup>MC-8 family with additional instruction sets for high-level languages, extended addressing mode, enhanced multiplication/division instructions, and enhanced bit manipulation instructions. The microcontroller has a 32-bit accumulator for processing long word data (32-bit).

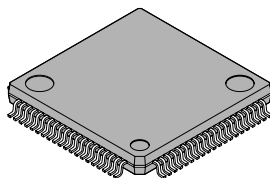
The MB90670/675 series has peripheral resources of UART0, UART1(SCI), an 8/10-bit A/D converter, an 8/16-bit PPG timer, a 16-bit reload timer, a 24-bit free run timer, an output compare (OCU), an input capture (ICU), DTP/external interrupt circuit, an I<sup>2</sup>C\*2 interface (in MB90675 series only). Embedded peripheral resources performs data transmission with an intelligent I/O service function without the intervention of the CPU, enabling real-time control in various applications.

\*1: F<sup>2</sup>MC stands for FUJITSU Flexible Microcontroller.

\*2: Purchase of Fujitsu I<sup>2</sup>C components conveys a license under the Philips I<sup>2</sup>C Patent Rights to use these components in an I<sup>2</sup>C system, provided that the system conforms to the I<sup>2</sup>C Standard Specification as defined by Philips.

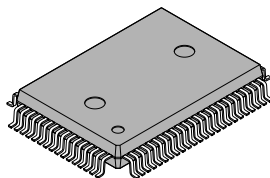
### ■ PACKAGES

80-pin Plastic LQFP



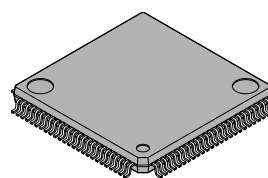
(FPT-80P-M05)

80-pin Plastic QFP



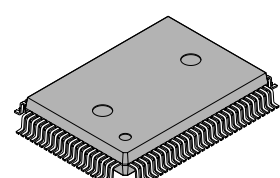
(FPT-80P-M06)

100-pin Plastic LQFP



(FPT-100P-M05)

100-pin Plastic QFP



(FPT-100P-M06)

# MB90670/675 Series

## ■ FEATURES

- Clock
  - Embedded PLL clock multiplication circuit
  - Operating clock (PLL clock) can be selected from divided-by-2 of oscillation or one to four times the oscillation (at oscillation of 4 MHz, 4 MHz to 16 MHz).
  - Minimum instruction execution time of 62.5 ns (at oscillation of 4 MHz, four times the PLL clock, operation at V<sub>cc</sub> of 5.0 V)
- CPU addressing space of 16 Mbytes
  - Internal addressing of 24-bit
  - External accessing can be performed by selecting 8/16-bit bus width (external bus mode)
- Instruction set optimized for controller applications
  - Rich data types (bit, byte, word, long word)
  - Rich addressing mode (23 types)
  - High code efficiency
  - Enhanced precision calculation realized by the 32-bit accumulator
- Instruction set designed for high level language (C) and multi-task operations
  - Adoption of system stack pointer
  - Enhanced pointer indirect instructions
  - Barrel shift instructions
- Enhanced execution speed
  - 4-byte instruction queue
- Enhanced interrupt function
  - 8 levels, 32 factors
- Automatic data transmission function independent of CPU operation
  - Extended intelligent I/O service function (EI<sup>2</sup>OS)
- Low-power consumption (standby) mode
  - Sleep mode (mode in which CPU operating clock is stopped)
  - Timebase timer mode (mode in which other than oscillation and timebase timer are stopped)
  - Stop mode (mode in which oscillation is stopped)
  - CPU intermittent operation mode
  - Hardware standby mode
- Process
  - CMOS technology
- I/O port
  - MB90670 series: Maximum of 65 ports
  - MB90675 series: Maximum of 84 ports
- Timer
  - Timebase timer/watchdog timer: 1 channel
  - 8/16-bit PPG timer: 8-bit × 2 channels or 16-bit × 1 channel
  - 16-bit reload timer: 2 channels
  - 24-bit free run timer: 1 channel
- Input capture (ICU)
  - Generates an interrupt request by latching a 24-bit free run timer counter value upon detection of an edge input to the pin.
- Output compare (OCU)
  - Generates an interrupt request and reverse the output level upon detection of a match between the 24-bit free run timer counter value and the compare setting value.
- I<sup>2</sup>C interface (in MB90675 series only)
- Serial I/O port for supporting Inter IC BUS

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- UART0  
With full-duplex double buffer (8-bit length)  
Clock asynchronized or clock synchronized transmission (with start and stop bits) can be selectively used.
- UART1 (SCI)  
With full-duplex double buffer (8-bit length)  
Clock asynchronized or clock synchronized serial transmission (I/O extended serial) can be selectively used.
- DTP/external interrupt circuit (4 channels)  
A module for starting extended intelligent I/O service (EI<sup>2</sup>OS) and generating an external interrupt triggered by an external input.
- Wake-up interrupt  
Receives external interrupt requests and generates an interrupt request upon an “L” level input.
- Delayed interrupt generation module  
Generates an interrupt request for switching tasks.
- 8/10-bit A/D converter (8 channels)  
8-bit or 10-bit resolution can be selectively used.  
Starting by an external trigger input.

# MB90670/675 Series

## ■ PRODUCT LINEUP

- MB90670 series

| Item \ Part number        | MB90671  | MB90672     | MB90673   | MB90T673             | MB90P673              |
|---------------------------|--|-------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Classification            | Mask ROM products  |             |           | External ROM product | One-time PROM product |
| ROM size                  | 16 Kbytes  | 32 Kbytes   | 48 Kbytes | External ROM         | 48 Kbytes             |
| RAM size                  | 640 bytes  | 1.64 Kbytes | 2 Kbytes  |                      |                       |
| CPU functions             | Number of instructions: 340<br>Instruction bit length: 8 bits, 16 bits<br>Instruction length: 1 byte to 7 bytes<br>Data bit length: 1 bit, 8 bits, 16 bits<br>Minimum execution time: 62.5 ns (at machine clock of 16 MHz)<br>Interrupt processing time: 1.5 $\mu$ s (at machine clock of 16 MHz, minimum value) |             |           |                      |                       |
| Ports                     | General-purpose I/O ports (CMOS output): 57<br>General-purpose I/O ports (N-ch open-drain output): 8<br>Total: 65  |             |           |                      |                       |
| UART0                     | Clock synchronized transmission (500 Kbps to 2 Mbps)<br>Clock asynchronized transmission (4800 Kbps to 500 Kbps)<br>Transmission can be performed by bi-directional serial transmission or by master/slave connection.   |             |           |                      |                       |
| UART1 (SCI)               | Clock synchronized transmission (500 Kbps to 2 Mbps)<br>Clock asynchronized transmission (2400 Kbps to 62500 bps)<br>Transmission can be performed by bi-directional serial transmission or by master/slave connection.  |             |           |                      |                       |
| 8/10-bit A/D converter    | Conversion precision: 10-bit or 8-bit selectable<br>Number of inputs: 8<br>One-shot conversion mode (converts selected channel only once)<br>Continuous conversion mode (converts selected channel continuously)<br>Stop conversion mode (converts selected channel and stop operation repeatedly)               |             |           |                      |                       |
| 8/16-bit PPG timer        | Number of channels: 2<br>8-bit or 16-bit PPG operation<br>A Pulse wave of given intervals and given duty ratios can be output.<br>Pulse cycle: 125 ns to 16.78 s (at oscillation of 4 MHz, machine clock of 16 MHz)  |             |           |                      |                       |
| 16-bit reload timer       | Number of channels: 2<br>16-bit reload timer operation<br>Interval: 125 ns to 131 ms (at machine clock of 16 MHz)<br>External event count can be performed.  |             |           |                      |                       |
| 24-bit free run timer     | Number of channel :1<br>Overflow interrupts or intermediate bit interrupts may be generated.   |             |           |                      |                       |
| Output compare unit (OCU) | Number of channels: 8<br>Pin input factor: A match signal of compare register  |             |           |                      |                       |

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# MB90670/675 Series

(Continued)

| Item                                 | Part number | MB90671   | MB90672 | MB90673 | MB90T673 | MB90P673 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|---|---------|---------|----------|----------|
| Input capture unit (ICU)             |             | Number of channels: 4<br>Rewriting a register value upon a pin input (rising, falling, or both edges)   |         |         |          |          |
| DTP/external interrupt circuit       |             | Number of inputs: 4<br>Started by a rising edge, a falling edge, an "H" level input, or an "L" level input.<br>External interrupt circuit or extended intelligent I/O service (EI <sup>2</sup> OS) can be used. |         |         |          |          |
| Wake-up interrupt                    |             | Number of inputs: 8<br>Started by an "L" level input.   |         |         |          |          |
| Delayed interrupt generation module  |             | An interrupt generation module for switching tasks used in real-time operating systems.   |         |         |          |          |
| I <sup>2</sup> C interface           |             | None  |         |         |          |          |
| Timebase timer                       |             | 18-bit counter<br>Interrupt interval: 1.024 ms, 4.096 ms, 16.384 ms, 131.072 ms<br>(at oscillation of 4 MHz)  |         |         |          |          |
| Watchdog timer                       |             | Reset generation interval: 3.58 ms, 14.33 ms, 57.23 ms, 458.75 ms<br>(at oscillation of 4 MHz, minimum value)   |         |         |          |          |
| Low-power consumption (standby) mode |             | Sleep/stop/CPU intermittent operation/timebase timer/hardware stand-by  |         |         |          |          |
| Process                              |             | CMOS  |         |         |          |          |
| Operating voltage*                   |             | 2.7 V to 5.5 V  |         |         |          |          |

\*: Varies with conditions such as the operating frequency. (See section "■ Electrical Characteristics.")

# MB90670/675 Series

• MB90675 series

| Part number<br>Item    | MB90676  | MB90677   | MB90678   | MB90T678             | MB90P678              | MB90V670           |
|------------------------|--|-----------|-----------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Classification         | Mask ROM products  |           |           | External ROM product | One-time PROM product | Evaluation product |
| ROM size               | 32 Kbytes  | 48 Kbytes | 64 Kbytes | None                 | 64 Kbytes             | —                  |
| RAM size               | 1.64 Kbytes  | 2 Kbytes  | 3 Kbytes  |                      | 4 Kbytes              |                    |
| CPU functions          | The number of instructions: 340<br>Instruction bit length: 8 bits, 16 bits<br>Instruction length: 1 byte to 7 bytes<br>Data bit length: 1 bit, 8 bits, 16 bits<br>Minimum execution time: 62.5 ns (at machine clock of 16 MHz)<br>Interrupt processing time: 1.5 μs (at machine clock of 16 MHz, minimum value)  |           |           |                      |                       |                    |
| Ports                  | General-purpose I/O ports (CMOS output): 74<br>General-purpose I/O ports (N-ch open-drain output): 10<br>Total: 84   |           |           |                      |                       |                    |
| UART0                  | Clock synchronized transmission (500 Kbps to 2 Mbps)<br>Clock asynchronized transmission (4800 Kbps to 500 Kbps)<br>Transmission can be performed by bi-directional serial transmission or by master/slave connection.   |           |           |                      |                       |                    |
| UART1 (SCI)            | Clock synchronized transmission (500 Kbps to 2 Mbps)<br>Clock asynchronized transmission (2400 Kbps to 62500 bps)<br>Transmission can be performed by bi-directional serial transmission or by master/slave connection.  |           |           |                      |                       |                    |
| 8/10-bit A/D converter | Conversion precision: 10-bit or 8-bit can be selectively used.<br>Number of inputs: 8<br>One-shot conversion mode (converts selected channel only once)<br>Continuous conversion mode (converts selected channel continuously)<br>Stop conversion mode (converts selected channel and stop operation repeatedly) |           |           |                      |                       |                    |
| 8/16-bit PPG timer     | Number of channels: 2<br>PPG operation of 8-bit or 16-bit<br>Pulse of given intervals and given duty ratios can be output<br>Pulse interval 125 ns to 16.78 s (at oscillation of 4 MHz, machine clock of 16 MHz)   |           |           |                      |                       |                    |
| 16-bit reload timer    | Number of channels: 2<br>16-bit reload timer operation<br>Interval: 125 ns to 131 ms (at machine clock of 16 MHz)<br>External event count can be performed.  |           |           |                      |                       |                    |
| 24-bit free run timer  | Number of channel :1<br>Overflow interrupts or intermediate bit interrupts may be generated.   |           |           |                      |                       |                    |
| Output compare (OCU)   | Number of channels: 8<br>Pin input factor: a match signal of compare register  |           |           |                      |                       |                    |

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# MB90670/675 Series

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| Part number<br>Item                   | MB90676   | MB90677 | MB90678 | MB90T678 | MB90P678 | MB90V670 |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|
| Input capture (ICU)                   | Number of channels: 4<br>Rewriting a register value upon a pin input (rising, falling, or both edges)   |         |         |          |          |          |
| DTP/external interrupt circuit        | Number of inputs: 4<br>Started by a rising edge, a falling edge, an "H" level input, or an "L" level input.<br>External interrupt circuit or extended intelligent I/O service (EI <sup>2</sup> OS) can be used. |         |         |          |          |          |
| Wake-up interrupt                     | Number of inputs: 8<br>Started by an "L" level input.   |         |         |          |          |          |
| Delayed interrupt generation module   | An interrupt generation module for switching tasks used in realtime operating systems.  |         |         |          |          |          |
| I <sup>2</sup> C interface            | Serial I/O port for supporting Inter IC BUS   |         |         |          |          |          |
| Timebase timer                        | 18-bit counter<br>Interrupt interval: 1.024 ms, 4.096 ms, 16.384 ms, 131.072 ms<br>(at oscillation of 4 MHz)  |         |         |          |          |          |
| Watchdog timer                        | Reset generation interval: 3.58 ms, 14.33 ms, 57.23 ms, 458.75 ms<br>(at oscillation of 4 MHz, minimum value)   |         |         |          |          |          |
| Low-power consumption (stand-by) mode | Sleep/stop/CPU intermittent operation/timebase timer/hardware stand-by  |         |         |          |          |          |
| Process                               | CMOS  |         |         |          |          |          |
| Power supply voltage for operation*   | 2.7 V to 5.5 V  |         |         |          |          |          |

\*: Varies with conditions such as the operating frequency. (See section "■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS.")  
Assurance for the MB90V670 is given only for operation with a tool at a power voltage of 2.7 V to 5.5 V, an operating temperature of 0°C to 70°C, and an operating frequency of 1.5 MHz to 16 MHz.

## ■ PACKAGE AND CORRESPONDING PRODUCTS

| Package      | MB90671<br>MB90672<br>MB90673<br>MB90T673 | MB90P673 | MB90676<br>MB90677<br>MB90678<br>MB90T678 | MB90P678 | MB90V670 |
|--------------|---|----------|---|----------|----------|
| FPT-80P-M05  | ○   | ○        | ×   | ×        | ×        |
| FPT-80P-M06  | ○   | ○        | ×   | ×        | ×        |
| FPT-100P-M05 | ×   | ×        | ○   | ○        | ×        |
| FPT-100P-M06 | ×   | ×        | ○   | ○        | ×        |

○ : Available    × : Not available

Note: For more information about each package, see section "■ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS."

# MB90670/675 Series

## ■ DIFFERENCES AMONG PRODUCTS

### 1. Memory Size

In evaluation with an evaluation product, note the difference between the evaluation chip and the chip actually used. The following items must be taken into consideration.

- The MB90V670 does not have an internal ROM, however, operations equivalent to chips with an internal ROM can be evaluated by using a dedicated development tool, enabling selection of ROM size by settings of the development tool.
- In the MB90V670, images from FF4400<sub>H</sub> to FFFFFFF<sub>H</sub> are mapped to bank 00, and FE0000<sub>H</sub> to FF3FFF<sub>H</sub> to mapped to bank FE<sub>H</sub> and FF<sub>H</sub> only. (This setting can be changed by configuring the development tool.)
- In the MB90678/MB90P678, images from FF4000<sub>H</sub> to FFFFFFF<sub>H</sub> are mapped to bank 00, and FF0000<sub>H</sub> to FF3FFF<sub>H</sub> to bank FF only.

### 2. Mask Options

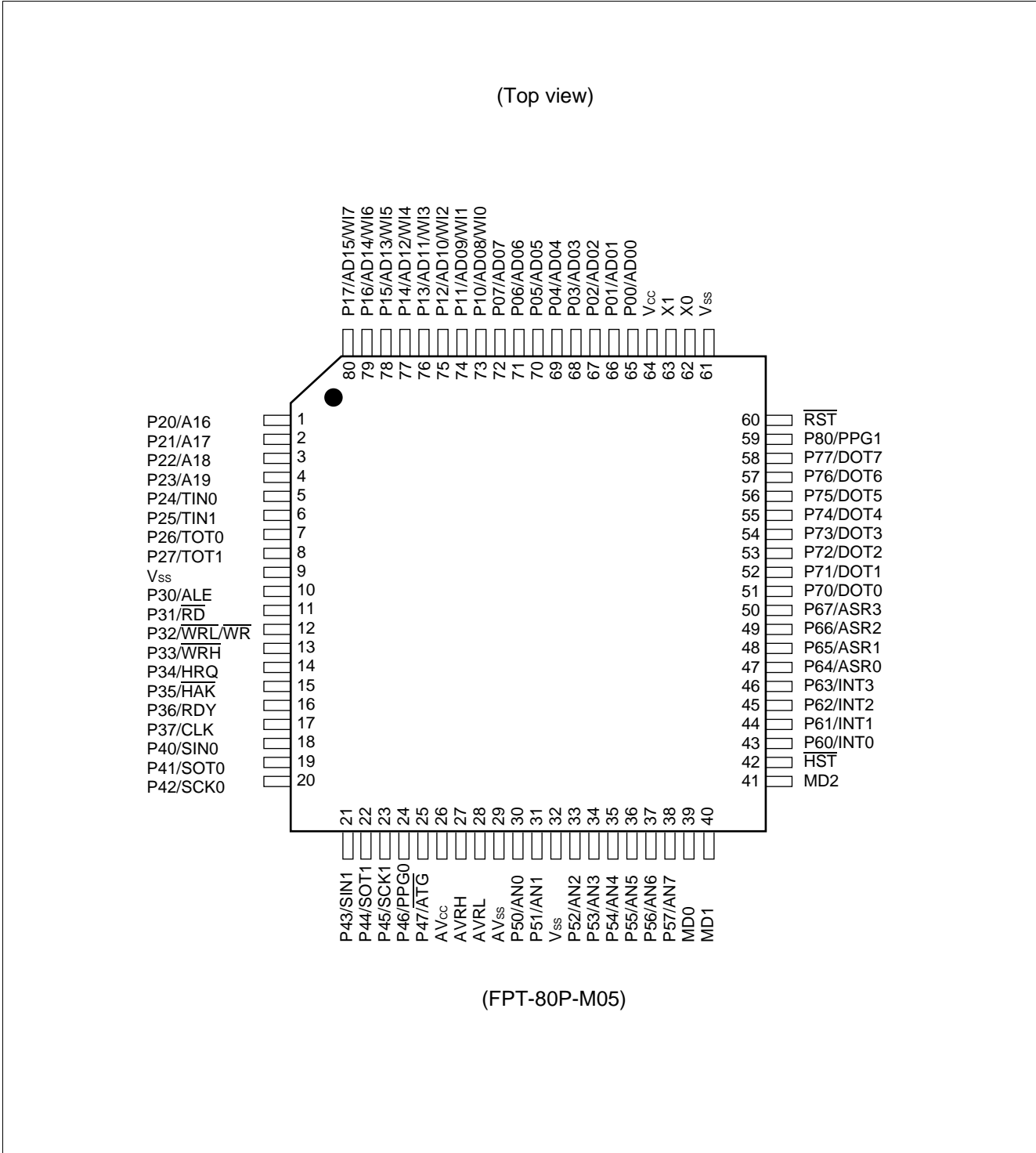
Functions selected by optional settings and methods for setting the options are dependent on the product types.

Refer to “■ Mask Options” for detailed information.

Note that mask option is fixed in MB90V670 series.



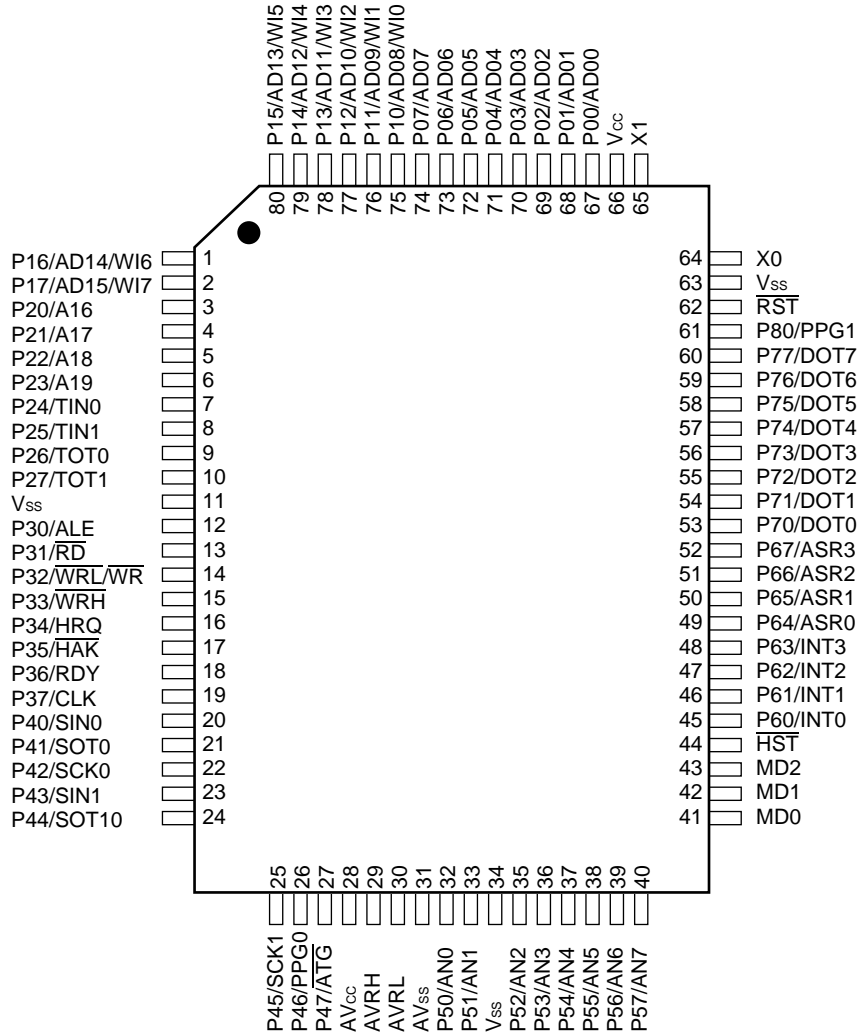
## ■ PIN ASSIGNMENTS



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# MB90670/675 Series

(Top view)

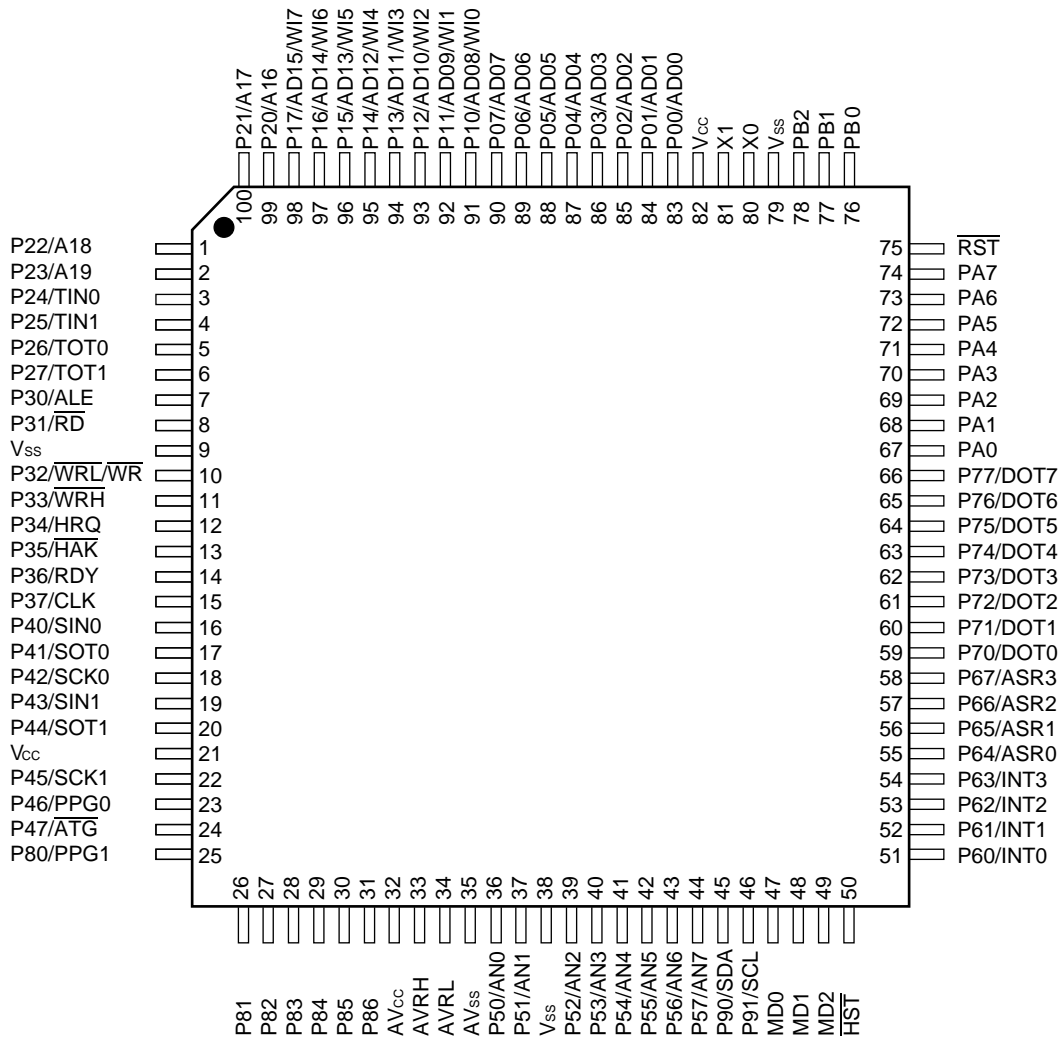


(FPT-80P-M06)

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# MB90670/675 Series

(Top view)

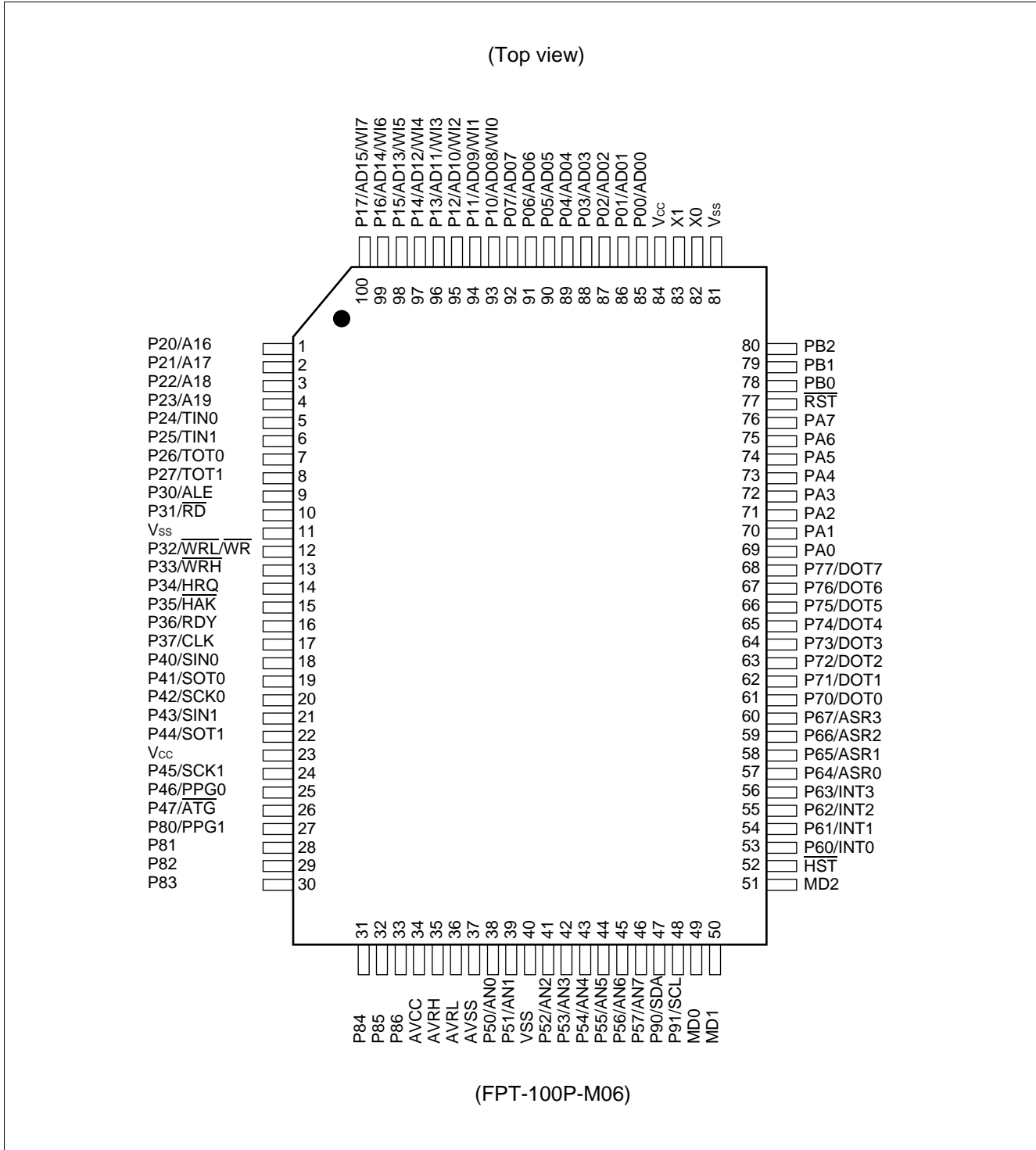


(FPT-100P-M05)

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# MB90670/675 Series

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# MB90670/675 Series

## ■ PIN DESCRIPTION

| Pin no.             |                   |                     |                      | Pin name                          | Circuit type       | Function  |
|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|---|
| LQFP<br>-80*1       | QFP<br>-80*2      | LQFP<br>-100*3      | QFP<br>-100*4        |                                   |                    |   |
| 62                  | 64                | 80                  | 82                   | X0                                | A<br>(Oscillation) | Crystal oscillator pins   |
| 63                  | 65                | 81                  | 83                   | X1                                |                    |   |
| 39 to 41            | 41 to 43          | 47 to 49            | 49 to 51             | MD0 to<br>MD2                     | F<br>(CMOS)        | Input pins for selecting operation modes<br>Connect directly to V <sub>CC</sub> or V <sub>SS</sub> .  |
| 60                  | 62                | 75                  | 77                   | $\overline{RST}$                  | H<br>(CMOS/H)      | External reset request input  |
| 42                  | 44                | 50                  | 52                   | $\overline{HST}$                  | G<br>(CMOS/H)      | Hardware standby input pin  |
| 65 to 72            | 67 to 74          | 83 to 90            | 85 to 92             | P00 to P07                        | B<br>(CMOS)        | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is valid in the single-chip mode.   |
|                     |                   |                     |                      | AD00 to<br>AD07                   |                    | I/O pins for the lower 8-bit of the external address data bus<br>This function is valid in the mode where the external bus is valid.  |
| 73 to 78,<br>79, 80 | 75 to 80,<br>1, 2 | 91 to 96,<br>97, 98 | 93 to 98,<br>99, 100 | P10 to P15,<br>P16, P17           | B<br>(CMOS)        | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is valid in the single-chip mode.   |
|                     |                   |                     |                      | AD08 to<br>AD13,<br>AD14,<br>AD15 |                    | I/O pins for the upper 8-bit of the external address data bus<br>This function is valid in the mode where the external bus is valid.  |
|                     |                   |                     |                      | WI0 to WI5,<br>WI6, WI7           |                    | I/O pins for wake-up interrupts<br>This function is valid in the single-chip mode. Because the input of the DTP/external interrupt circuit is used as required when the DTP/external interrupt circuit is enabled, and it is necessary to stop outputs by other functions unless such outputs are made intentionally. |
| 1, 2, 3, 4          | 3, 4, 5, 6        | 99, 100,<br>1, 2    | 1, 2, 3, 4           | P20, P21,<br>P22, P23             | B<br>(CMOS)        | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function becomes valid in the single-chip mode or the external address output control register is set to select a port.  |
|                     |                   |                     |                      | A16, A17,<br>A18, 19              |                    | Output pins for the external address bus of A16 to A19<br>This function is valid in the mode where the external bus is valid and the upper address control register is set to select an address.  |

(Continued)

\*1: FPT-80P-M05

\*2: FPT-80P-M06

\*3: FPT-100P-M05

\*4: FPT-100P-M06

# MB90670/675 Series

| Pin no.       |              |                |               | Pin name         | Circuit type  | Function   |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|--|
| LQFP<br>-80*1 | QFP<br>-80*2 | LQFP<br>-100*3 | QFP<br>-100*4 |                  |               |  |
| 5, 6          | 7, 8         | 3, 4           | 5, 6          | P24, P25         | E<br>(CMOS/H) | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is always valid.   |
|               |              |                |               | TIN0, TIN1       |               | Event input pins of 16-bit reload timer 0 and 1<br>Because this input is used as required when the 16-bit reload timer is performing input operations, and it is necessary to stop outputs by other functions unless such outputs are made intentionally.  |
| 7, 8          | 9, 10        | 5, 6           | 7, 8          | P26, P27         | E<br>(CMOS/H) | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is valid when outputs from 16-bit reload timer 0 and 1 are disabled.   |
|               |              |                |               | TOT0, TOT1       |               | Output pins for 16-bit reload timer 0 and 1<br>This function is valid when output from 16-bit reload timer 0 and 1 are enabled.  |
| 10            | 12           | 7              | 9             | P30              | B<br>(CMOS)   | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is valid in the single-chip mode.  |
|               |              |                |               | ALE              |               | Address latch enable output pin<br>This function is valid in the mode where the external bus is valid.   |
| 11            | 13           | 8              | 10            | P31              | B<br>(CMOS)   | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is valid in the single-chip mode.  |
|               |              |                |               | $\overline{RD}$  |               | Read strobe output pin for the data bus<br>This function is valid in the mode where the external bus is valid.   |
| 12            | 14           | 10             | 12            | P32              | B<br>(CMOS)   | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is valid in the single-chip mode or $\overline{WRL}/\overline{WR}$ pin output is disabled.   |
|               |              |                |               | $\overline{WRL}$ |               | Write strobe output pin for the data bus<br>This function is valid when $\overline{WRL}/\overline{WR}$ pin output is enabled in the mode where external bus is valid. $\overline{WRL}$ is used for holding the lower 8-bit for write strobe in 16-bit access operations, while $\overline{WR}$ is used for holding 8-bit data for write strobe in 8-bit access operations. |
|               |              |                |               | $\overline{WR}$  |               |  |
| 13            | 15           | 11             | 13            | P33              | B<br>(CMOS)   | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is valid in the single-chip mode, in the external bus 8-bit mode, or $\overline{WRH}$ pin output is disabled.  |
|               |              |                |               | $\overline{WRH}$ |               | Write strobe output pin for the upper 8-bit of the data bus<br>This function is valid when the external bus 16-bit mode is selected in the mode where the external bus is valid, and $\overline{WRH}$ output pin is enabled.   |

(Continued)

\*1: FPT-80P-M05

\*2: FPT-80P-M06

\*3: FPT-100P-M05

\*4: FPT-100P-M06

# MB90670/675 Series

| Pin no.       |              |                |               | Pin name                | Circuit type  | Function   |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------------|---------------|--|
| LQFP<br>-80*1 | QFP<br>-80*2 | LQFP<br>-100*3 | QFP<br>-100*4 |                         |               |  |
| 14            | 16           | 12             | 14            | P34                     | B<br>(CMOS)   | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is valid when both the single-chip mode and the hold function are disabled.  |
|               |              |                |               | HRQ                     |               | Hold request input pin<br>This function is valid in the mode where the external bus is valid or when the hold function is enabled.   |
| 15            | 17           | 13             | 15            | P35                     | B<br>(CMOS)   | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is valid when both the single-chip mode and the hold function are disabled.  |
|               |              |                |               | $\overline{\text{HAK}}$ |               | Hold acknowledge output pin<br>This function is valid in the mode where the external bus is valid or when the hold function is enabled.  |
| 16            | 18           | 14             | 16            | P36                     | B<br>(CMOS)   | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is valid when both the single-chip mode and the external ready function are disabled.  |
|               |              |                |               | RDY                     |               | Ready input pin<br>This function is valid when the external ready function is enabled in the mode where the external bus is valid.   |
| 17            | 19           | 15             | 17            | P37                     | B<br>(CMOS)   | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is valid in the single-chip mode or when the CLK output is disabled.   |
|               |              |                |               | CLK                     |               | CLK output pin<br>This function is valid when CLK output is disabled in the mode where the external bus is valid.  |
| 18            | 20           | 16             | 18            | P40                     | E<br>(CMOS/H) | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is always valid.   |
|               |              |                |               | SIN0                    |               | Serial data input pin of UART0<br>Because this input is used as required when UART0 is performing input operations, and it is necessary to stop outputs by other functions unless such outputs are made intentionally. |
| 19            | 21           | 17             | 19            | P41                     | E<br>(CMOS/H) | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is valid when serial data output from UART0 is disabled.   |
|               |              |                |               | SOT0                    |               | Serial data output pin of UART0<br>This function is valid when serial data output from UART0 is enabled.   |

(Continued)

\*1: FPT-80P-M05

\*2: FPT-80P-M06

\*3: FPT-100P-M05

\*4: FPT-100P-M06

# MB90670/675 Series

| Pin no.       |              |                |               | Pin name | Circuit type  | Function  |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|----------|---------------|---|
| LQFP<br>-80*1 | QFP<br>-80*2 | LQFP<br>-100*3 | QFP<br>-100*4 |          |               |   |
| 20            | 22           | 18             | 20            | P42      | E<br>(CMOS/H) | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is valid when clock output from UART0 is disabled.  |
|               |              |                |               | SCK0     |               | Clock I/O pin of UART0<br>This function is valid when clock output from UART0 is enabled.<br>Because this input is used as required when UART0 is performing input operations, and it is necessary to stop outputs by other functions unless such outputs are made intentionally.                   |
| 21            | 23           | 19             | 21            | P43      | E<br>(CMOS/H) | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is always valid.  |
|               |              |                |               | SIN1     |               | Serial data input pin of UART1 (SCI)<br>Because this input is used as required when UART1 (SCI) is performing input operations, and it is necessary to stop outputs by other functions unless such outputs are made intentionally.  |
| 22            | 24           | 20             | 22            | P44      | E<br>(CMOS/H) | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is valid when serial data output from UART1 (SCI) is disabled.  |
|               |              |                |               | SOT1     |               | Serial data output pin of UART1 (SCI)<br>This function is valid when serial data output from UART1 (SCI) is enabled.  |
| 23            | 25           | 22             | 24            | P45      | E<br>(CMOS/H) | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is valid when clock output from UART1 (SCI) is disabled.  |
|               |              |                |               | SCK1     |               | Clock I/O pin of UART1 (SCI)<br>This function is valid when clock output from UART1 (SCI) is enabled.<br>Because this input is used as required when UART1 (SCI) is performing input operations, and it is necessary to stop outputs by other functions unless such outputs are made intentionally. |
| 24            | 26           | 23             | 25            | P46      | E<br>(CMOS/H) | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is valid when waveform output from 8/16-bit PPG timer 0 is disabled.  |
|               |              |                |               | PPG0     |               | Output pin of 8/16-bit PPG timer 0<br>This function is valid when waveform output from 8/16-bit PPG timer 0 is enabled.   |

(Continued)

\*1: FPT-80P-M05

\*2: FPT-80P-M06

\*3: FPT-100P-M05

\*4: FPT-100P-M06



# MB90670/675 Series

| Pin no.                        |                                |                                |                                | Pin name                             | Circuit type  | Function  |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---|
| LQFP<br>-80*1                  | QFP<br>-80*2                   | LQFP<br>-100*3                 | QFP<br>-100*4                  |                                      |               |   |
| 25                             | 27                             | 24                             | 26                             | P47                                  | E<br>(CMOS/H) | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is always valid.  |
|                                |                                |                                |                                | $\overline{ATG}$                     |               | Trigger input pin of the 8/10-bit A/D converter<br>Because this input is used as required when the 8/10-bit A/D converter is performing input operations, and it is necessary to stop outputs by other functions unless such outputs are made intentionally.                    |
| 30, 31,<br>33, 34,<br>35 to 38 | 32, 33,<br>35, 36,<br>37 to 40 | 36, 37,<br>38, 39,<br>41 to 44 | 38, 39,<br>40, 41,<br>43 to 46 | P50, P51,<br>P52, P53,<br>P54 to P57 | C<br>(CMOS/H) | I/O port of an open-drain type<br>The input function is valid when the analog input enable register is set to select a port.  |
|                                |                                |                                |                                | AN0, AN1,<br>AN2, AN3,<br>AN4 to AN7 |               | Analog input pins of the 8/10-bit A/D converter<br>This function is valid when the analog input enable register is set to select AD.  |
| 43 to 46                       | 45 to 48                       | 51 to 54                       | 53 to 56                       | P60 to P63                           | E<br>(CMOS/H) | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is always valid.  |
|                                |                                |                                |                                | INT0 to<br>INT3                      |               | Request input pins of the DTP/external interrupt circuit<br>Because this input is used as required when the DTP/external interrupt circuit is performing input operations, and it is necessary to stop outputs from other functions unless such outputs are made intentionally. |
| 47 to 50                       | 49 to 52                       | 55 to 58                       | 57 to 60                       | P64 to P67                           | E<br>(CMOS/H) | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is always valid.  |
|                                |                                |                                |                                | ASR0 to<br>ASR3                      |               | Sample data input pins for ICU0 to ICU3<br>Because this input is used as required when the input capture (ICU) is performing input operations, and it is necessary to stop outputs from other functions unless such outputs are made intentionally.                             |
| 51 to 58                       | 53 to 60                       | 59 to 66                       | 61 to 68                       | P70 to P77                           | E<br>(CMOS/H) | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is valid when waveform output from the output compare (OCU) is disabled.  |
|                                |                                |                                |                                | DOT0 to<br>DOT7                      |               | Waveform output pins of OCU0 and OCU1<br>This function is valid when waveform output from the output compare (OCU) is enabled and output from the port is selected.   |

(Continued)

\*1: FPT-80P-M05

\*2: FPT-80P-M06

\*3: FPT-100P-M05

\*4: FPT-100P-M06

# MB90670/675 Series

(Continued)

| Pin no.       |              |                |               | Pin name         | Circuit type  | Function   |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|--|
| LQFP<br>-80*1 | QFP<br>-80*2 | LQFP<br>-100*3 | QFP<br>-100*4 |                  |               |  |
| 59            | 61           | 25             | 27            | P80              | E<br>(CMOS/H) | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is valid when waveform output from 8/16-bit PPG timer 1 is disabled.   |
|               |              |                |               | PPG1             |               | Output pin of 8/16-bit PPG timer 1<br>This function is valid when waveform output from 8/16-bit PPG timer 1 is enabled.  |
| —             | —            | 26 to 31       | 28 to 33      | P81 to P86       | E<br>(CMOS/H) | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is always valid.   |
| —             | —            | 45             | 47            | P90              | D<br>(NMOS/H) | I/O port of an open-drain type<br>This function is always valid.   |
|               |              |                |               | SDA              |               | I/O pin of the I <sup>2</sup> C interface<br>This function is valid when operation of the I <sup>2</sup> C interface is enabled.<br>Hold the port output in the high-impedance status (PDR = 1) when the I <sup>2</sup> C interface is in operation.       |
| —             | —            | 46             | 48            | P91              | D<br>(NMOS/H) | I/O port of an open-drain type<br>This function is always valid.   |
|               |              |                |               | SCL              |               | Clock I/O pin of the I <sup>2</sup> C interface<br>This function is valid when operation of the I <sup>2</sup> C interface is enabled.<br>Hold the port output in the high-impedance status (PDR = 1) when the I <sup>2</sup> C interface is in operation. |
| —             | —            | 67 to 74       | 69 to 76      | PA0 to PA7       | E<br>(CMOS/H) | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is always valid.   |
| —             | —            | 76 to 78       | 78 to 80      | PB0 to PB2       | E<br>(CMOS/H) | General-purpose I/O port<br>This function is always valid.   |
| 64            | 66           | 21, 82         | 23, 84        | V <sub>CC</sub>  | Power supply  | Power supply to the digital circuit  |
| 9, 32, 61     | 11, 34, 63   | 9, 40, 79      | 11, 42, 81    | V <sub>SS</sub>  | Power supply  | Ground level of the digital circuit  |
| 26            | 28           | 32             | 34            | AV <sub>CC</sub> | Power supply  | Power supply to the analog circuit<br>Make sure to turn on/turn off this power supply with a voltage exceeding AV <sub>CC</sub> applied to V <sub>CC</sub> .   |
| 27            | 29           | 33             | 35            | AVRH             | Power supply  | Reference voltage input to the analog circuit<br>Make sure to turn on/turn off this power supply with a voltage exceeding AVRH applied to AV <sub>CC</sub> .   |
| 28            | 30           | 34             | 36            | AVRL             | Power supply  | Reference voltage input to the analog circuit  |
| 29            | 31           | 35             | 37            | AV <sub>SS</sub> | Power supply  | Ground level of the analog circuit   |

\*1: FPT-80P-M05

\*2: FPT-80P-M06

\*3: FPT-100P-M05

\*4: FPT-100P-M06

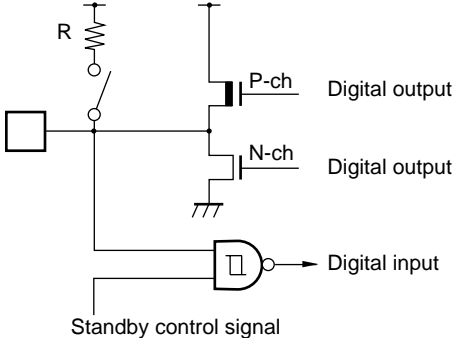
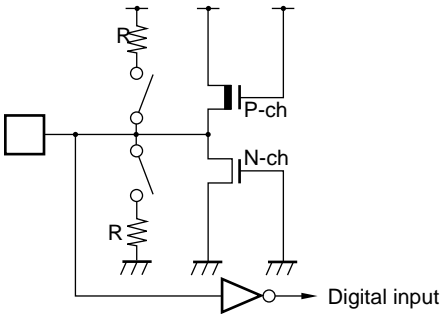
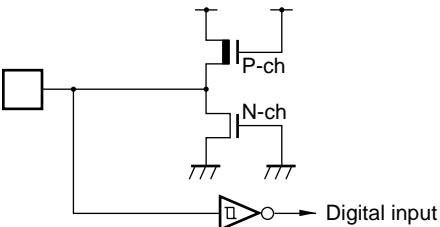
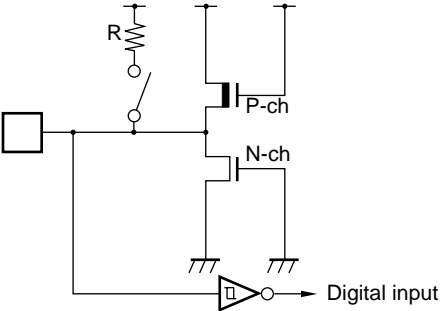
**■ I/O CIRCUIT TYPE**

| Type | Circuit | Remarks   |
|------|---------|---|
| A    |         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>External clock frequency 3 MHz to 32 MHz</li> <li>Oscillation feedback resistor approx. 1MΩ</li> </ul>   |
| B    |         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CMOS level input/output (with standby control)</li> <li>Pull-up option selectable (with standby control)</li> <li>No pull-up resistor in the MB90V670</li> </ul> |
| C    |         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>N-ch open-drain output</li> <li>CMOS level hysteresis input (with A/D control)</li> </ul>  |
| D    |         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NMOS open-drain output</li> <li>CMOS level hysteresis input (with standby control)</li> </ul>  |

(Continued)

# MB90670/675 Series

(Continued)

| Type | Circuit  | Remarks  |
|------|--|--|
| E    |  <p>The diagram shows a CMOS output stage. A pull-up resistor R is connected to the output node. A standby control signal is connected to the gates of both the P-channel and N-channel MOSFETs. The output node is connected to a digital input through an AND gate.</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CMOS level output</li> <li>• CMOS level hysteresis input (with standby control)</li> <li>• Pull-up option selectable (with standby control)</li> <li>• No pull-up resistor in the MB90V670</li> </ul>   |
| F    |  <p>The diagram shows a CMOS input/output stage. It features a pull-up resistor R and a pull-down resistor R. The output node is connected to a digital input through an inverter.</p>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CMOS level input/output (without standby control)</li> <li>• Pull-up/pull-down option selectable (without stand-by control)</li> <li>• In mask ROM versions, MD2 pin is fixed to pull-down resistor, and optionally selectable the resistor in other pins.</li> <li>• The MB90V670 has no pull-up/pull-down resistors.</li> </ul> |
| G    |  <p>The diagram shows a CMOS input/output stage without resistors. The output node is connected to a digital input through an inverter.</p>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CMOS level hysteresis input (without standby control)</li> </ul>  |
| H    |  <p>The diagram shows a CMOS input/output stage with a pull-up resistor R. The output node is connected to a digital input through an inverter.</p>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CMOS level hysteresis input (without standby control)</li> <li>• Pull-up option selectable (without standby control)</li> <li>• No pull-up resistor in the MB90V670</li> </ul>  |

## ■ HANDLING DEVICES

### 1. Make Sure that the Voltage not Exceed the Maximum Rating (to Avoid a Latch-up).

In CMOS ICs, a latch-up phenomenon is caused when a voltage exceeding  $V_{CC}$  or a voltage below  $V_{SS}$  is applied to input or output pins or a voltage exceeding the rating is applied across  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{SS}$ .

When a latch-up is caused, the power supply current may be dramatically increased causing resultant thermal break-down of devices. To avoid the latch-up, make sure that the voltage not exceed the maximum rating.

In turning on/turning off the analog power supply, make sure the analog power voltage ( $AV_{CC}$ ,  $AVRH$ ) and analog input voltages not exceed the digital voltage ( $V_{CC}$ ).

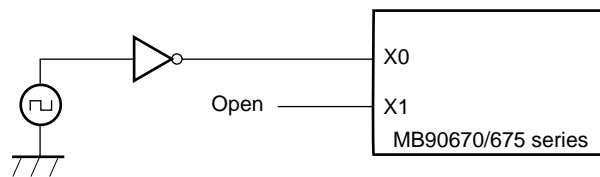
### 2. Connection of Unused Pins

Leaving unused pins open may result in abnormal operations. Clamp the pin level by connecting it to a pull-up or a pull-down resistor.

### 3. Notes on Using External Clock

In using the external clock, drive X0 pin only and leave X1 pin unconnected.

- Using external clock



### 4. Power Supply Pins

In products with multiple  $V_{CC}$  or  $V_{SS}$  pins, the pins of a same potential are internally connected in the device to avoid abnormal operations including latch-up. However, connect the pins external power and ground lines to lower the electro-magnetic emission level and abnormal operation of strobe signals caused by the rise in the ground level, and to conform to the total current rating.

Make sure to connect  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{SS}$  pins via lowest impedance to power lines.

It is recommended to provide a bypass capacitor of around 0.1  $\mu F$  between  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{SS}$  pin near the device.

### 5. Crystal Oscillator Circuit

Noises around X0 or X1 pins may be possible causes of abnormal operations. Make sure to provide bypass capacitors via shortest distance from X0, X1 pins, crystal oscillator (or ceramic resonator) and ground lines, and make sure, to the utmost effort, that lines of oscillation circuit not cross the lines of other circuits.

It is highly recommended to provide a printed circuit board art work surrounding X0 and X1 pins with an grand area for stabilizing the operation.

### 6. Turning-on Sequence of Power Supply to A/D Converter and Analog Inputs

Make sure to turn on the A/D converter power supply ( $AV_{CC}$ ,  $AVRH$ ,  $AVRL$ ) and analog inputs (AN0 to AN7) after turning-on the digital power supply ( $V_{CC}$ ).

Turn-off the digital power after turning off the A/D converter supply and analog inputs. In this case, make sure that the voltage not exceed  $AVRH$  or  $AV_{CC}$  (turning on/off the analog and digital power supplies simultaneously is acceptable).

# MB90670/675 Series

## 7. Connection of Unused Pins of A/D Converter

Connect unused pins of A/D converter to  $AV_{CC} = V_{CC}$ ,  $AV_{SS} = AVRH = V_{SS}$ .

## 8. “MOV @AL, AH”, “MOVW @AL, AH” Instructions

When the above instruction is performed to I/O space, an unnecessary writing operation (#FF, #FFFF) may be performed in the internal bus.

Use the compiler function for inserting an NOP instruction before the above instructions to avoid the writing operation.

Accessing RAM space with the above instruction does not cause any problem.

## 9. Initialization

In the device, there are internal registers which is initialized only by a power-on reset. To initialize these registers, turning on the power again.

## 10. Caution on operations during PLL clock mode

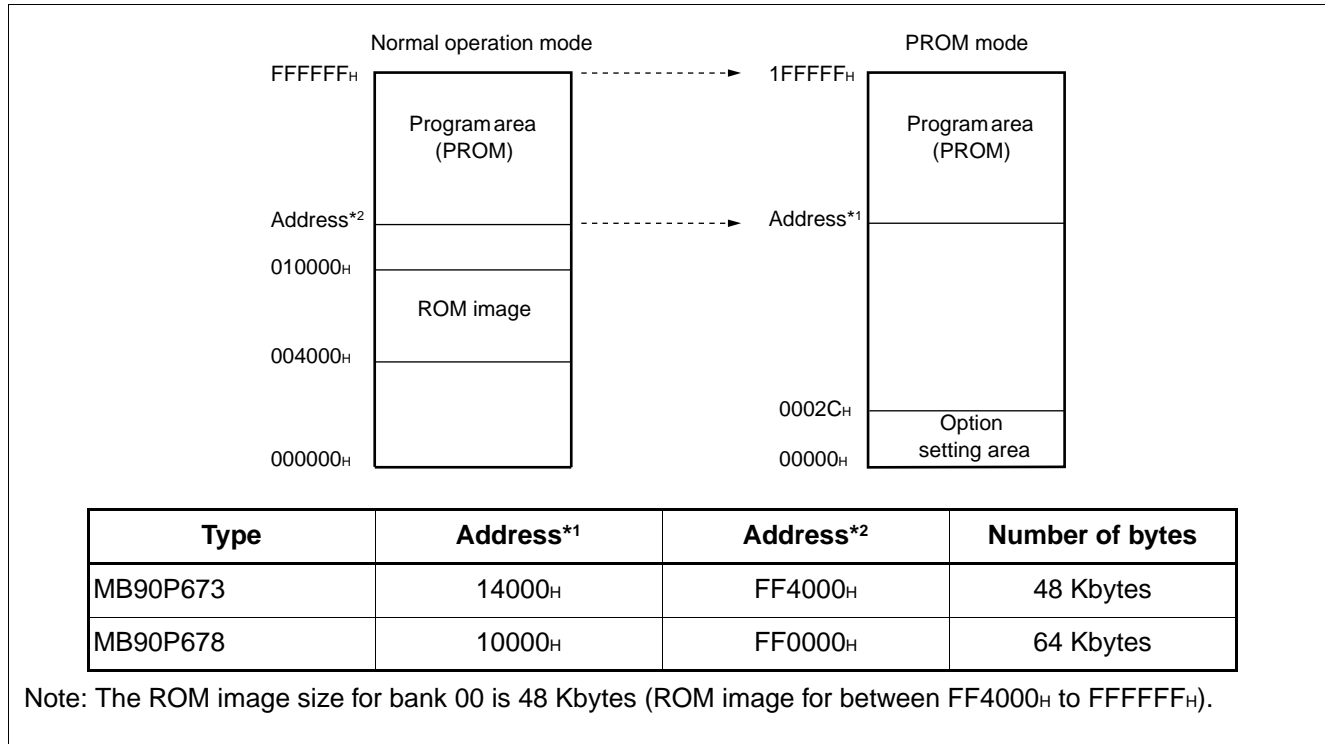
If the PLL clock mode is selected, the microcontroller attempt to be working with the self-oscillating circuit even when there is no external oscillator or external clock input is stopped. Performance of this operation, however, cannot be guaranteed.

## ■ PROGRAMMING TO THE ONE-TIME PROM ON THE MB90P673/P678

The MB90P673 and MB90P678 has a PROM mode for emulation operation of the MBM27C1000/1000A, to which writing codes by a general-purpose ROM writer can be done via a dedicated adapter. Please note that the device is not compatible with the electronic signature (device ID code) mode.

### 1. Writing Sequence

The memory map for the PROM mode is shown as follows. Write option data to the option setting area according by referring to “7. PROM Option Bit Map”.



Write data to the one-time PROM microcontrollers according to the following sequence.

- (1) Set the PROM programmer to select the MBM27C1000/1000A.
- (2) Load the program data to the ROM programmer address \*1 to 1FFFFH. To select a PROM option, load the option data from 00000H to 0002CH referring to “7. PROM Option Bit Map”.
- (3) Set the chip to the adapter socket and load the socket to the ROM programmer. Make sure that the device and adapter socket are properly oriented.
- (4) Program from 00000H to 1FFFFH.

Notes:

- In mask-ROM products, there is no PROM mode and it is impossible to read data by a ROM programmer.
- Contact sales personnel when purchasing a ROM programmer.

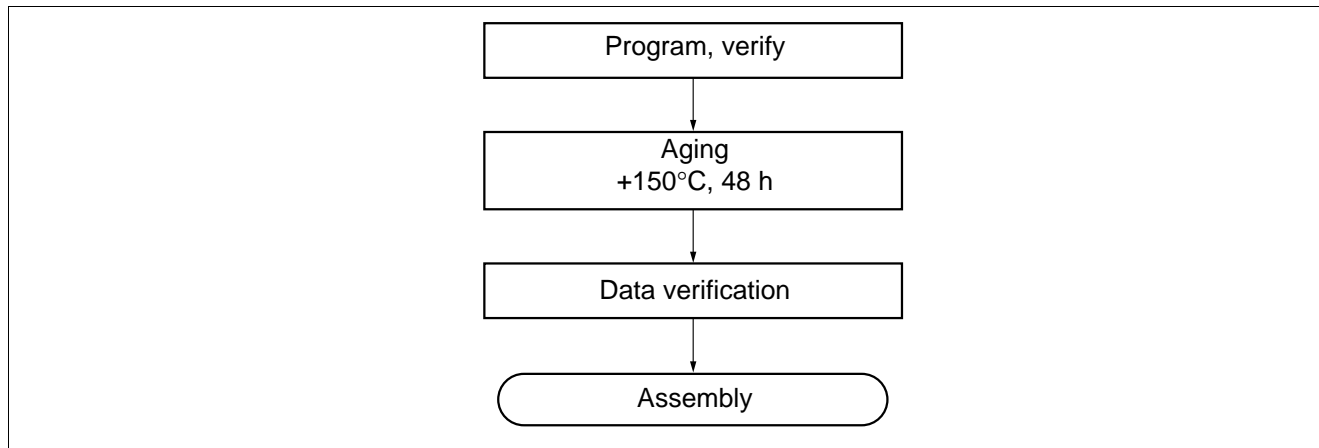
### 2. Program Mode

In the MB90P673/P678, all the bits are set to “1” upon shipping from FUJITSU or erasing operation. To write data, set desired bit selectively to “0”. However it is impossible to write electronically to the bits.

# MB90670/675 Series

## 3. Recommended Screening Conditions

High-temperature aging is recommended as the pre-assembly screening procedure for a product with a blanked One-time PROM microcomputer program.



## 4. Programming Yield

All bits cannot be programmed at Fujitsu shipping test to a blanked One-time PROM microcomputer, due to its nature. For this reason, a programming yield of 100% cannot be assured at all times.

## 5. EPROM Programmer Socket Adapter and Recommended Programmer Manufacturer

| Part no.  |                         | MB90P673PF        | MB90P673PFV        | MB90P678PF         | MB90P678PFV         |             |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| Package   |                         | QFP-80            | LQFP-80            | QFP-100            | LQFP-100            |             |
| Compatible socket adapter<br>Sun Hayato Co., Ltd.       |                         | ROM-80QF-32DP-16L | ROM-80SQF-32DP-16L | ROM-100QF-32DP-16L | ROM-100SQF-32DP-16L |             |
| Recommended programmer manufacturer and programmer name | Minato Electronics Inc. | 1890A             | —                  | —                  | —                   | Recommended |
|   |                         | 1891              | —                  | —                  | —                   | Recommended |
|   |                         | 1930              | —                  | —                  | —                   | Recommended |
|   | Data I/O Co., Ltd.      | UNISITE           | —                  | —                  | —                   | Recommended |
|   |                         | 3900              | —                  | —                  | —                   | Recommended |
|   |                         | 2900              | —                  | —                  | —                   | Recommended |

Inquiry: San Hayato Co., Ltd.: TEL: (81)-3-3986-0403  
FAX: (81)-3-5396-9106

Minato Electronics Inc.: TEL: USA (1)-916-348-6066  
JAPAN (81)-45-591-5611

Data I/O Co., Ltd.: TEL: USA/ASIA (1)-206-881-6444  
EUROPE (49)-8-985-8580



# MB90670/675 Series

## 6. Pin Assignment for EPROM Mode

- MBM27C1000/1000A pin compatible

| MBM27C1000/1000A |                 | MB90P673/MB90P678         |                 |
|------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Pin no.          | Pin name        | Pin no.                   | Pin name        |
| 1                | V <sub>PP</sub> | Refer to pin assignments. | MD2             |
| 2                | OE              |                           | P32             |
| 3                | A15             |                           | P17             |
| 4                | A12             |                           | P14             |
| 5                | A07             |                           | P27             |
| 6                | A06             |                           | P26             |
| 7                | A05             |                           | P25             |
| 8                | A04             |                           | P24             |
| 9                | A03             |                           | P23             |
| 10               | A02             |                           | P22             |
| 11               | A01             |                           | P21             |
| 12               | A00             |                           | P20             |
| 13               | D00             |                           | P00             |
| 14               | D01             |                           | P01             |
| 15               | D02             |                           | P02             |
| 16               | GND             |                           | V <sub>SS</sub> |

| MBM27C1000/1000A |                 | MB90P673/MB90P678         |                 |
|------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Pin no.          | Pin name        | Pin no.                   | Pin name        |
| 32               | V <sub>CC</sub> | Refer to pin assignments. | V <sub>CC</sub> |
| 31               | PGM             |                           | P33             |
| 30               | N.C.            |                           | —               |
| 29               | A14             |                           | P16             |
| 28               | A13             |                           | P15             |
| 27               | A08             |                           | P10             |
| 26               | A09             |                           | P11             |
| 25               | A11             |                           | P13             |
| 24               | A16             |                           | P30             |
| 23               | A10             |                           | P12             |
| 22               | CE              |                           | P31             |
| 21               | D07             |                           | P07             |
| 20               | D06             |                           | P06             |
| 19               | D05             |                           | P05             |
| 18               | D04             |                           | P04             |
| 17               | D03             |                           | P03             |

- Pin assignments for products not compatible with MBM27C1000/1000A

- Power supply, GND connected pin

| Pin no.                   | Pin name  | processing  |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Refer to pin assignments. | MD0<br>MD1<br>X0  | Connect a pull-up resistor of 4.7 kΩ.   |
|                           | X1  | OPEN  |
|                           | AV <sub>CC</sub><br>AVRH<br>P37<br>P40 to P47<br>P50 to P57<br>P60 to P67<br>P70 to P77<br>P80 to P86<br>P90<br>P91<br>PA0 to PA7<br>PB0 to PB2 | Connect a pull-up resistor having a resistance of approximately 1 MΩ to each pin. |

| Type         | Pin no.                   | Pin name  |
|--------------|---------------------------|---|
| Power supply | Refer to pin assignments. | HST<br>V <sub>CC</sub>  |
| GND          | Refer to pin assignments. | P34<br>P35<br>P36<br>RST<br>AVRL<br>AV <sub>SS</sub><br>V <sub>SS</sub> |

Note: Only MB90675 series has P81 to P86, P90, P91, PA0 to PA7, PB0 to PB2 pins.

# MB90670/675 Series

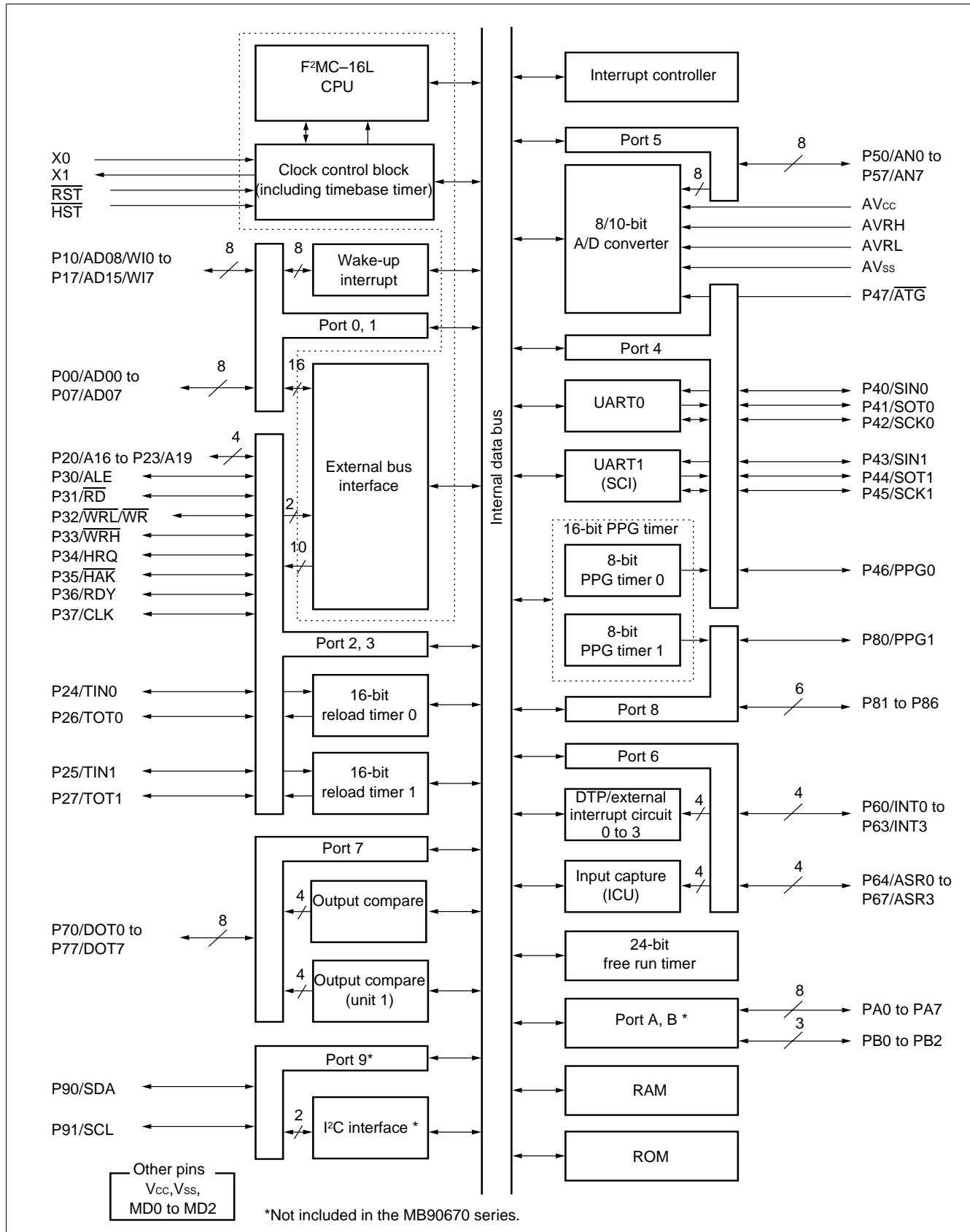
## 7. PROM Option Bit Map

| Address | bit 7                             | bit 6  | bit 5                             | bit 4                             | bit 3                               | bit 2                             | bit 1                               | bit 0                             |
|---------|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 00000H  | Vacancy                           | $\overline{RST}$<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | Vacancy                           | MD1<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | MD1<br>Pull-down<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | MD0<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | MD0<br>Pull-down<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | Vacancy                           |
| 00004H  | P07<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P06<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes              | P05<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P04<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P03<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes   | P02<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P01<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes   | P00<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes |
| 00008H  | P17<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P16<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes              | P15<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P14<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P13<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes   | P12<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P11<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes   | P10<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes |
| 0000CH  | P27<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P26<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes              | P25<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P24<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P23<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes   | P22<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P21<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes   | P20<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes |
| 00010H  | P37<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P36<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes              | P35<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P34<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P33<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes   | P32<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P31<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes   | P30<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes |
| 00014H  | P47<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P46<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes              | P45<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P44<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P43<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes   | P42<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P41<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes   | P40<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes |
| 0001CH  | P67<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P66<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes              | P65<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P64<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P63<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes   | P62<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P61<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes   | P60<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes |
| 00020H  | P77<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P76<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes              | P75<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P74<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P73<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes   | P72<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P71<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes   | P70<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes |
| 00024H  | Vacancy                           | P86<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes              | P85<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P84<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P83<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes   | P82<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | P81<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes   | P80<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes |
| 00028H  | PA5<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | PA4<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes              | PA3<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | PA2<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | PA1<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes   | PA0<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | Vacancy                             | Vacancy                           |
| 0002CH  | Vacancy                           | Vacancy  | Vacancy                           | PB2<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | PB1<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes   | PB0<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes | PA7<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes   | PA6<br>Pull-up<br>1: No<br>0: Yes |

### Notes:

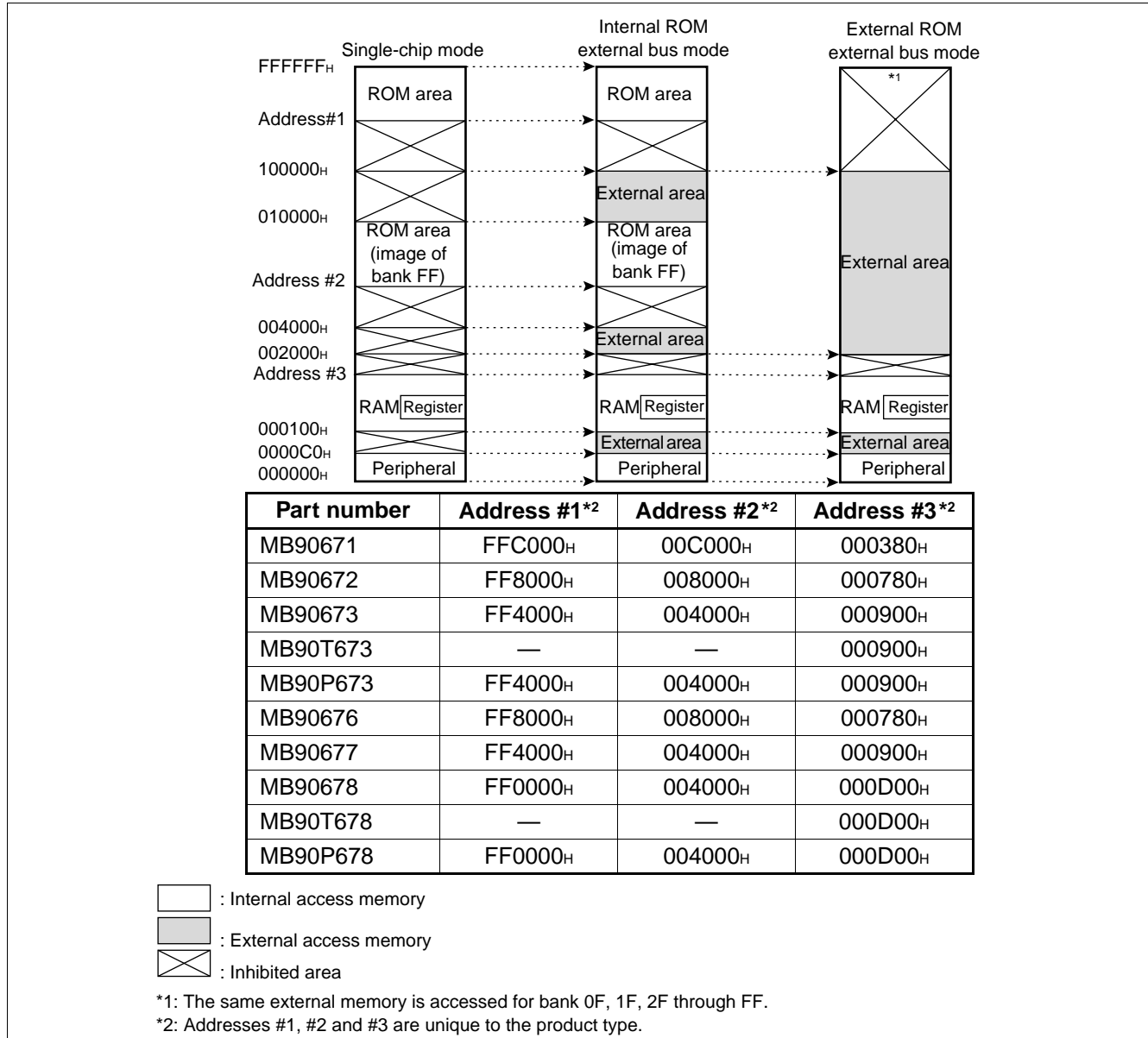
- Data "1" must be programmed to the reserved bits and address other than listed above.
- Only MB90P678 has pull-up options for P81 to P86, PA0 to PA7, and PB0 to PB2 pins.
- Data "1" must be programmed for the MB90P673.

## ■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



# MB90670/675 Series

## MEMORY MAP

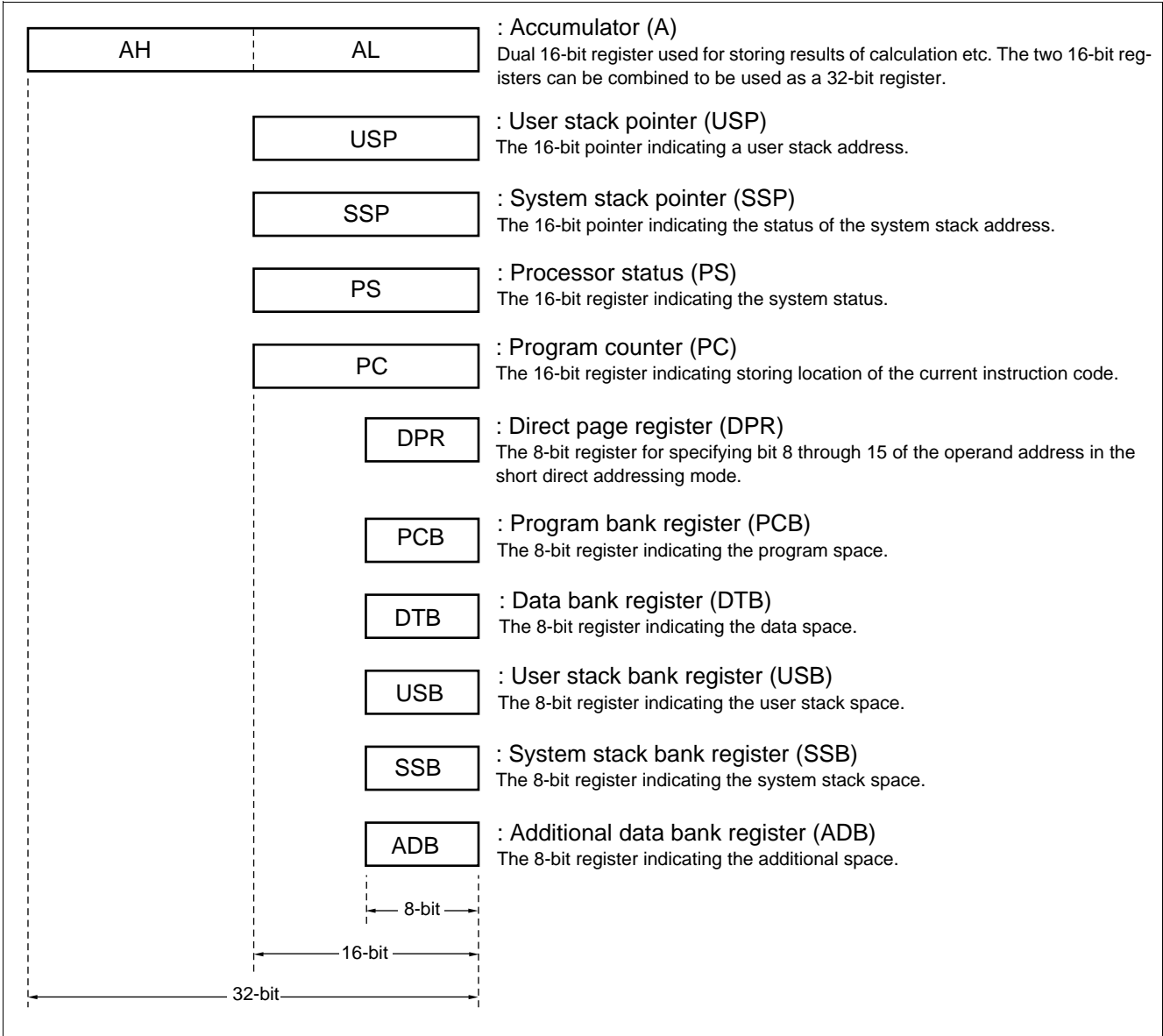


### Notes:

- The ROM data of bank FF is reflected in the upper address of bank 00, realizing effective use of the C compiler small model. The lower 16-bit of bank FF and the lower 16-bit of bank 00 is assigned to the same address, enabling reference of the table on the ROM without stating "far". However, the ROM area of the MB90678/P678 exceeds 48 Kbytes, and for this reason, the image from FF4000H to FFFFFFFH is reflected on bank 00 and image from FF0000H to FF3FFFH bank FF only.
- In the MB90670/675 series, the upper 4-bit of the address are not output to the external bus. For this reason, the maximum area accessible is 1 Mbyte. The same address is accessed through different banks in different images. For example, accessing "A00000H" and "B00000H" accesses the same address on the external bus.
- To prevent the memory or I/O from being accessed through images, and the data from being destroyed, it is recommended to limit number of banks to a maximum of 16 so that the banks are mapped without interfering each other. Caution must be also taken when masking the upper address with the external address output control register (HACR).

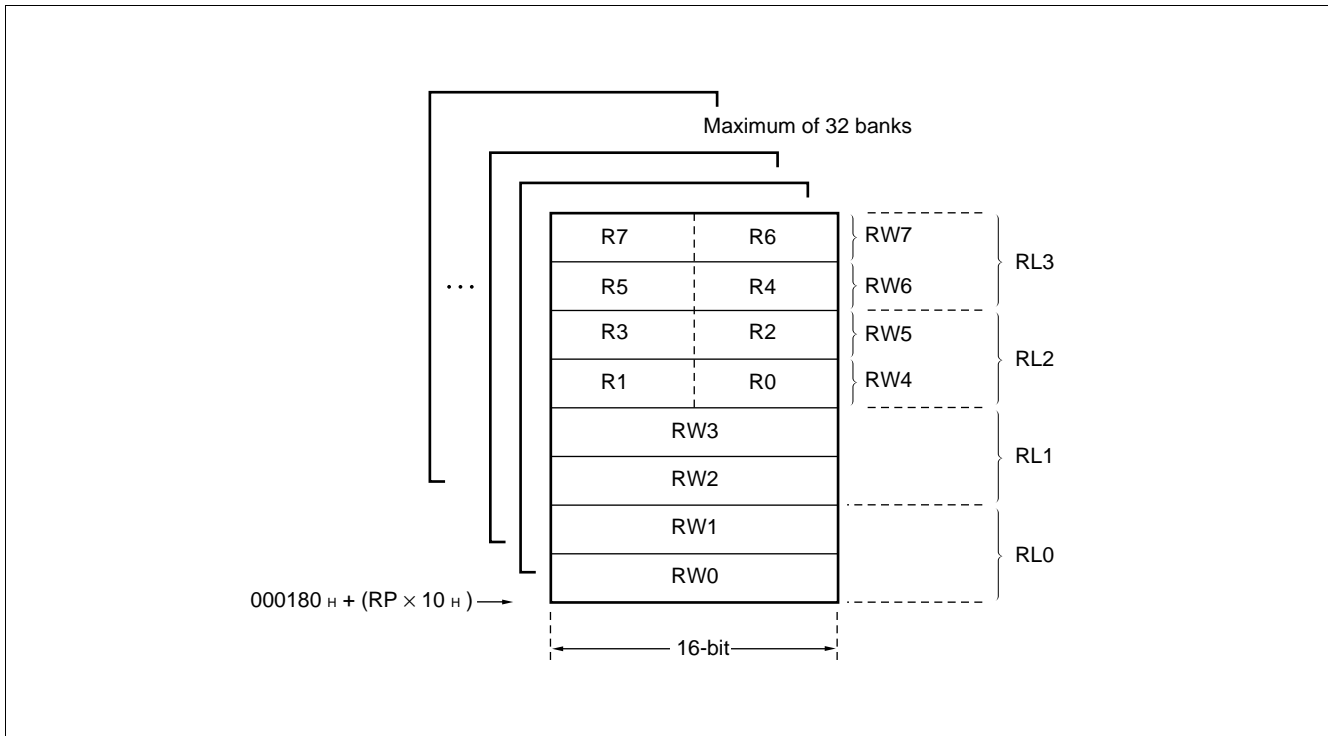
## ■ F<sup>2</sup>MC-16L CPU PROGRAMMING MODEL

### (1) Dedicated Registers

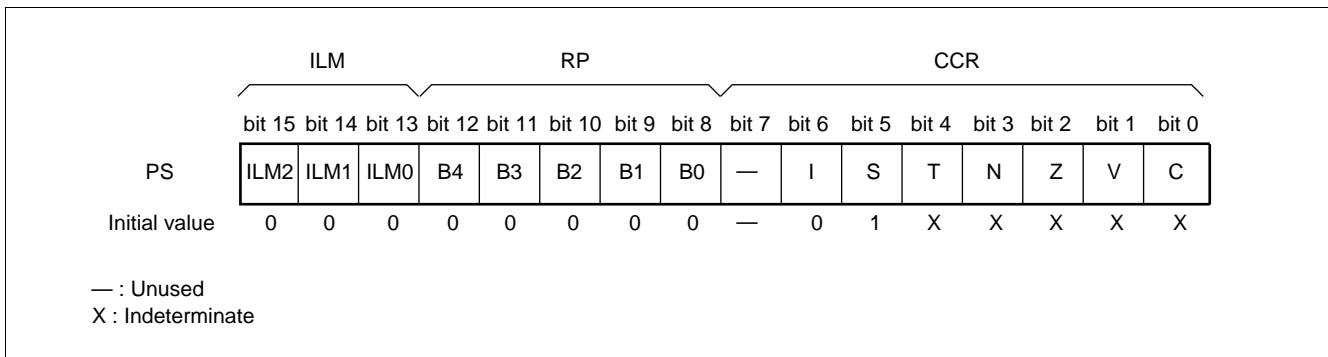


# MB90670/675 Series

## (2) General-purpose Registers



## (3) Processor Status (PS)



# MB90670/675 Series

## ■ I/O MAP

| Address                | Abbreviated register name | Register name                     | Read/write | Resource name           | Initial value               |
|------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 00000H                 | PDR0                      | Port 0 data register              | R/W        | Port 0                  | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>       |
| 00001H                 | PDR1                      | Port 1 data register              | R/W        | Port 1                  | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>       |
| 00002H                 | PDR2                      | Port 2 data register              | R/W        | Port 2                  | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>       |
| 00003H                 | PDR3                      | Port 3 data register              | R/W        | Port 3                  | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>       |
| 00004H                 | PDR4                      | Port 4 data register              | R/W        | Port 4                  | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>       |
| 00005H                 | PDR5                      | Port 5 data register              | R/W        | Port 5                  | 1 1 1 11 1 1 1 <sub>B</sub> |
| 00006H                 | PDR6                      | Port 6 data register              | R/W        | Port 6                  | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>       |
| 00007H                 | PDR7                      | Port 7 data register              | R          | Port 7                  | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>       |
| 00008H                 | PDR8                      | Port 8 data register              | R/W        | Port 8 <sup>*5</sup>    | -XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>      |
| 00009H                 | PDR9                      | Port 9 data register              | R/W        | Port 9 <sup>*5</sup>    | ----- 1 1 <sub>B</sub>      |
| 0000AH                 | PDRA                      | Port A data register              | R/W        | Port A <sup>*5</sup>    | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>       |
| 0000BH                 | PDRB                      | Port B data register              | R/W        | Port B <sup>*5</sup>    | ----- XXX <sub>B</sub>      |
| 0000CH<br>to<br>0000EH | (Vacancy) <sup>*3</sup>   |                                   |            |                         |                             |
| 0000FH                 | EIFR                      | Wake-up interrupt flag register   | R/W        | Wake-up interrupt       | ----- 0 <sub>B</sub>        |
| 00010H                 | DDR0                      | Port 0 data direction register    | R/W        | Port 0                  | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>       |
| 00011H                 | DDR1                      | Port 1 data direction register    | R/W        | Port 1                  | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>       |
| 00012H                 | DDR2                      | Port 2 data direction register    | R/W        | Port 2                  | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>       |
| 00013H                 | DDR3                      | Port 3 data direction register    | R/W        | Port 3                  | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>       |
| 00014H                 | DDR4                      | Port 4 data direction register    | R/W        | Port 4                  | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>       |
| 00015H                 | ADER                      | Analog input enable register      | R/W        | Port 5,<br>analog input | 11111111 <sub>B</sub>       |
| 00016H                 | DDR6                      | Port 6 data direction register    | R/W        | Port 6                  | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>       |
| 00017H                 | DDR7                      | Port 7 data direction register    | R/W        | Port 7                  | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>       |
| 00018H                 | DDR8                      | Port 8 data direction register    | R/W        | Port 8 <sup>*5</sup>    | -0000000 <sub>B</sub>       |
| 00019H                 | (Vacancy) <sup>*3</sup>   |                                   |            |                         |                             |
| 0001AH                 | DDRA                      | Port A data direction register    | R/W        | Port A <sup>*5</sup>    | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>       |
| 0001BH                 | DDRB                      | Port B data direction register    | R/W        | Port B <sup>*5</sup>    | ----- 000 <sub>B</sub>      |
| 0001CH<br>to<br>0001EH | (Vacancy) <sup>*3</sup>   |                                   |            |                         |                             |
| 0001FH                 | EICR                      | Wake-up interrupt enable register | W          | Wake-up interrupt       | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>       |

(Continued)

# MB90670/675 Series

| Address             | Abbreviated register name | Register name  | Read/write         | Resource name                       | Initial value          |
|---------------------|---------------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 000020 <sub>H</sub> | UMC0                      | Mode control register 0                              | R/W!               | UART0                               | 00000100 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000021 <sub>H</sub> | USR0                      | Status register 0                                    | R/W!               |                                     | 00010000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000022 <sub>H</sub> | UIDR0/<br>UODR0           | Input data register 0/<br>output data register 0     | R/W                |                                     | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000023 <sub>H</sub> | URD0                      | Rate and data register 0                             | R/W                |                                     | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000024 <sub>H</sub> | SMR1                      | Mode register 1                                      | R/W                | UART1<br>(SCI)                      | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000025 <sub>H</sub> | SCR1                      | Control register 1                                   | R/W!               |                                     | 00000100 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000026 <sub>H</sub> | SIDR1/<br>SODR1           | Input data register 1/<br>output data register 1     | R/W                |                                     | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000027 <sub>H</sub> | SSR1                      | Status register 1                                    | R/W!               |                                     | 00001-00 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000028 <sub>H</sub> | ENIR                      | DTP/interrupt enable register                        | R/W                | DTP/external in-<br>terrupt circuit | ---- 0000 <sub>B</sub> |
| 000029 <sub>H</sub> | EIRR                      | DTP/interrupt factor register                        | R/W                |                                     | ---- 0000 <sub>B</sub> |
| 00002A <sub>H</sub> | ELVR                      | Request level setting register                       | R/W                |                                     | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 00002B <sub>H</sub> | (Vacancy) <sup>*3</sup>   |  |                    |                                     |                        |
| 00002C <sub>H</sub> | ADCS                      | A/D convertor control status reg-<br>ister           | R/W!               | 8/10-bit A/D<br>converter           | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 00002D <sub>H</sub> |                           |  |                    |                                     | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 00002E <sub>H</sub> | ADCR                      | A/D convertor data register                          | R/W! <sup>*4</sup> |                                     | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>  |
| 00002F <sub>H</sub> |                           |  |                    |                                     | 000000XX <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000030 <sub>H</sub> | PPGC0                     | PPG0 operating mode control<br>register              | R/W!               | 8/16-bit PPG<br>timer 0             | 0-000001 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000031 <sub>H</sub> | PPGC1                     | PPG1 operating mode control<br>register              | R/W!               | 8/16-bit PPG<br>timer 1             | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000032 <sub>H</sub> | (Vacancy) <sup>*3</sup>   |  |                    |                                     |                        |
| 000033 <sub>H</sub> | (Vacancy) <sup>*3</sup>   |  |                    |                                     |                        |
| 000034 <sub>H</sub> | PRLLO                     | PPG0 reload register                                 | R/W                | 8/16-bit PPG<br>timer 0             | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000035 <sub>H</sub> | PRLH0                     |  | R/W                |                                     | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000036 <sub>H</sub> | PRLLO                     | PPG1 reload register                                 | R/W                | 8/16-bit PPG<br>timer 1             | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000037 <sub>H</sub> | PRLH1                     |  | R/W                |                                     | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000038 <sub>H</sub> | TMCSR0                    | Timer control status register 0                      | R/W!               | 16-bit reload<br>timer 0            | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000039 <sub>H</sub> |                           |  |                    |                                     | ---- 0000 <sub>B</sub> |
| 00003A <sub>H</sub> | TMR0/<br>TMRLR0           | 16-bit timer register 0/<br>16-bit reload register 0 | R/W                |                                     | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>  |
| 00003B <sub>H</sub> |                           |  |                    |                                     | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>  |
| 00003C <sub>H</sub> | TMCSR1                    | Timer control status register 1                      | R/W!               | 16-bit reload<br>timer 1            | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 00003D <sub>H</sub> |                           |  |                    |                                     | ---- 0000 <sub>B</sub> |
| 00003E <sub>H</sub> | TMR1/<br>TMRLR1           | 16-bit timer register 1/<br>16-bit reload register 1 | R/W                |                                     | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>  |
| 00003F <sub>H</sub> |                           |  |                    |                                     | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>  |

(Continued)



# MB90670/675 Series

| Address  | Abbreviated register name | Register name                               | Read/write | Resource name                            | Initial value          |
|--|---------------------------|---|------------|--|------------------------|
| 000040 <sub>H</sub>                              | IBSR                      | I <sup>2</sup> C bus status register        | R          | I <sup>2</sup> C interface* <sup>6</sup> | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000041 <sub>H</sub>                              | IBCR                      | I <sup>2</sup> C bus control register       | R/W        |  | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000042 <sub>H</sub>                              | ICCR                      | I <sup>2</sup> C bus clock control register | R/W        |  | -- 0XXXXX <sub>B</sub> |
| 000043 <sub>H</sub>                              | IADR                      | I <sup>2</sup> C bus address register       | R/W        |  | -XXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000044 <sub>H</sub>                              | IDAR                      | I <sup>2</sup> C bus data register          | R/W        |  | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000045 <sub>H</sub><br>to<br>00004F <sub>H</sub> | (Vacancy)* <sup>3</sup>   |   |            |  |                        |
| 000050 <sub>H</sub>                              | TCCR                      | Free-run timer control register             | R/W!       | 24-bit free-run timer                    | 11000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000051 <sub>H</sub>                              |                           |   |            |  | -- 111111 <sub>B</sub> |
| 000052 <sub>H</sub>                              | ICC                       | ICU control register                        | R/W        | Input capture (ICU)                      | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000053 <sub>H</sub>                              |                           |   |            |  | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000054 <sub>H</sub>                              | TCRL                      | Free-run timer lower data register          | R          | 24-bit free-run timer                    | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000055 <sub>H</sub>                              |                           |   |            |  | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000056 <sub>H</sub>                              | TCRH                      | Free-run timer upper data register          | R          |  | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000057 <sub>H</sub>                              |                           |   |            |  | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000058 <sub>H</sub>                              | CCR00                     | OCU control register 00                     | R/W        | Output compare (OCU) (unit 0)            | 11110000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000059 <sub>H</sub>                              |                           |   |            |  | ---- 0000 <sub>B</sub> |
| 00005A <sub>H</sub>                              | CCR01                     | OCU control register 01                     | R/W        |  | ---- 0000 <sub>B</sub> |
| 00005B <sub>H</sub>                              |                           |   |            |  | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 00005C <sub>H</sub>                              | CCR10                     | OCU control register 10                     | R/W        | Output compare (OCU) (unit 1)            | 11110000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 00005D <sub>H</sub>                              |                           |   |            |  | ---- 0000 <sub>B</sub> |
| 00005E <sub>H</sub>                              | CCR11                     | OCU control register 11                     | R/W        |  | ---- 0000 <sub>B</sub> |
| 00005F <sub>H</sub>                              |                           |   |            |  | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000060 <sub>H</sub>                              | ICDR0L                    | ICU lower data register 0                   | R          | Input capture (ICU)                      | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000061 <sub>H</sub>                              |                           |   |            |  | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000062 <sub>H</sub>                              | ICDR0H                    | ICU upper data register 0                   | R          |  | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000063 <sub>H</sub>                              |                           |   |            |  | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000064 <sub>H</sub>                              | ICDR1L                    | ICU lower data register 1                   | R          |  | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000065 <sub>H</sub>                              |                           |   |            |  | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000066 <sub>H</sub>                              | ICDR1H                    | ICU upper data register 1                   | R          |  | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000067 <sub>H</sub>                              |                           |   |            |  | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 000068 <sub>H</sub>                              | ICDR2L                    | ICU lower data register 2                   | R          | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>                    |                        |
| 000069 <sub>H</sub>                              |                           |   |            | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>                    |                        |

(Continued)

# MB90670/675 Series

| Address | Abbreviated register name | Register name                     | Read/write | Resource name                 | Initial value                 |                       |
|---------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 00006AH | ICDR2H                    | ICU upper data register 2         | R          | Input capture (ICU)           | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 00006BH |                           |                                   |            |                               | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 00006CH | ICDR3L                    | ICU lower data register 3         | R          |                               | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 00006DH |                           |                                   |            |                               | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 00006EH | ICDR3H                    | ICU upper data register 3         | R          |                               | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 00006FH |                           |                                   |            |                               | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 000070H | CPR00L                    | OCU compare lower data register 0 | R/W        | Output compare (OCU) (unit 0) | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 000071H |                           |                                   |            |                               | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 000072H | CPR00H                    | OCU compare upper data register 0 | R/W        |                               | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 000073H |                           |                                   |            |                               | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 000074H | CPR01L                    | OCU compare lower data register 1 | R/W        |                               | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 000075H |                           |                                   |            |                               | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 000076H | CPR01H                    | OCU compare upper data register 1 | R/W        |                               | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 000077H |                           |                                   |            |                               | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 000078H | CPR02L                    | OCU compare lower data register 2 | R/W        |                               | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 000079H |                           |                                   |            |                               | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 00007AH | CPR02H                    | OCU compare upper data register 2 | R/W        |                               | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 00007BH |                           |                                   |            |                               | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 00007CH | CPR03L                    | OCU compare lower data register 3 | R/W        |                               | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 00007DH |                           |                                   |            |                               | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 00007EH | CPR03H                    | OCU compare upper data register 3 | R/W        |                               | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 00007FH |                           |                                   |            |                               | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                       |
| 000080H | CPR04L                    | OCU compare lower data register 4 | R/W        |                               | Output compare (OCU) (unit 1) | 00000000 <sub>B</sub> |
| 000081H |                           |                                   |            |                               |                               | 00000000 <sub>B</sub> |
| 000082H | CPR04H                    | OCU compare upper data register 4 | R/W        | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                               |                       |
| 000083H |                           |                                   |            | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                               |                       |
| 000084H | CPR05L                    | OCU compare lower data register 5 | R/W        | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                               |                       |
| 000085H |                           |                                   |            | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                               |                       |
| 000086H | CPR05H                    | OCU compare upper data register 5 | R/W        | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                               |                       |
| 000087H |                           |                                   |            | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                               |                       |
| 000088H | CPR06L                    | OCU compare lower data register 6 | R/W        | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                               |                       |
| 000089H |                           |                                   |            | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                               |                       |
| 00008AH | CPR06H                    | OCU compare upper data register 6 | R/W        | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                               |                       |
| 00008BH |                           |                                   |            | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>         |                               |                       |

(Continued)

# MB90670/675 Series

| Address  | Abbreviated register name               | Register name   | Read/write | Resource name                         | Initial value           |
|--|---|---|------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 00008C <sub>H</sub>                              | CPR07L                                  | OCU compare lower data register 7                         | R/W        | Output compare (OCU) (unit 1)         | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>   |
| 00008D <sub>H</sub>                              |   |   |            |                                       | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>   |
| 00008E <sub>H</sub>                              | CPR07H                                  | OCU compare upper data register 7                         | R/W        |                                       | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>   |
| 00008F <sub>H</sub>                              |   |   |            |                                       | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>   |
| 000090 <sub>H</sub><br>to<br>00009E <sub>H</sub> | (System reservation area)* <sup>1</sup> |   |            |                                       |                         |
| 00009F <sub>H</sub>                              | DIRR                                    | Delayed interrupt factor generation/cancellation register | R/W        | Delayed interrupt generation module   | -----0 <sub>B</sub>     |
| 0000A0 <sub>H</sub>                              | LPMCR                                   | Low-power consumption mode control register               | R/W!       | Low-power consumption (stand-by) mode | 00011000 <sub>B</sub>   |
| 0000A1 <sub>H</sub>                              | CKSCR                                   | Clock selection register                                  | R/W!       | Low-power consumption (stand-by) mode | 11111100 <sub>B</sub>   |
| 0000A2 <sub>H</sub><br>to<br>0000A4 <sub>H</sub> | (Vacancy)* <sup>3</sup>                 |   |            |                                       |                         |
| 0000A5 <sub>H</sub>                              | ARSR                                    | Automatic ready function select register                  | W          | External bus pin                      | 0011 -- 00 <sub>B</sub> |
| 0000A6 <sub>H</sub>                              | HACR                                    | Upper address control register                            | W          | External bus pin                      | ---- 0000 <sub>B</sub>  |
| 0000A7 <sub>H</sub>                              | EPCR                                    | Bus control signal select register                        | W          | External bus pin                      | 0000*00- <sub>B</sub>   |
| 0000A8 <sub>H</sub>                              | WDTC                                    | Watchdog timer control register                           | R/W!       | Watchdog timer                        | XXXXX111 <sub>B</sub>   |
| 0000A9 <sub>H</sub>                              | TBTC                                    | Timebase timer control register                           | R/W!       | Timebase timer                        | 1 -- 00100 <sub>B</sub> |
| 0000AA <sub>H</sub><br>to<br>0000AF <sub>H</sub> | (Vacancy)* <sup>3</sup>                 |   |            |                                       |                         |
| 0000B0 <sub>H</sub>                              | ICR00                                   | Interrupt control register 00                             | R/W!       | Interrupt controller                  | 00000111 <sub>B</sub>   |
| 0000B1 <sub>H</sub>                              | ICR01                                   | Interrupt control register 01                             | R/W!       |                                       | 00000111 <sub>B</sub>   |
| 0000B2 <sub>H</sub>                              | ICR02                                   | Interrupt control register 02                             | R/W!       |                                       | 00000111 <sub>B</sub>   |
| 0000B3 <sub>H</sub>                              | ICR03                                   | Interrupt control register 03                             | R/W!       |                                       | 00000111 <sub>B</sub>   |
| 0000B4 <sub>H</sub>                              | ICR04                                   | Interrupt control register 04                             | R/W!       |                                       | 00000111 <sub>B</sub>   |
| 0000B5 <sub>H</sub>                              | ICR05                                   | Interrupt control register 05                             | R/W!       |                                       | 00000111 <sub>B</sub>   |
| 0000B6 <sub>H</sub>                              | ICR06                                   | Interrupt control register 06                             | R/W!       |                                       | 00000111 <sub>B</sub>   |
| 0000B7 <sub>H</sub>                              | ICR07                                   | Interrupt control register 07                             | R/W!       |                                       | 00000111 <sub>B</sub>   |
| 0000B8 <sub>H</sub>                              | ICR08                                   | Interrupt control register 08                             | R/W!       |                                       | 00000111 <sub>B</sub>   |
| 0000B9 <sub>H</sub>                              | ICR09                                   | Interrupt control register 09                             | R/W!       |                                       | 00000111 <sub>B</sub>   |

(Continued)

# MB90670/675 Series

(Continued)

| Address  | Abbreviated register name | Register name                 | Read/write | Resource name        | Initial value         |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------|------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 0000BA <sub>H</sub>                              | ICR10                     | Interrupt control register 10 | R/W!       | Interrupt controller | 00000111 <sub>B</sub> |
| 0000BB <sub>H</sub>                              | ICR11                     | Interrupt control register 11 | R/W!       |                      | 00000111 <sub>B</sub> |
| 0000BC <sub>H</sub>                              | ICR12                     | Interrupt control register 12 | R/W!       |                      | 00000111 <sub>B</sub> |
| 0000BD <sub>H</sub>                              | ICR13                     | Interrupt control register 13 | R/W!       |                      | 00000111 <sub>B</sub> |
| 0000BE <sub>H</sub>                              | ICR14                     | Interrupt control register 14 | R/W!       |                      | 00000111 <sub>B</sub> |
| 0000BF <sub>H</sub>                              | ICR15                     | Interrupt control register 15 | R/W!       |                      | 00000111 <sub>B</sub> |
| 0000C0 <sub>H</sub><br>to<br>0000FF <sub>H</sub> | (External area)*2         |                               |            |                      |                       |

## Descriptions for read/write

R/W: Readable and writable

R: Read only

W: Write only

R/W!: Bits for reading operation only or writing operation only are included. Refer to the register lists for specific resource for detailed information.

## Descriptions for initial value

0 : The initial value of this bit is "0".

1 : The initial value of this bit is "1".

\* : The initial value of this bit is "1" or "0" (decided by levels on pins of MD0 through MD2).

X : The initial value of this bit is indeterminate.

– : This bit is not used. The initial value is indeterminate.

\*1: Access prohibited.

\*2: This area is the only external access area having an address of 0000FF<sub>H</sub> or lower. An access operation to this area is handled as that to external I/O area.

\*3: The area corresponding to the "(Vacancy)" on the I/O map is reserved, and accessing operation to this area is handled as that to internal area. No access signal to external devices are generated.

\*4: Only bit 15 is writable. Reading bit 10 through bit 15 returns "0" as a reading result.

\*5: In the MB90670 series, P81 through P86, P90, P91, PA0 through PA7, PB0 through PB2 are not present. For this reason, bits corresponding to these pins are not used.

\*6: The MB90670 series does not have the I<sup>2</sup>C interface. For this reason, this area is "(Vacancy)" in the MB90670 series.

Note: For bits that is only allowed to program, the initial value set by the reset operation is listed as an initial value. Note that the values are different from reading results.

For LPMCR/CKSCR/WDTC, there are cases where initialization is performed or not performed, depending on the types of the reset. However initial value for resets that initializes the value are listed.



# MB90670/675 Series

(Continued)

| Interrupt source                    | EI <sup>2</sup> OS support | Interrupt vector |                 |                     | Interrupt control register |                        | Priority*4            |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
|                                     |                            | Number           | Address         | ICR                 | Address                    |                        |                       |
| UART1 (SCI) transmission complete   | △                          | # 35             | 23 <sub>H</sub> | FFFF70 <sub>H</sub> | ICR12                      | 0000BC <sub>H</sub> *2 | High<br>↑<br>↓<br>Low |
| UART0 transmission complete         | △                          | # 36             | 24 <sub>H</sub> | FFFF6C <sub>H</sub> |                            |                        |                       |
| UART1 (SCI) reception complete      | ○                          | # 37             | 25 <sub>H</sub> | FFFF68 <sub>H</sub> | ICR13                      | 0000BD <sub>H</sub> *2 |                       |
| I <sup>2</sup> C interface*1        | ×                          | # 38             | 26 <sub>H</sub> | FFFF64 <sub>H</sub> |                            |                        |                       |
| UART0 reception complete            | ◎                          | # 39             | 27 <sub>H</sub> | FFFF60 <sub>H</sub> | ICR14                      | 0000BE <sub>H</sub>    |                       |
| Delayed interrupt generation module | ×                          | # 42             | 2A <sub>H</sub> | FFFF54 <sub>H</sub> | ICR15                      | 0000BF <sub>H</sub>    | Low                   |

○ : Can be used

×

◎ : Can be used. With EI<sup>2</sup>OS stop function.

△ : Can be used if interrupt request using ICR are not commonly used.

\*1: In MB90670 series, this interrupt vector is not used because the series does not have the I<sup>2</sup>C interface.

\*2: • Interrupt levels for peripherals that commonly use the ICR register are in the same level.

- When the extended intelligent I/O service (EI<sup>2</sup>OS) is specified in a peripheral device commonly using the ICR register, only one of the functions can be used.
- When the extended intelligent I/O service (EI<sup>2</sup>OS) is specified for one of the peripheral functions, interrupts can not be used on the other function.

\*3: Only 16-bit reload timer conforms to the extended intelligent I/O service (EI<sup>2</sup>OS). Because the 8/16-bit PPG timer does not conform to the extended intelligent I/O service (EI<sup>2</sup>OS), disable interrupts of the 8/16-bit PPG timer when using the extended intelligent I/O service (EI<sup>2</sup>OS) in the 16-bit reload timer.

\*4: The level shows priority of same level of interrupt invoked simultaneously.

## ■ PERIPHERALS

### 1. I/O Port

#### (1) Input/output Port

Port 0 to 4, 6, 8, A, and B are general-purpose I/O ports having a combined function as an external bus pin and a resource input. The input output ports function as general-purpose I/O port only in the single-chip mode. In the external bus mode, the ports are configured as external bus pins, and part of pins for port 3 can be configured as general-purpose I/O port by setting the bus control signal select register (ECSR). Each pin corresponding to upper 4-bit of the port 2 can be switched between a resource and a port bitwise.

Only MB90675 series has port A and port B.

- Operation as output port

The pin is configured as an output port by setting the corresponding bit of the DDR register to "1".

Writing data to PDR register when the port is configured as output, the data is retained in the output latch in the PDR and directly output to the pin.

The value of the pin (the same value retained in the output latch of PDR) can be read out by reading the PDR register.

Note: When a read-modify-write instruction (e.g. bit set instruction) is performed to the port data register, the destination bit of the operation is set to the specified value, not affecting the bits configured by the DDR register for output, however, values of bits configured by the DDR register as inputs are changed because input values to the pins are written into the output latch. To avoid this situation, configure the pins by the DDR register as output after writing output data to the PDR register when configuring the bit used as input as outputs.

- Operation as input port

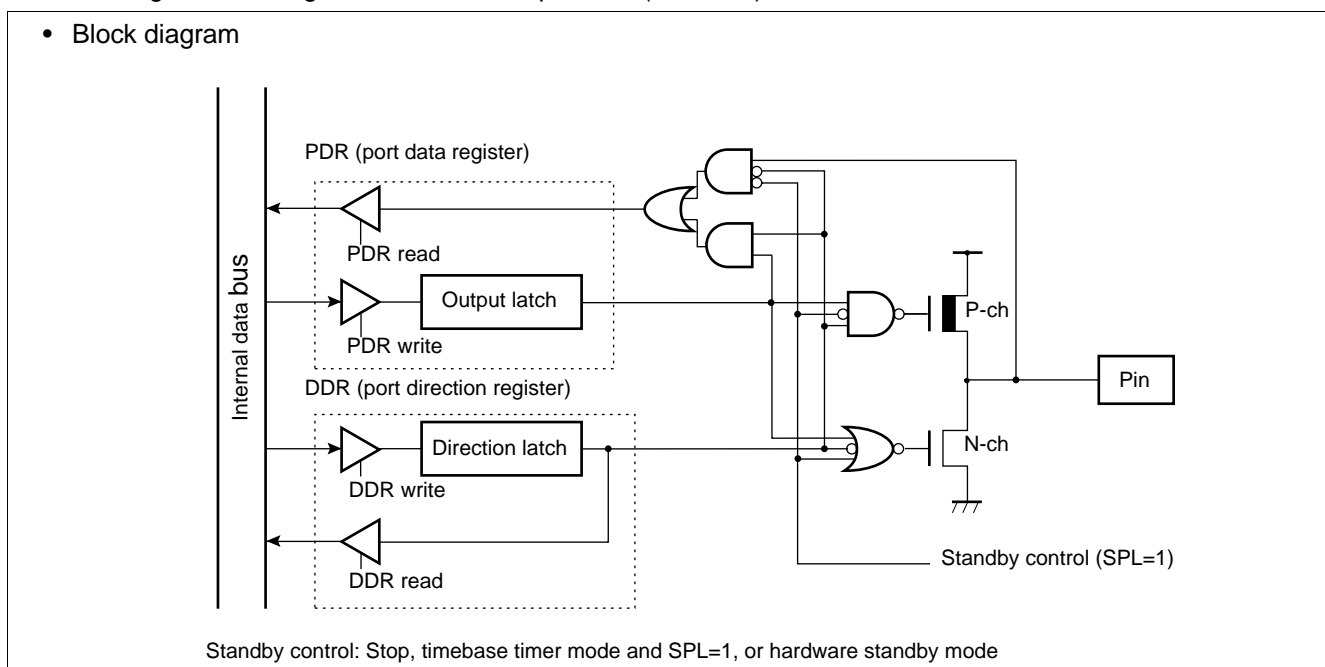
The pin is configured as an input by setting the corresponding bit of the DDR register to "0".

When the pin is configured as an input, the output buffer is turned-off and the pin is put into a high-impedance status.

When a data is written into the PDR register, the data is retained in the output latch of the PDR, but pin outputs are unaffected.

Reading the PDR register reads out the pin level ("0" or "1")

- Block diagram



# MB90670/675 Series

## (2) N-ch Open-drain Port

Port 5 and port 9 are general-purpose I/O ports having a combined function as resource input/output. Each pin can be switched between resource and port bitwise.

Only MB90675 series has port 9.

- Operation as output port

When a data is written into the PDR register, the data is latched to the output latch of PDR. When the output latch value is set to “0”, the output transistor is turned on and the pin status is put into an “L” level output, while writing “1” turns off the transistor and put the pin in a high-impedance status.

If the output pin is pulled-up, setting output latch value to “1” puts the pin in the pull-up status.

Reading the PDR register returns the pin value (same as the output latch value in the PDR).

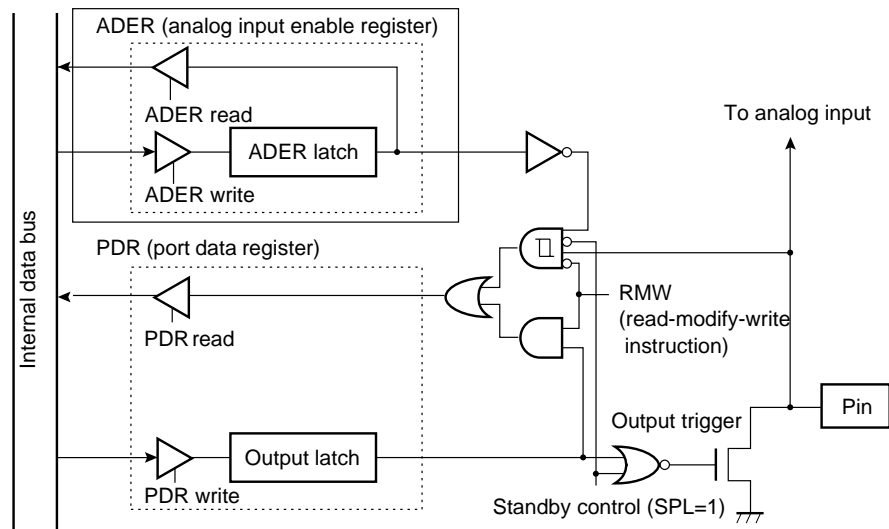
Note: Execution of a read-modify-write instruction (e.g. bit set instruction) reads out the output latch value rather than the pin value, leaving output latch that is not manipulated unchanged.

- Operation as input port

Setting corresponding bit of the PDR register to “1” turns off the output transistor and the pin is put into a high-impedance status.

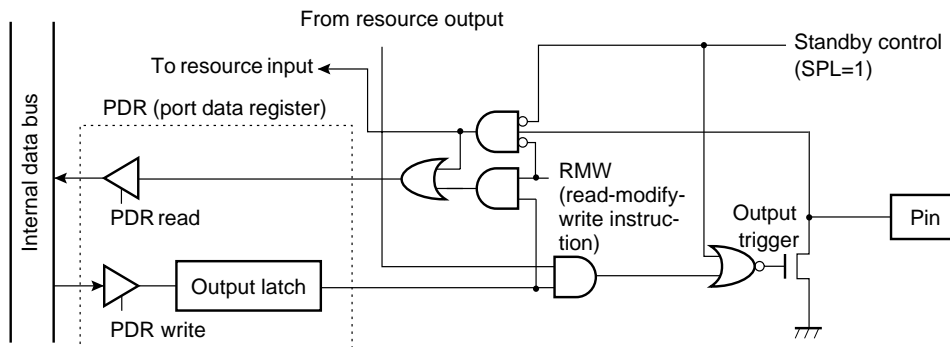
Reading the PDR register returns the pin level (“0” or “1”).

- Block diagram of port 5



Standby control: Stop, timebase timer mode and SPL=1, or hardware standby mode

- Block diagram of port 9



Standby control: Stop, timebase timer mode and SPL=1, or hardware standby mode



## (3) Output Port

Port 7 is a general-purpose output port having a combined function as an output compare (OCU) output. Note that only OCU output can be output when the pin is configured as an output, and it is not used for outputting given data by writing to the data register. Each pin can be switched between an output compare output and a port bitwise.

- Operation as output port (operation of OCU output)

Setting the corresponding bit of the DDR register to "1" configures the pin as an output port. In this case, lower 4-bit of CCR01 and CCR register are output.

When configured as an output, the output buffer is turned on and data retained in the output latch in the PDR of the output compare is output to the pin.

Writing data to DOT bit of the OCU control register (CCR01, CCR11) corresponding to each pin writes data in synchronization to a match operation of the output compare and output to the pin.

Reading the PDR register returns the pin level (same as the output latch value of the PDR).

When output of output compare is enabled, an output value from the output compare can be read out.

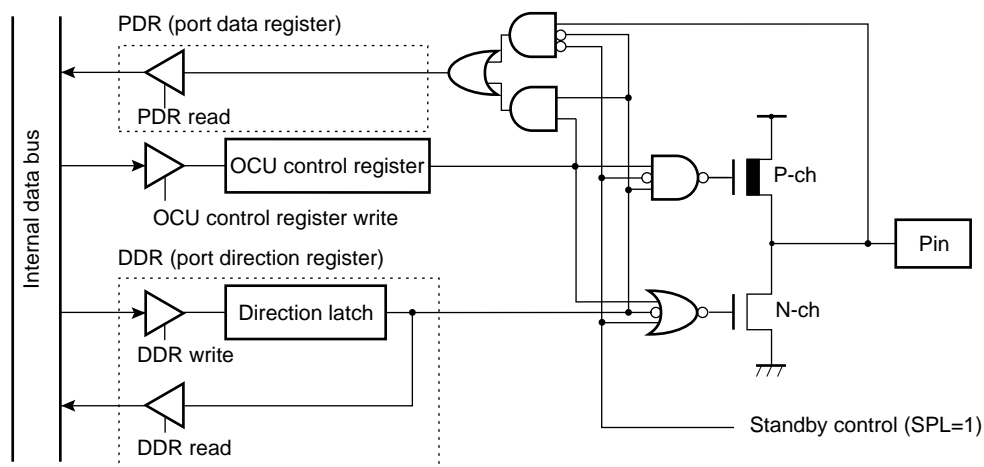
- Operation as input port

Setting corresponding bit of the DDR register to "0" configures the pin as input port.

When the pin is configured as an input port, the output buffer is turned off and the pin is put into a high-impedance status.

Reading the PDR register returns the pin level ("0" or "1").

- Block diagram



Standby control: Stop, timebase timer mode and SPL=1, or hardware standby mode

# MB90670/675 Series

## (4) Register Configuration

|         |        |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                             |
|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------------|
| Address | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |                             |
| 000000H | (PDR1) |        |        |        |        |        |       |       | P07    | P06   | P05   | P04   | P03   | P02   | P01   | P00   | Port 0 data register (PDR0) |
|         |        |        |        |        |        |        |       |       | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   |                             |
| Address | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |                             |
| 000001H | P17    | P16    | P15    | P14    | P13    | P12    | P11   | P10   | (PDR0) |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | Port 1 data register (PDR1) |
|         | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W    |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                             |
| Address | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |                             |
| 000002H | (PDR3) |        |        |        |        |        |       |       | P27    | P26   | P25   | P24   | P23   | P22   | P21   | P20   | Port 2 data register (PDR2) |
|         |        |        |        |        |        |        |       |       | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   |                             |
| Address | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |                             |
| 000003H | P37    | P36    | P35    | P34    | P33    | P32    | P31   | P30   | (PDR2) |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | Port 3 data register (PDR3) |
|         | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W    |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                             |
| Address | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |                             |
| 000004H | (PDR5) |        |        |        |        |        |       |       | P47    | P46   | P45   | P44   | P43   | P42   | P41   | P40   | Port 4 data register (PDR4) |
|         |        |        |        |        |        |        |       |       | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   |                             |
| Address | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |                             |
| 000005H | P57    | P56    | P55    | P54    | P53    | P52    | P51   | P50   | (PDR4) |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | Port 5 data register (PDR5) |
|         | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W    |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                             |
| Address | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |                             |
| 000006H | (PDR7) |        |        |        |        |        |       |       | P67    | P66   | P65   | P64   | P63   | P62   | P61   | P60   | Port 6 data register (PDR6) |
|         |        |        |        |        |        |        |       |       | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   |                             |
| Address | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |                             |
| 000007H | P77    | P76    | P75    | P74    | P73    | P72    | P71   | P70   | (PDR6) |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | Port 7 data register (PDR7) |
|         | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W    |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                             |
| Address | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |                             |
| 000008H | (PDR9) |        |        |        |        |        |       |       | —      | P86   | P85   | P84   | P83   | P82   | P81   | P80   | Port 8 data register (PDR8) |
|         |        |        |        |        |        |        |       |       | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   |                             |
| Address | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |                             |
| 000009H | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | P91   | P90   | (PDR8) |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | Port 9 data register (PDR9) |
|         | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W    |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                             |
| Address | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |                             |
| 00000AH | (PDRB) |        |        |        |        |        |       |       | PA7    | PA6   | PA5   | PA4   | PA3   | PA2   | PA1   | PA0   | Port A data register (PDRA) |
|         |        |        |        |        |        |        |       |       | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   |                             |
| Address | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |                             |
| 00000BH | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | PB2    | PB1   | PB0   | (PDRA) |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | Port B data register (PDRB) |
|         | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W    |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                             |

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# MB90670/675 Series

(Continued)

|                     |           |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |        |       |       |                                       |
|---------------------|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|---------------------------------------|
| Address             | bit-15    | .....  | bit 8  | bit 7  | bit 6  | bit 5  | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2  | bit 1 | bit 0 |                                       |
| 000010 <sub>H</sub> | (DDR1)    |        |        | P07    | P06    | P05    | P04   | P03   | P02    | P01   | P00   | Port 0 data direction register (DDR0) |
|                     |           |        |        | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |                                       |
| Address             | bit 15    | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | ..... | bit 0 |                                       |
| 000011 <sub>H</sub> | P17       | P16    | P15    | P14    | P13    | P12    | P11   | P10   | (DDR0) |       |       | Port 1 data direction register (DDR1) |
|                     | R/W       | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |        |       |       |                                       |
| Address             | bit 15    | .....  | bit 8  | bit 7  | bit 6  | bit 5  | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2  | bit 1 | bit 0 |                                       |
| 000012 <sub>H</sub> | (DDR3)    |        |        | P27    | P26    | P25    | P24   | P23   | P22    | P21   | P20   | Port 2 data direction register (DDR2) |
|                     |           |        |        | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |                                       |
| Address             | bit 15    | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | ..... | bit 0 |                                       |
| 000013 <sub>H</sub> | P37       | P36    | P35    | P34    | P33    | P32    | P31   | P30   | (DDR2) |       |       | Port 3 data direction register (DDR3) |
|                     | R/W       | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |        |       |       |                                       |
| Address             | bit 15    | .....  | bit 8  | bit 7  | bit 6  | bit 5  | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2  | bit 1 | bit 0 |                                       |
| 000014 <sub>H</sub> | (ADER)    |        |        | P47    | P46    | P45    | P44   | P43   | P42    | P41   | P40   | Port 4 data direction register (DDR4) |
|                     |           |        |        | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |                                       |
| Address             | bit 15    | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | ..... | bit 0 |                                       |
| 000015 <sub>H</sub> | P57       | P56    | P55    | P54    | P53    | P52    | P51   | P50   | (DDR4) |       |       | Analog input enable register (ADER)   |
|                     | R/W       | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |        |       |       |                                       |
| Address             | bit 15    | .....  | bit 8  | bit 7  | bit 6  | bit 5  | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2  | bit 1 | bit 0 |                                       |
| 000016 <sub>H</sub> | (DDR7)    |        |        | P67    | P66    | P65    | P64   | P63   | P62    | P61   | P60   | Port 6 data direction register (DDR6) |
|                     |           |        |        | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |                                       |
| Address             | bit 15    | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | ..... | bit 0 |                                       |
| 000017 <sub>H</sub> | P77       | P76    | P75    | P74    | P73    | P72    | P71   | P70   | (DDR6) |       |       | Port 7 data direction register (DDR7) |
|                     | R/W       | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |        |       |       |                                       |
| Address             | bit 15    | .....  | bit 8  | bit 7  | bit 6  | bit 5  | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2  | bit 1 | bit 0 |                                       |
| 000018 <sub>H</sub> | (Vacancy) |        |        | —      | P86    | P85    | P84   | P83   | P82    | P81   | P80   | Port 8 data direction register (DDR8) |
|                     |           |        |        | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |                                       |
| Address             | bit 15    | .....  | bit 8  | bit 7  | bit 6  | bit 5  | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2  | bit 1 | bit 0 |                                       |
| 00001A <sub>H</sub> | (DDRB)    |        |        | PA7    | PA6    | PA5    | PA4   | PA3   | PA2    | PA1   | PA0   | Port A data direction register (DDRA) |
|                     |           |        |        | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |                                       |
| Address             | bit 15    | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | ..... | bit 0 |                                       |
| 00001B <sub>H</sub> | —         | —      | —      | —      | —      | PB2    | PB1   | PB0   | (DDRA) |       |       | Port B data direction register (DDRB) |
|                     | R/W       | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |        |       |       |                                       |

Note: Only MB90675 series has P81 through P86, P90, PA0 through PA7, and PB0 through PB2, and MB90670 series does not have such pins.

# MB90670/675 Series

## 2. Timebase Timer

The timebase timer is a 18-bit free run counter (timebase counter) for counting up in synchronization to the internal count clock (divided-by-2 of oscillation) with an interval timer function for selecting an interval time from four types of  $2^{12}/\text{HCLK}$ ,  $2^{14}/\text{HCLK}$ ,  $2^{16}/\text{HCLK}$ , and  $2^{19}/\text{HCLK}$ .

The timebase timer also has a function for supplying operating clocks for the timer output for the oscillation stabilization time or the watchdog timer etc.

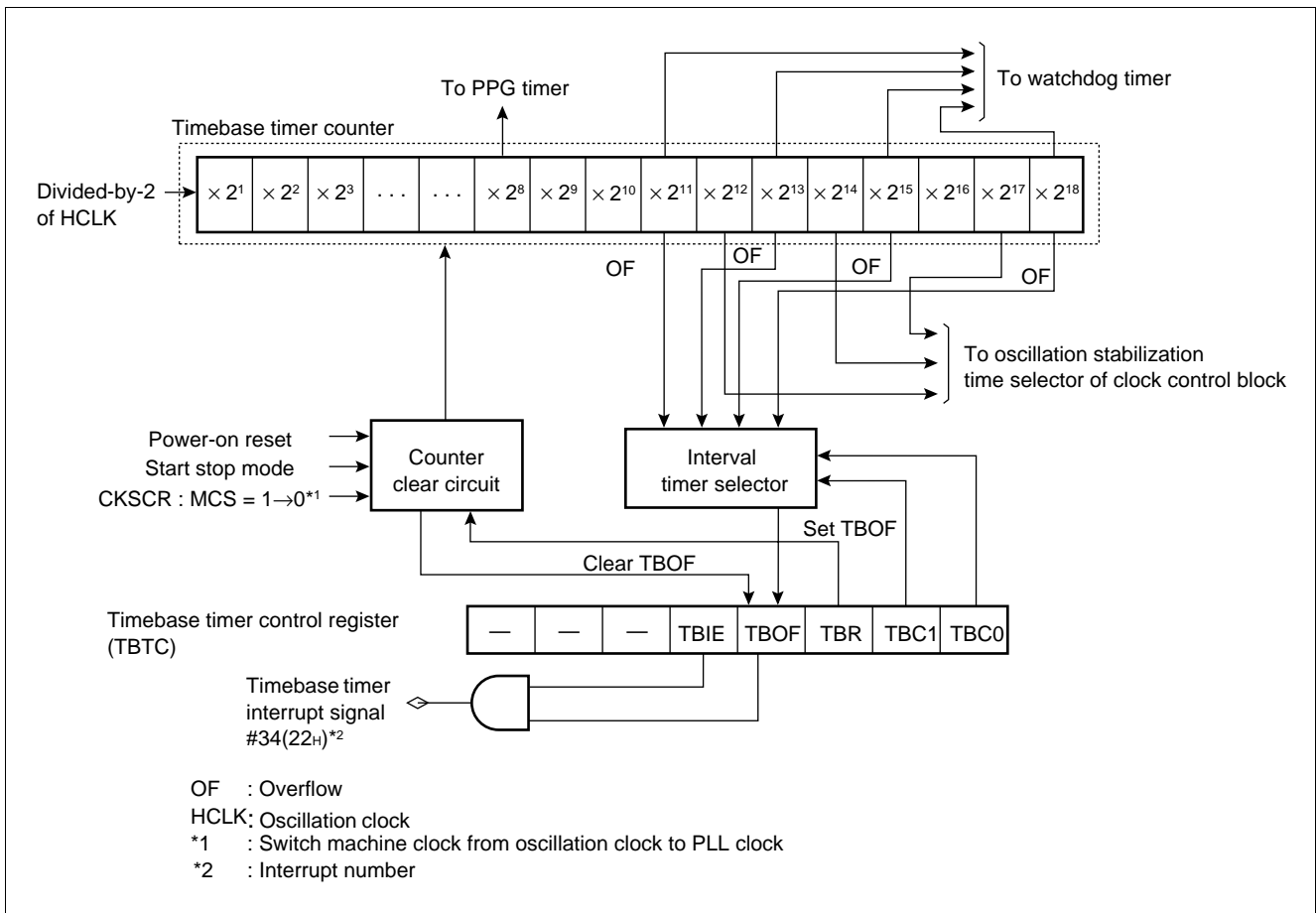
### (1) Register Configuration

- Timebase timer control register (TBTC)

| Address             | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | ..... | bit 0 | Initial value        |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|----------------------|
| 0000A9 <sub>H</sub> | RESV   | —      | —      | TBIE   | TBOF   | TBR    | TBC1  | TBC0  | (WDTC) |       |       | 1--0010 <sub>B</sub> |
|                     | R/W    | —      | —      | R/W    | R/W    | W      | R/W   | R/W   |        |       |       |                      |

R/W: Readable and writable  
 W : Read only  
 — : Unused

### (2) Block Diagram



### 3. Watchdog Timer

The watchdog timer is a 2-bit counter operating with an output of the timebase timer and resets the CPU when the counter is not cleared for a preset period of time.

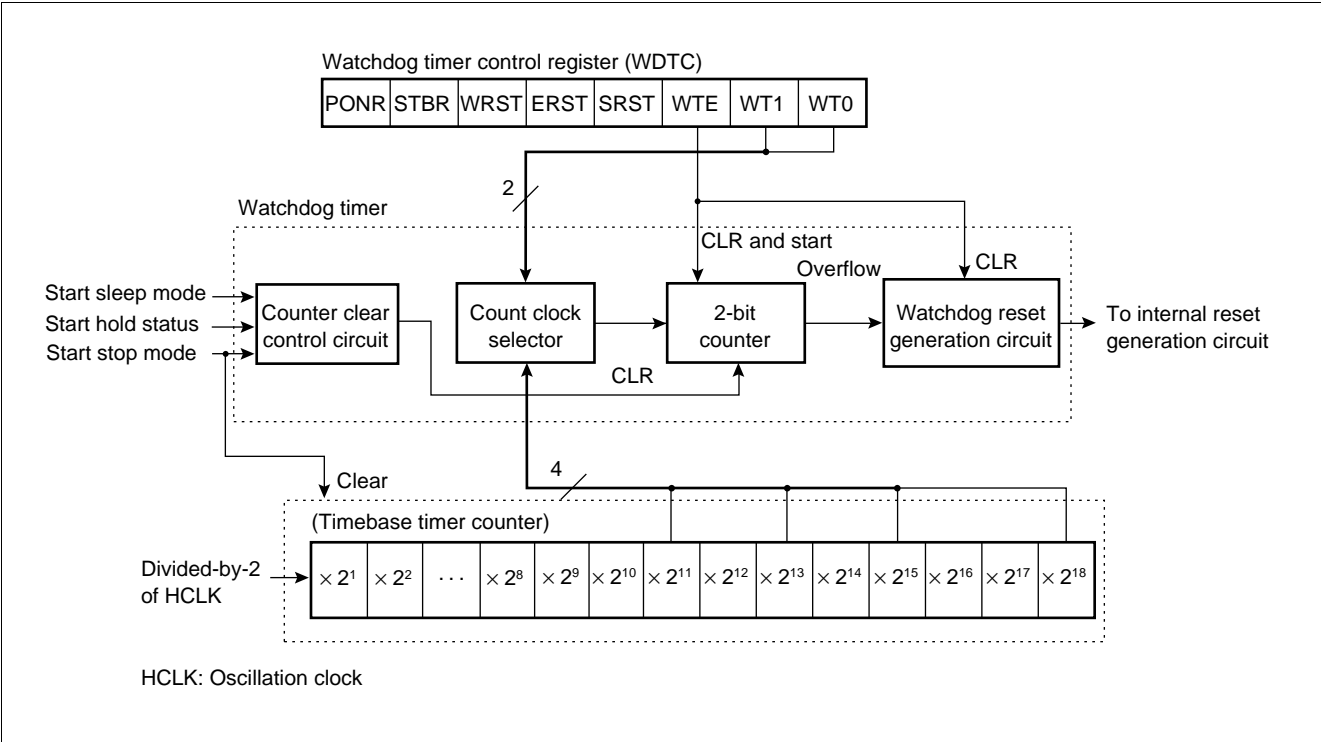
#### (1) Register Configuration

- Watchdog timer control register (WDTC)

|                     |        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |  |
|---------------------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| Address             | bit 15 | ..... | bit 8 | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 |  |
| 0000A8 <sub>H</sub> | (TBTC) |       |       | PONR  | STBR  | WRST  | ERST  | SRST  | WTE   | WT1   | WT0   | Initial value<br>XXXXX111 <sub>B</sub> |
|                     |        |       |       | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | W     | W     | W     |  |

R : Read only  
 W : Write only  
 X : Indeterminate

#### (2) Block Diagram



# MB90670/675 Series

## 4. 8/16-bit PPG Timer

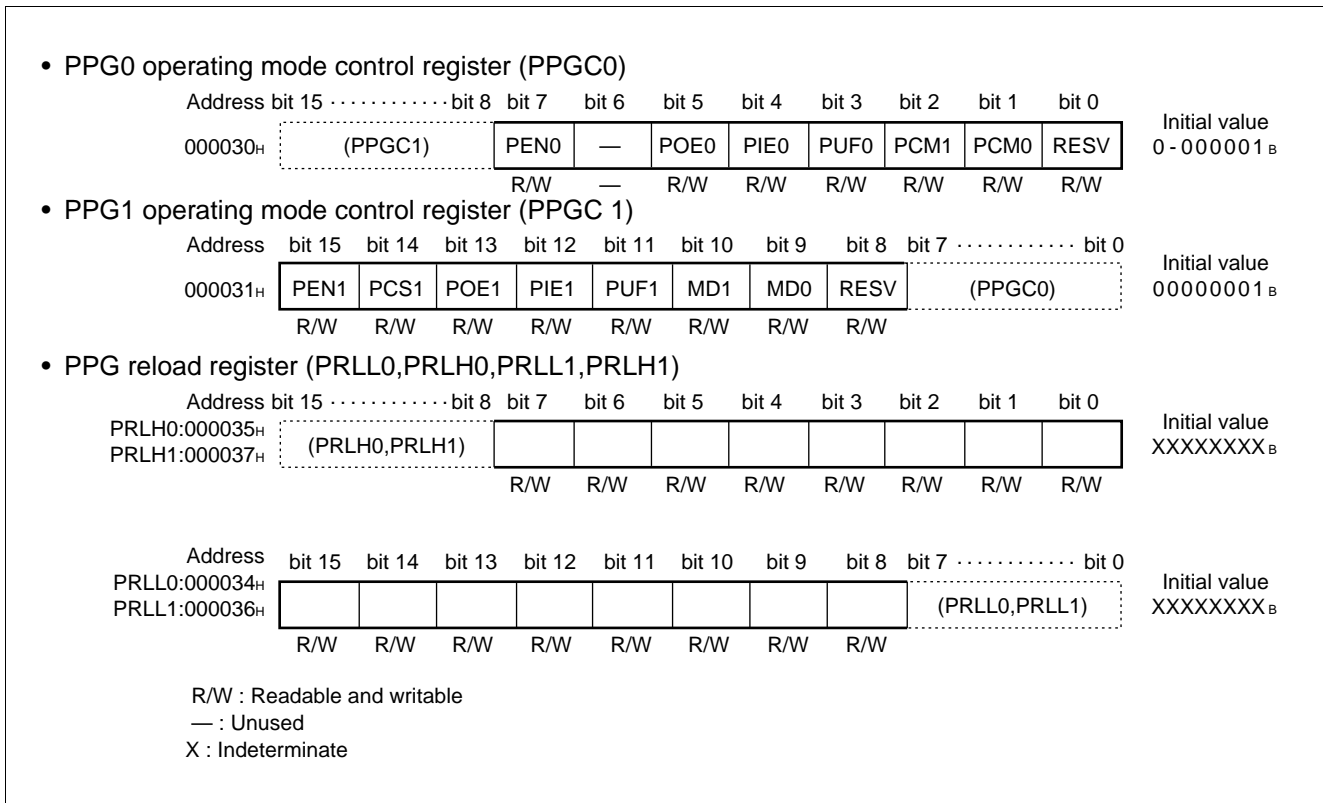
The 8/16-bit PPG timer is 2-channel reload timer module for outputting pulse having given frequencies/duty ratios.

The two modules performs the following operation by combining functions.

- 8-bit PPG output 2-channel independent operation mode  
This is a mode for operating independent 2-channel 8-bit PPG timer, in which PPG0 and PPG1 pins correspond to outputs from PPG0 and PPG1 respectively.
- 16-bit PPG output operation mode  
In this mode, PPG0 and PPG1 are combined to be operated as a 1-channel 8/16-bit PPG timer operating as a 16-bit timer. Because PPG0 and PPG1 outputs are reversed by an underflow from PPG1 outputting the same output pulses from PPG0 and PPG1 pins.
- 8 + 8-bit PPG output operation mode  
In this mode, PPG0 is operated as an 8-bit prescaler, in which an underflow output of PPG0 is used as a clock source for PPG1. A toggle output of PPG0 and PPG output of PPG1 are output from PPG0 and PPG1 respectively.

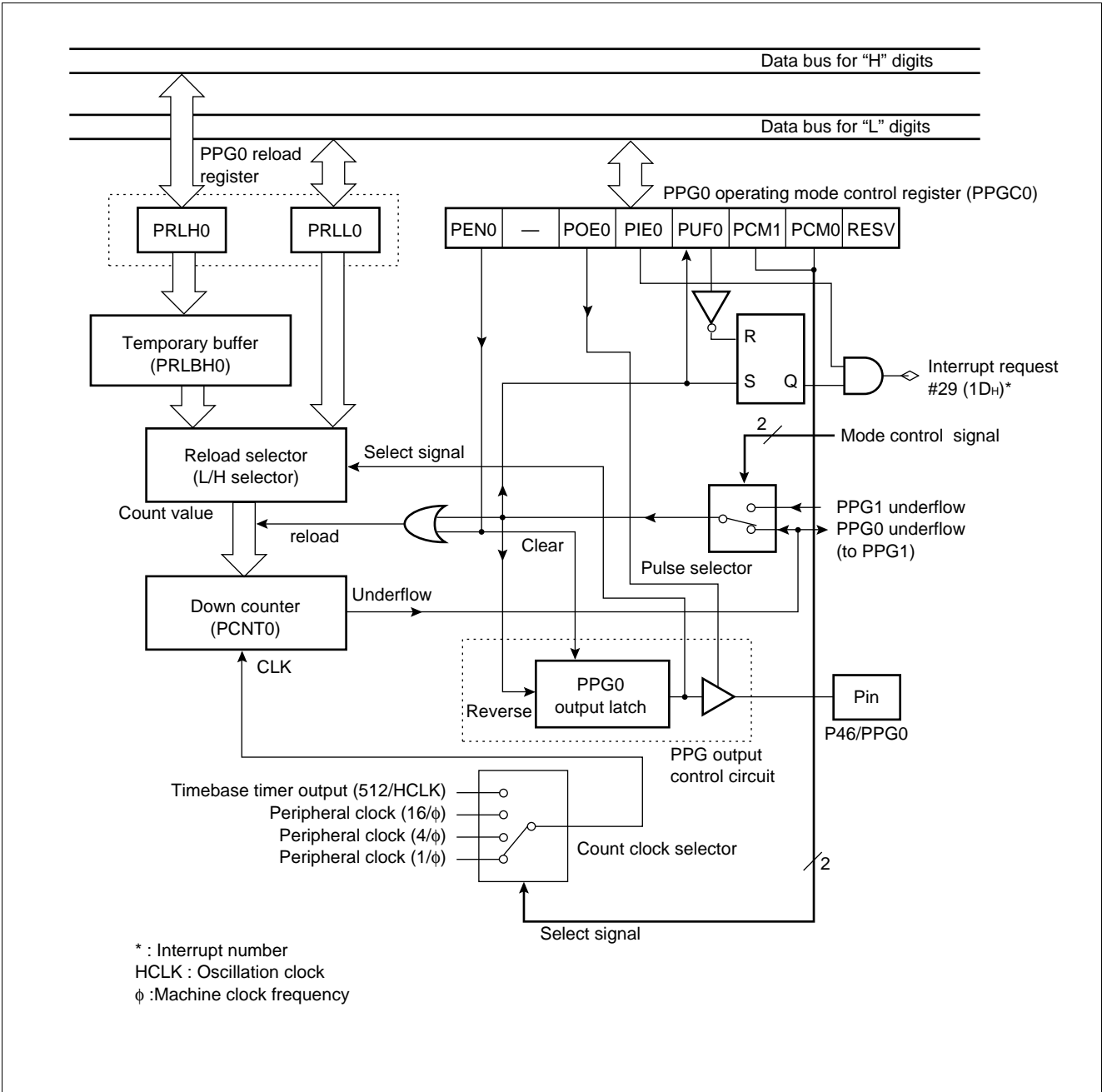
The module can also be used as a D/A converter with an external add-on circuit.

### (1) Register Configuration



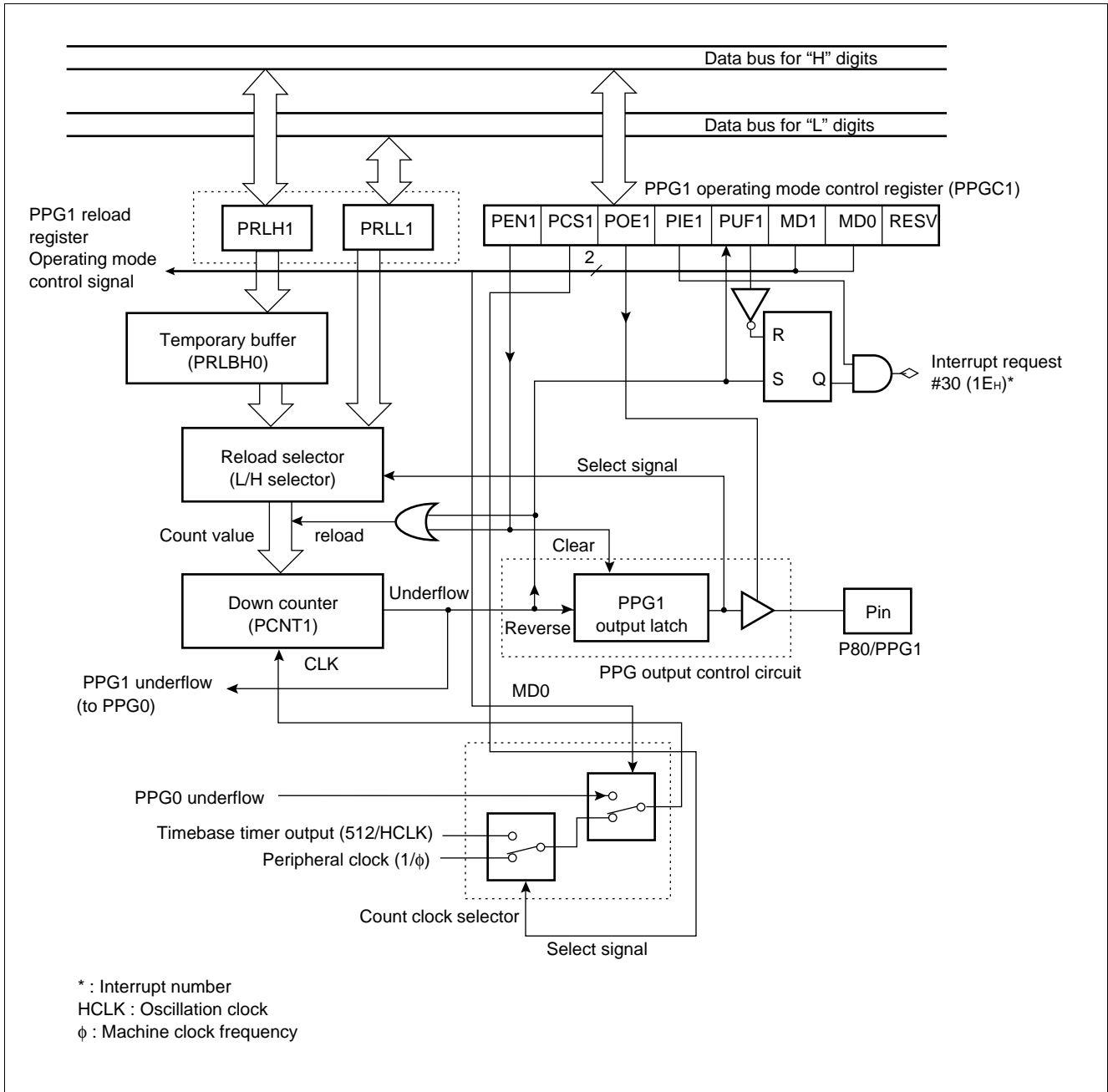
**(2) Block Diagram**

- Block diagram of 8/16-bit PPG timer 0



# MB90670/675 Series

- Block diagram of 8/16-bit PPG timer 1





## 5. 16-bit Reload Timer

The 16-bit reload timer has an internal clock mode for counting down in synchronization to three types of internal clocks and an event count mode for counting down detecting a given edge of the pulse input to the external bus pin, and either of the two functions can be selectively used.

For this timer, an “underflow” is defined as the counter value of “0000H” to “FFFFH”. According to this definition, an underflow occurs after [reload register setting value + 1] counts.

In operating the counter, the reload mode for repeating counting operation after reloading a counter setting value after an underflow or the one-shot mode for stopping the counting operation after an underflow can be selectively used.

Because the timer can generate an interrupt upon an underflow, the timer conforms to the extended intelligent I/O service (EI<sup>2</sup>OS).

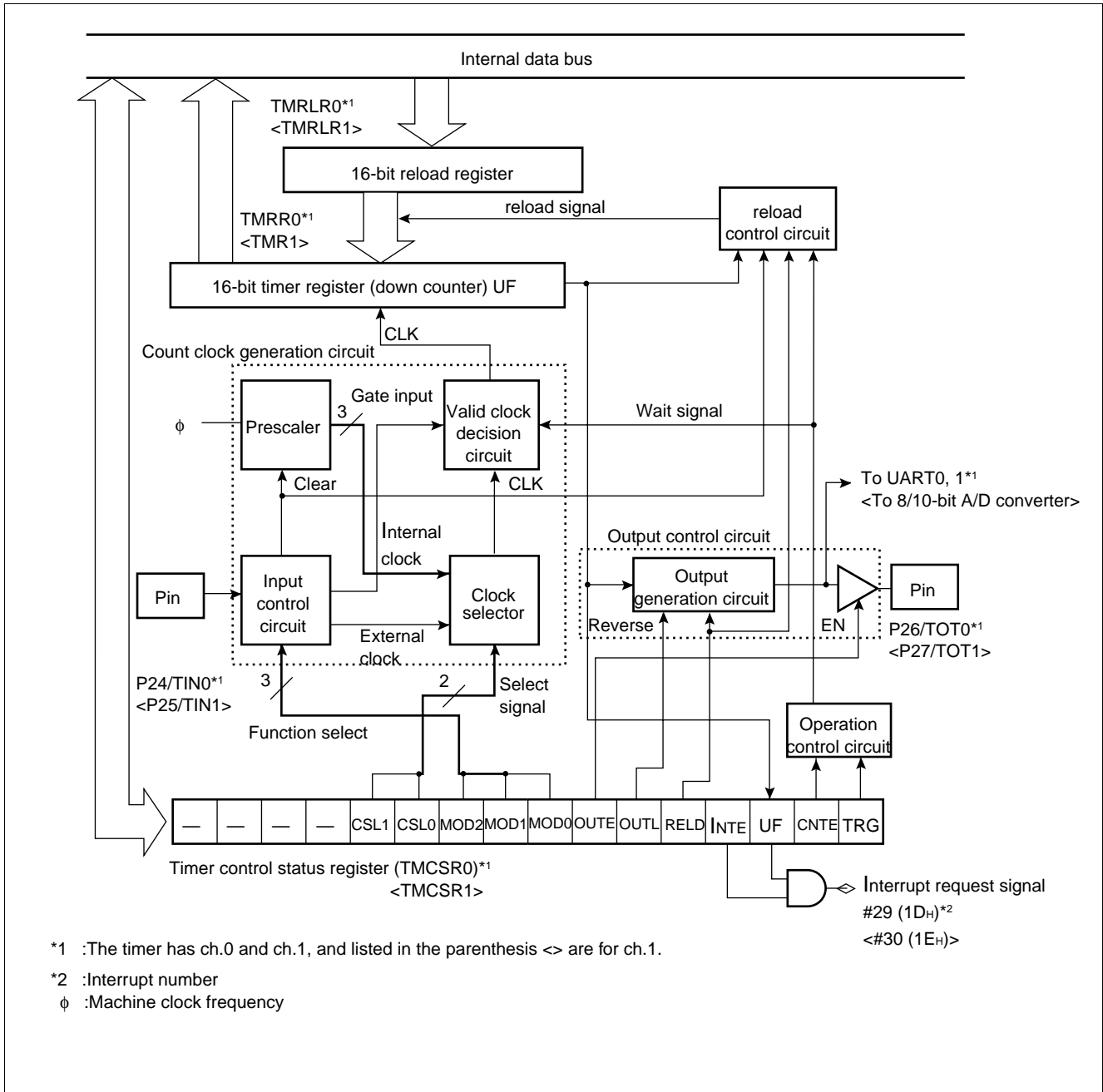
The MB90670/675 series has 2 channels of 16-bit reload timers.

### (1) Register Configuration

|  |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |             |       |       |               |       |       |       |       |  |
|--|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Timer control status register upper digits (TMCSR0, TMCSR1 : H)</li> </ul>  |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |             |       |       |               |       |       |       |       |  |
| Address  | bit 15      | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7       | ..... | bit 0 | Initial value |       |       |       |       |  |
| TMCSR0:000039H<br>TMCSR1:00003DH   | —           | —      | —      | —      | CSL1   | CSL0   | MOD2  | MOD1  | (TMCSR : L) |       |       | ----0000B     |       |       |       |       |  |
|  | —           | —      | —      | —      | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |             |       |       |               |       |       |       |       |  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Timer control status register lower digits (TMCSR0, TMCSR1 : L)</li> </ul>  |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |             |       |       |               |       |       |       |       |  |
| Address  | bit 15      | .....  | bit 8  | bit 7  | bit 6  | bit 5  | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2       | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value |       |       |       |       |  |
| TMCSR0:000038H<br>TMCSR1:00003CH   | (TMCSR : H) |        |        | MOD1   | OUTE   | OUTL   | RELD  | INTE  | UF          | CNTE  | TRG   | 00000000B     |       |       |       |       |  |
|  |             |        |        | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W         | R/W   | R/W   |               |       |       |       |       |  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 16-bit timer register 0, 1 (TMR0, TMR1)</li> </ul>  |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |             |       |       |               |       |       |       |       |  |
| Address  | bit 15      | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7       | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4         | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value                                    |
| 00003AH<br>00003BH<br>00003EH<br>00003FH   | □           | □      | □      | □      | □      | □      | □     | □     | □           | □     | □     | □             | □     | □     | □     | □     | XXXXXXXXB<br>XXXXXXXXB<br>XXXXXXXXB<br>XXXXXXXXB |
|  | R           | R      | R      | R      | R      | R      | R     | R     | R           | R     | R     | R             | R     | R     | R     | R     |  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 16-bit reload register 0, 1 (TMRL0, TMRL1)</li> </ul>   |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |             |       |       |               |       |       |       |       |  |
| Address  | bit 15      | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7       | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4         | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value                                    |
| 00003AH<br>00003BH<br>00003EH<br>00003FH   | □           | □      | □      | □      | □      | □      | □     | □     | □           | □     | □     | □             | □     | □     | □     | □     | XXXXXXXXB<br>XXXXXXXXB<br>XXXXXXXXB<br>XXXXXXXXB |
|  | W           | W      | W      | W      | W      | W      | W     | W     | W           | W     | W     | W             | W     | W     | W     | W     |  |
| <p>R/W : Readable and writable<br/>                     R : Read only<br/>                     W : Write only<br/>                     — : Unused<br/>                     X : Indeterminate</p> |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |             |       |       |               |       |       |       |       |  |

# MB90670/675 Series

## (2) Block Diagram



## 6. 24-bit Free run Timer

The 24-bit free-run timer is a 24-bit up counter for counting up in synchronization to divided-by-3 or divided-by-4 of the machine clock, in which an interrupt factor can be selected from the overflow interrupt and four types of timer intermediate bit interrupt to be operated as an interval timer.

The free-run timer can be used to generating reference timing signals for the input capture (ICU) and output compare (OCU).

### (1) Register Configuration

- Free-run timer control register upper digits (TCCR : H)

|         |        |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |            |       |       |                       |
|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|------------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| Address | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7      | ..... | bit 0 | Initial value         |
| 000051H | —      | —      | RESV   | RESV   | RESV   | RESV   | RESV  | PR0   | (TCCR : L) |       |       | --111111 <sub>B</sub> |
|         | —      | —      | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |            |       |       |                       |
  
- Free-run timer control register lower digits (TCCR : L)

|         |            |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                       |
|---------|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| Address | bit 15     | ..... | bit 8 | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value         |
| 000050H | (TCCR : H) |       |       | STP   | CLR   | IVF   | IVFE  | TIM   | TIME  | TIS1  | TIS0  | 11000000 <sub>B</sub> |
|         |            |       |       | W     | W     | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   |                       |
  
- Free-run timer upper data register (TCRH)

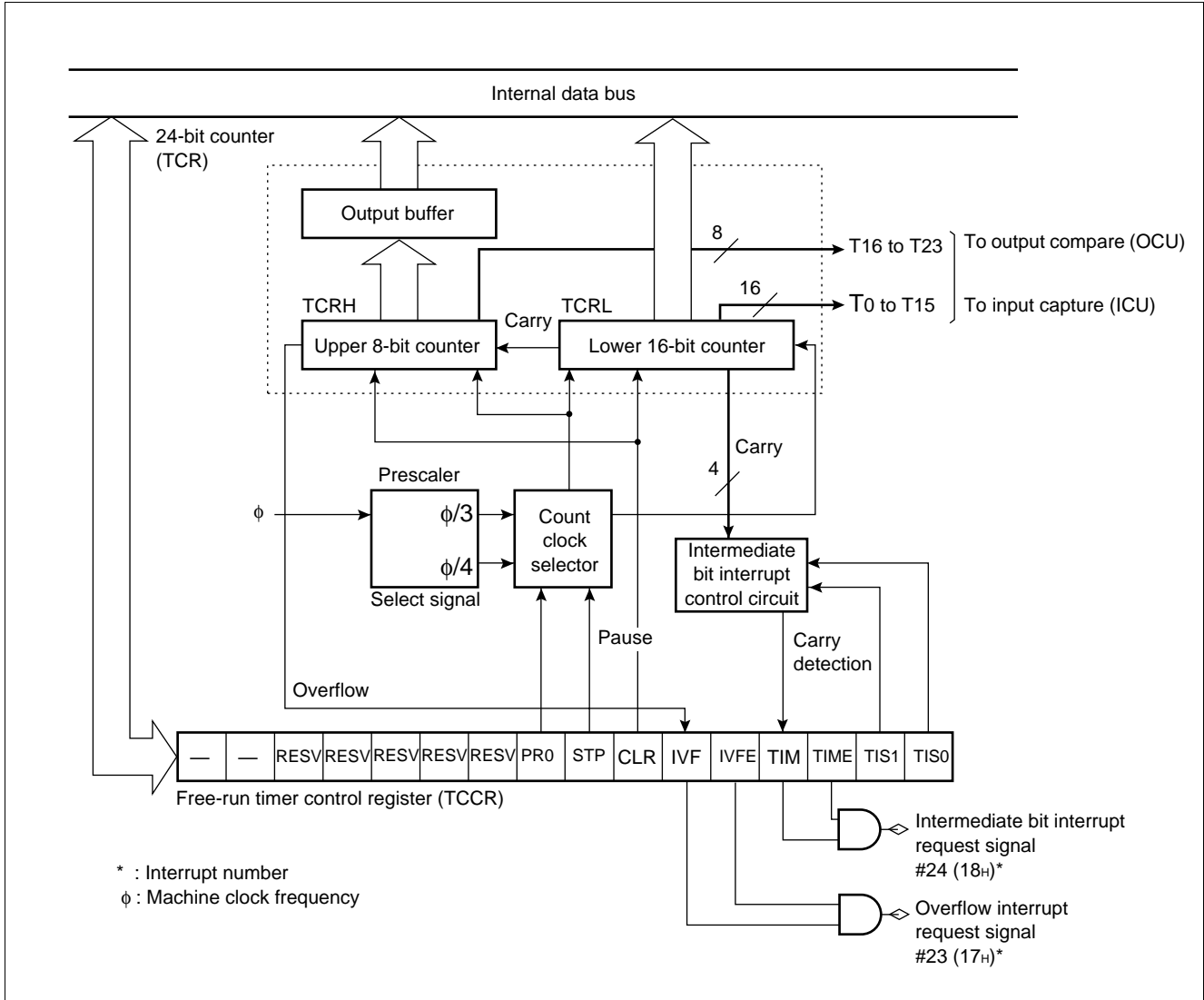
|                    |        |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |  |
|--------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| Address            | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value                                  |
| 000056H<br>000057H | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | T23   | T22   | T21   | T20   | T19   | T18   | T17   | T16   |       | 00000000 <sub>B</sub><br>00000000 <sub>B</sub> |
|                    | R      | R      | R      | R      | R      | R      | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     |  |
  
- Free-run timer lower data register (TCRL)

|                    |        |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |  |
|--------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| Address            | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value                                  |
| 000054H<br>000055H | T15    | T14    | T13    | T12    | T11    | T10    | T9    | T8    | T7    | T6    | T5    | T4    | T3    | T2    | T1    | T0    | 00000000 <sub>B</sub><br>00000000 <sub>B</sub> |
|                    | R      | R      | R      | R      | R      | R      | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     |  |

R/W : Readable and writable  
 R : Read only  
 W : Write only  
 — : Unused

# MB90670/675 Series

## (2) Block Diagram



## 7. Input Capture (ICU)

The input capture (ICU) generates an interrupt request to the CPU simultaneously with a storing operation of current counter value of the 24-bit free run timer to the ICU data register (ICDR) upon an input of a trigger edge to the external pin.

There are four sets (four channels) of the input capture external pins and ICU data registers (ICDR), enabling measurements of maximum of four events.

- The input capture has four sets of external input pins (ASR0 to ASR3) and ICU registers (ICDR), enabling measurements of maximum of four events.
- A trigger edge direction can be selected from rising/falling/both edges.
- The input capture can be set to generate an interrupt request at the storage timing of the counter value of the 24-bit free run timer to the ICU data register (ICDR).
- The input compare conforms to the extended intelligent I/O service (EI<sup>2</sup>OS).
- The input capture function is suited for measurements of intervals (frequencies) and pulse-widths.

### (1) Register Configuration

- ICU control register upper digits (ICC : H)

| Address             | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7     | ..... | bit 0 | Initial value         |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-----------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| 000053 <sub>H</sub> | IRE3   | IRE2   | IRE1   | IRE0   | IR3    | IR2    | IR1   | IR0   | (ICC : L) |       |       | 00000000 <sub>B</sub> |
|                     | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |           |       |       |                       |

- ICU control register lower digits (ICC : L)

| Address             | bit 15    | ..... | bit 8 | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value         |
|---------------------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| 000052 <sub>H</sub> | (ICC : H) |       |       | EG3B  | EG3A  | EG2B  | EG2A  | EG1B  | EG1A  | EG0B  | EG0A  | 00000000 <sub>B</sub> |
|                     |           |       |       | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   |                       |

- ICU upper data register 0 to 3 (ICDR0H to ICDR3H)

| Address  | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | Initial value         |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| ICDR0H : 000063 <sub>H</sub><br>ICDR1H : 000067 <sub>H</sub><br>ICDR2H : 00006B <sub>H</sub><br>ICDR3H : 00006F <sub>H</sub> | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     | 00000000 <sub>B</sub> |
|  | R      | R      | R      | R      | R      | R      | R     | R     |                       |

| Address  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value         |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| ICDR0H : 000062 <sub>H</sub><br>ICDR1H : 000066 <sub>H</sub><br>ICDR2H : 00006A <sub>H</sub><br>ICDR3H : 00006E <sub>H</sub> | D23   | D22   | D21   | D20   | D19   | D18   | D17   | D16   | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> |
|  | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     |                       |

- ICU lower data register 0 to 3 (ICDR0L to ICDR3L)

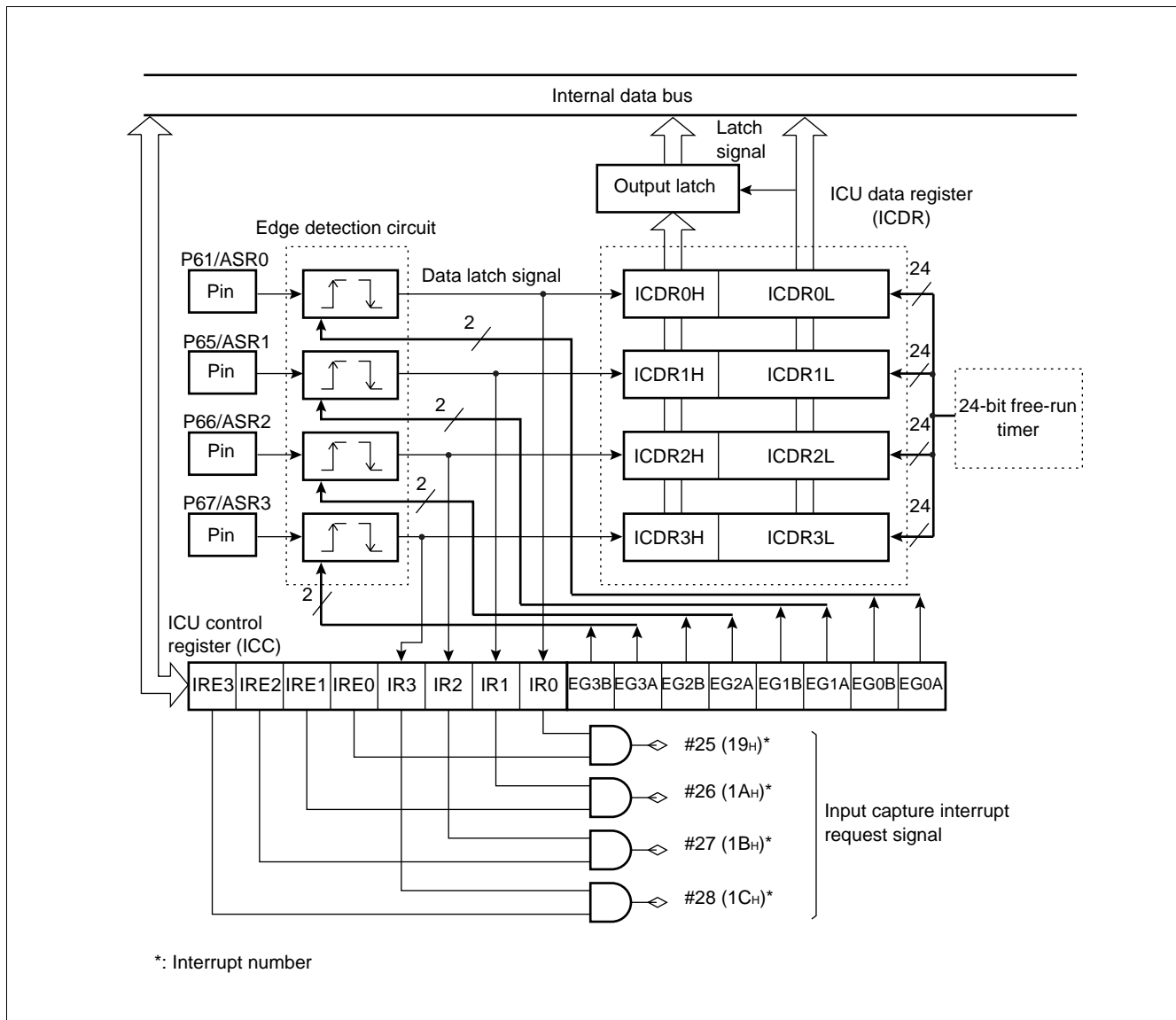
| Address  | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | Initial value         |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| ICDR0L : 000061 <sub>H</sub><br>ICDR1L : 000065 <sub>H</sub><br>ICDR2L : 000069 <sub>H</sub><br>ICDR3L : 00006D <sub>H</sub> | D15    | D14    | D13    | D12    | D11    | D10    | D9    | D8    | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> |
|  | R      | R      | R      | R      | R      | R      | R     | R     |                       |

| Address  | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value         |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| ICDR0L : 000060 <sub>H</sub><br>ICDR1L : 000064 <sub>H</sub><br>ICDR2L : 000068 <sub>H</sub><br>ICDR3L : 00006C <sub>H</sub> | D7    | D6    | D5    | D4    | D3    | D2    | D1    | D0    | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> |
|  | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     |                       |

R/W : Readable and writable  
R : Read only  
— : Unused  
X : Indeterminate

# MB90670/675 Series

## (2) Block Diagram



## 8. Output Compare (OCU)

The output compare (OCU) is two sets of compare units consisting of four-channel OCU compare data registers, a comparator and a control register.

An interrupt request can be generated for each channel upon a match detection by performing time-division comparison between the OCU compare data register setting value and the counter value of the 24-bit free-run timer.

The DOT pin can be used as a waveform output pin for reversing output upon a match detection or a general-purpose output port for directly outputting the setting value of the DOT bit.

### (1) Register Configuration

|  |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |             |       |                        |
|--|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------------|-------|------------------------|
| • OCU control register 00 upper digits (CCR00 : H) |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |             |       |                        |
| Address  | bit 15      | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7.....  | bit 0 | Initial value          |
| 000059 <sub>H</sub>                                | —           | —      | —      | —      | MD3    | MD2    | MD1   | MD0   | (CCR00 : L) |       | ---- 0000 <sub>B</sub> |
|  |             |        |        |        | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |             |       |                        |
| • OCU control register 00 lower digits (CCR00 : L) |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |             |       |                        |
| Address  | bit 15..... | bit 8  | bit 7  | bit 6  | bit 5  | bit 4  | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1       | bit 0 | Initial value          |
| 000058 <sub>H</sub>                                | (CCR00 : H) |        | RESV   | RESV   | RESV   | RESV   | CPE3  | CPE2  | CPE1        | CPE0  | 11110000 <sub>B</sub>  |
|  |             |        | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W         | R/W   |                        |
| • OCU control register 01 upper digits (CCR01 : H) |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |             |       |                        |
| Address  | bit 15      | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7.....  | bit 0 | Initial value          |
| 00005B <sub>H</sub>                                | ICE3        | ICE2   | ICE1   | ICE0   | IC3    | IC2    | IC1   | IC0   | (CCR01 : L) |       | 00000000 <sub>B</sub>  |
|  | R/W         | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |             |       |                        |
| • OCU control register 01 lower digits (CCR01 : L) |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |             |       |                        |
| Address  | bit 15..... | bit 8  | bit 7  | bit 6  | bit 5  | bit 4  | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1       | bit 0 | Initial value          |
| 00005A <sub>H</sub>                                | (CCR01 : H) |        | —      | —      | —      | —      | DOT3  | DOT2  | DOT1        | DOT0  | ---- 0000 <sub>B</sub> |
|  |             |        |        |        |        |        | R/W   | R/W   | R/W         | R/W   |                        |
| R/W : Readable and writable<br>— : Unused          |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |             |       |                        |

(Continued)

# MB90670/675 Series

(Continued)

- OCU compare upper data register 0 to 7 (CPR00H to CPR07H)

| Address                      | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | Initial value         |
|------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| CPR00H : 000073 <sub>H</sub> | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     | 00000000 <sub>B</sub> |
| CPR01H : 000077 <sub>H</sub> | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     |                       |
| CPR02H : 00007B <sub>H</sub> | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     |                       |
| CPR03H : 00007F <sub>H</sub> | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     |                       |
| CPR04H : 000083 <sub>H</sub> | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     |                       |
| CPR05H : 000087 <sub>H</sub> | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     |                       |
| CPR06H : 00008B <sub>H</sub> | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     |                       |
| CPR07H : 00008F <sub>H</sub> | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | —     | —     |                       |

| Address                      | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value         |
|------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| CPR00H : 000072 <sub>H</sub> | D23   | D22   | D21   | D20   | D19   | D18   | D17   | D16   | 00000000 <sub>B</sub> |
| CPR01H : 000076 <sub>H</sub> | D23   | D22   | D21   | D20   | D19   | D18   | D17   | D16   |                       |
| CPR02H : 00007A <sub>H</sub> | D23   | D22   | D21   | D20   | D19   | D18   | D17   | D16   |                       |
| CPR03H : 00007E <sub>H</sub> | D23   | D22   | D21   | D20   | D19   | D18   | D17   | D16   |                       |
| CPR04H : 000082 <sub>H</sub> | D23   | D22   | D21   | D20   | D19   | D18   | D17   | D16   |                       |
| CPR05H : 000086 <sub>H</sub> | D23   | D22   | D21   | D20   | D19   | D18   | D17   | D16   |                       |
| CPR06H : 00008A <sub>H</sub> | D23   | D22   | D21   | D20   | D19   | D18   | D17   | D16   |                       |
| CPR07H : 00008E <sub>H</sub> | D23   | D22   | D21   | D20   | D19   | D18   | D17   | D16   |                       |

- OCU compare lower data register 0 to 7 (CPR00L to CPR07L)

| Address                      | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | Initial value         |
|------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| CPR00L : 000071 <sub>H</sub> | D15    | D14    | D13    | D12    | D11    | D10    | D9    | D8    | 00000000 <sub>B</sub> |
| CPR01L : 000075 <sub>H</sub> | D15    | D14    | D13    | D12    | D11    | D10    | D9    | D8    |                       |
| CPR02L : 000079 <sub>H</sub> | D15    | D14    | D13    | D12    | D11    | D10    | D9    | D8    |                       |
| CPR03L : 00007D <sub>H</sub> | D15    | D14    | D13    | D12    | D11    | D10    | D9    | D8    |                       |
| CPR04L : 000081 <sub>H</sub> | D15    | D14    | D13    | D12    | D11    | D10    | D9    | D8    |                       |
| CPR05L : 000085 <sub>H</sub> | D15    | D14    | D13    | D12    | D11    | D10    | D9    | D8    |                       |
| CPR06L : 000089 <sub>H</sub> | D15    | D14    | D13    | D12    | D11    | D10    | D9    | D8    |                       |
| CPR07L : 00008D <sub>H</sub> | D15    | D14    | D13    | D12    | D11    | D10    | D9    | D8    |                       |

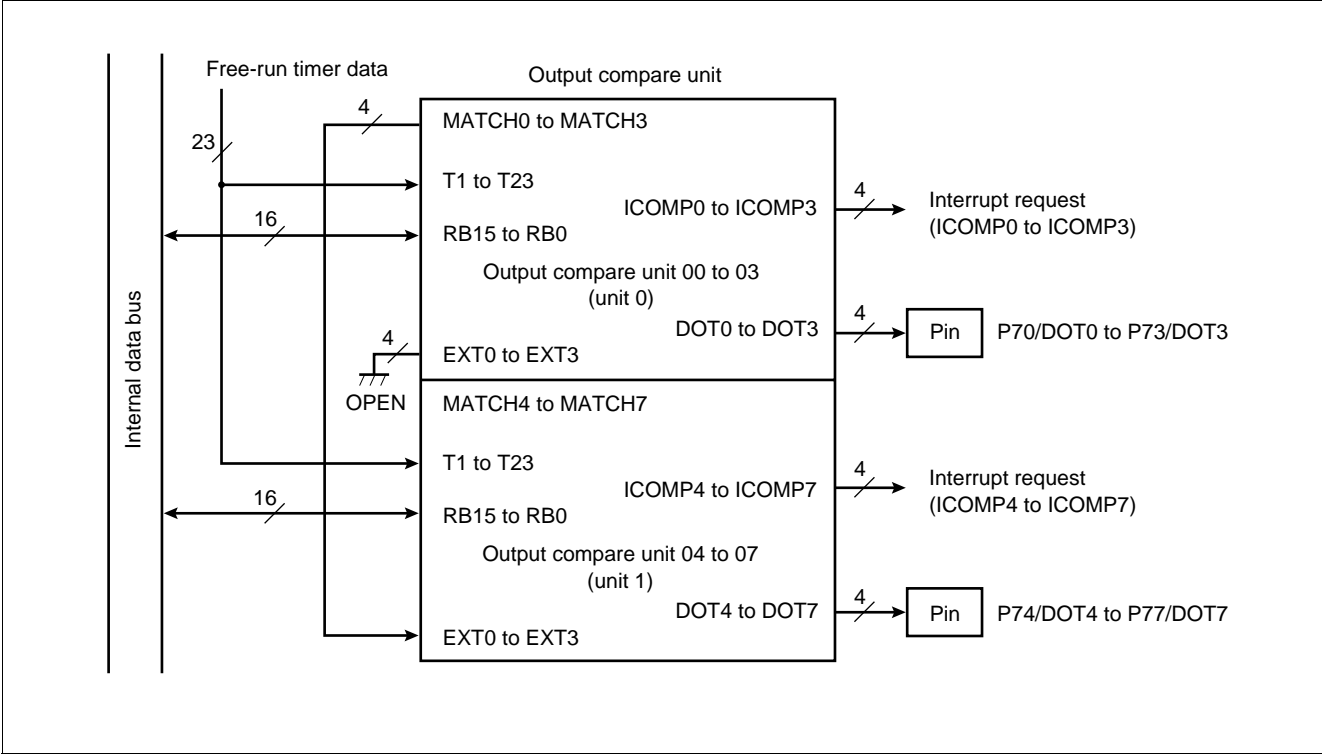
| Address                      | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value         |
|------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| CPR00L : 000070 <sub>H</sub> | D7    | D6    | D5    | D4    | D3    | D2    | D1    | D0    | 00000000 <sub>B</sub> |
| CPR01L : 000074 <sub>H</sub> | D7    | D6    | D5    | D4    | D3    | D2    | D1    | D0    |                       |
| CPR02L : 000078 <sub>H</sub> | D7    | D6    | D5    | D4    | D3    | D2    | D1    | D0    |                       |
| CPR03L : 00007C <sub>H</sub> | D7    | D6    | D5    | D4    | D3    | D2    | D1    | D0    |                       |
| CPR04L : 000080 <sub>H</sub> | D7    | D6    | D5    | D4    | D3    | D2    | D1    | D0    |                       |
| CPR05L : 000084 <sub>H</sub> | D7    | D6    | D5    | D4    | D3    | D2    | D1    | D0    |                       |
| CPR06L : 000088 <sub>H</sub> | D7    | D6    | D5    | D4    | D3    | D2    | D1    | D0    |                       |
| CPR07L : 00008C <sub>H</sub> | D7    | D6    | D5    | D4    | D3    | D2    | D1    | D0    |                       |

R/W : Readable and writable  
 — : Unused



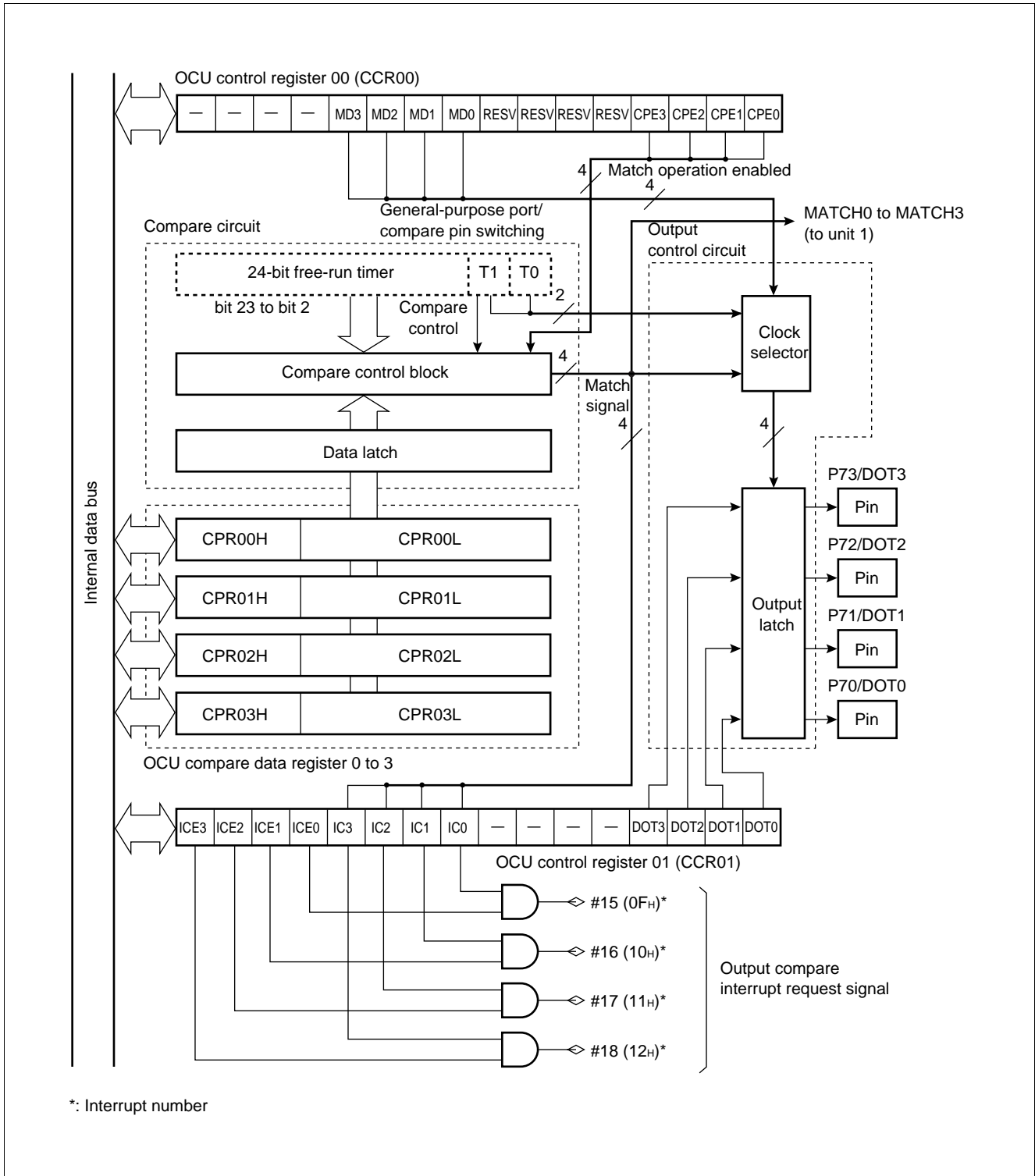
## (2) Block Diagram of Output Compare (OCU)

- Overall block diagram

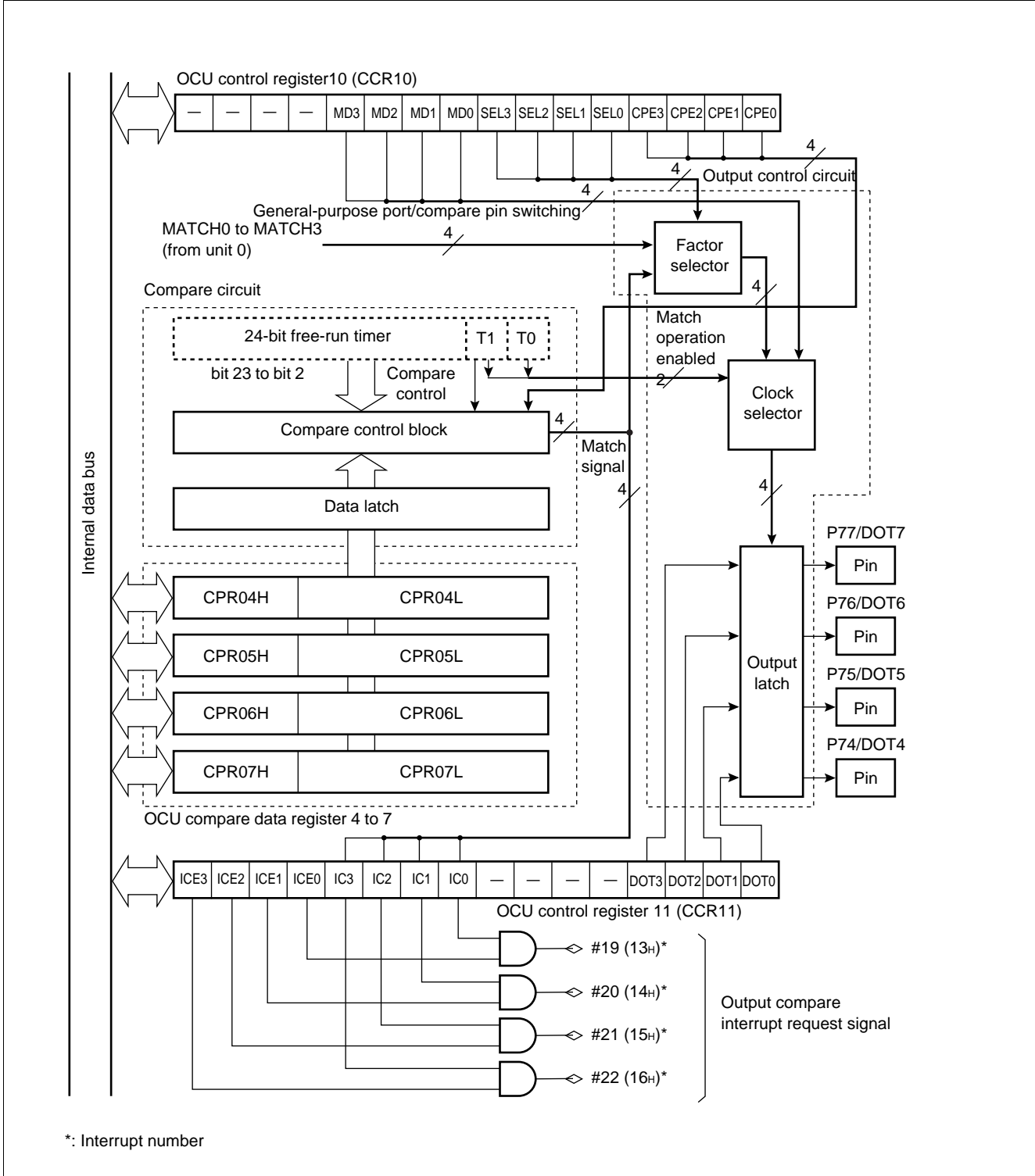


# MB90670/675 Series

## • Block diagram of unit 0



• Block diagram of unit 1



\*: Interrupt number

# MB90670/675 Series

## 9. I<sup>2</sup>C Interface (Included Only in MB90675 Series)

The I<sup>2</sup>C interface is a serial I/O port supporting Inter IC BUS operating as master/slave devices on I<sup>2</sup>C bus and has the following features.

- Master/slave transmission/reception
- Arbitration function
- Clock synchronization function
- Slave address/general call address detection function
- Transmission direction detection function
- Repeated generation function start condition and detection function
- Bus error detection function

### (1) Register Configuration

#### • I<sup>2</sup>C bus status register (IBSR)

| Address | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value         |
|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| 000040H | (IBCR) |        |        |        |        |        |       |       | BB    | RSC   | AL    | LRB   | TRX   | AAS   | GCA   | FBT   | 00000000 <sub>B</sub> |
|         |        |        |        |        |        |        |       |       | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     |                       |

#### • I<sup>2</sup>C bus control register (IBCR)

| Address | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value         |
|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| 000041H | BER    | BEIE   | SCC    | MSS    | ACK    | GCAA   | INTE  | INT   | (IBSR) |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | 00000000 <sub>B</sub> |
|         | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                       |

#### • I<sup>2</sup>C bus clock control register (ICCR)

| Address | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value         |
|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| 000042H | (IADR) |        |        |        |        |        |       |       | —     | —     | EN    | CS4   | CS3   | CS2   | CS1   | CS0   | --0XXXXX <sub>B</sub> |
|         |        |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |       |       | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   |                       |

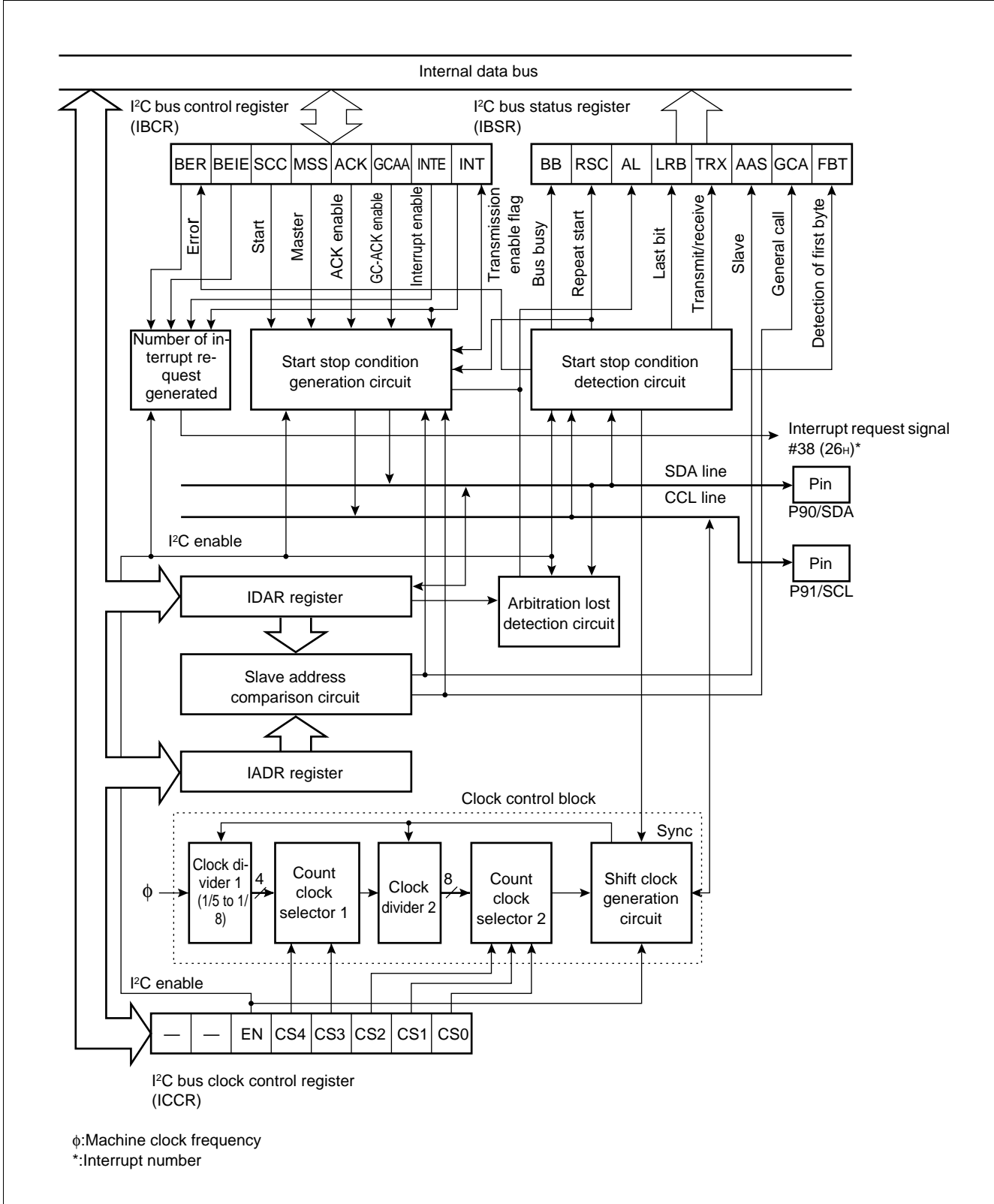
#### • I<sup>2</sup>C address register (IADR)

| Address           | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value          |
|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------------------------|
| 000043H<br>(IADR) | —      | A6     | A5     | A4     | A3     | A2     | A1    | A0    | (ICCR) |       |       |       |       |       |       |       | -XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> |
|                   |        | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                        |

| Address           | bit 15          | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value         |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| 000044H<br>(IDAR) | (Reserved area) |        |        |        |        |        |       |       | D7    | D6    | D5    | D4    | D3    | D2    | D1    | D0    | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> |
|                   |                 |        |        |        |        |        |       |       | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   |                       |

R/W: Readable and writable  
 R : Read only  
 — : Unused  
 X : Indeterminate

## (2) Block Diagram



# MB90670/675 Series

## 10. UART0

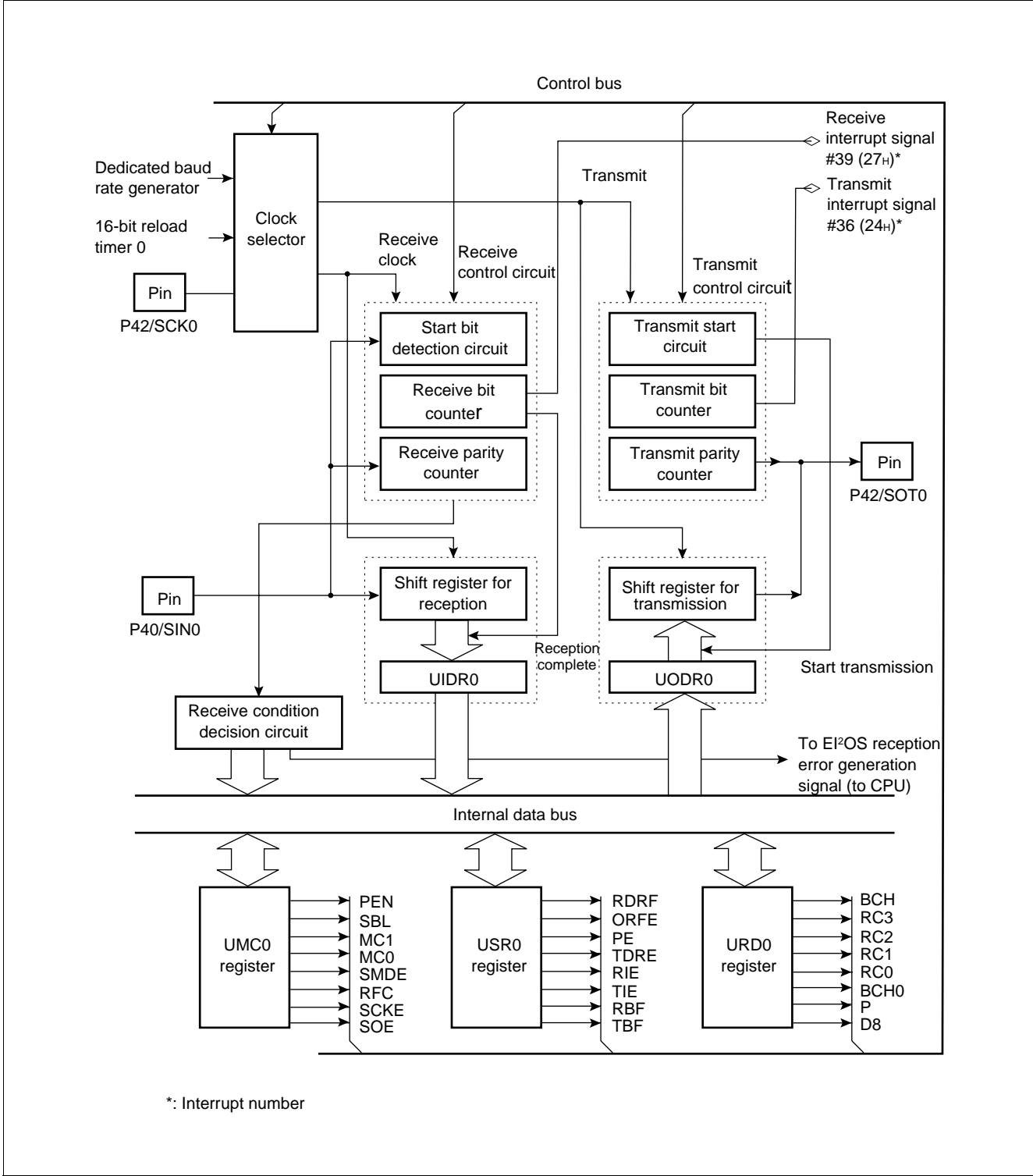
UART0 is a general-purpose serial data communication interface for performing synchronous or asynchronous communication (start-stop synchronization system). In addition to the normal duplex communication function (normal mode), UART0 has a master/slave type communication function (multi-processor mode).

- Data buffer: Full-duplex double buffer
- Transfer mode: Clock synchronized (with start and stop bit)  
Clock asynchronous (start-stop synchronization system)
- Baud rate: With dedicated baud rate generator, selectable from 12 types  
External clock input possible  
Internal clock (a clock supplied from 16-bit reload timer can be used.)
- Data length: 7 bits to 9 bits selective (with a parity bit)  
6 bits to 8 bits selective (without a parity bit)
- Signal format: NRZ (Non Return to Zero) system
- Reception error detection: Framing error  
Overrun error  
Parity error (not available in multi-processor mode)
- Interrupt request: Receive interrupt (reception complete, receive error detection)  
Receive interrupt (transmission complete)  
Transmit/receive conforms to extended intelligent I/O service (EI<sup>2</sup>OS)
- Master/slave type communication function (multi-processor mode): 1 (master) to n (slave) communication possible

### (1) Register Configuration

|   |        |             |        |        |        |        |       |       |               |             |                       |                       |
|---|--------|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|---------------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| • Status register 0 (USR0)  |        |             |        |        |        |        |       |       |               |             |                       |                       |
| Address   | bit 15 | bit 14      | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7         | ..... bit 0 | Initial value         |                       |
| 000021 <sub>H</sub>   | RDRF   | ORFE        | PE     | TDRE   | RIE    | TIE    | RBF   | TBF   | (UMC0)        |             | 00100000 <sub>B</sub> |                       |
|   | R/W    | R/W         | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |               |             |                       |                       |
| • Mode control register 0 (UMC0)  |        |             |        |        |        |        |       |       |               |             |                       |                       |
| Address   | bit 15 | ..... bit 8 | bit 7  | bit 6  | bit 5  | bit 4  | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1         | bit 0       | Initial value         |                       |
| 000020 <sub>H</sub>   | (USR0) |             | PEN    | SBL    | MC1    | MC0    | SMDE  | RFC   | SCKE          | SOE         | 00000100 <sub>B</sub> |                       |
|   |        |             | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W           | R/W         |                       |                       |
| • Rate and data register 0 (URD0)   |        |             |        |        |        |        |       |       |               |             |                       |                       |
| Address   | bit 15 | bit 14      | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7         | ..... bit 0 | Initial value         |                       |
| 000023 <sub>H</sub>   | BCH    | RC3         | RC2    | RC1    | RC0    | BCH0   | P     | D8    | (UIDR0/UODR0) |             | 00000000 <sub>B</sub> |                       |
|   | R/W    | R/W         | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |               |             |                       |                       |
| • Input data register 0 (UIDR0)   |        |             |        |        |        |        |       |       |               |             |                       |                       |
| Address   | bit 15 | ..... bit 9 | bit 8  | bit 7  | bit 6  | bit 5  | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2         | bit 1       | bit 0                 | Initial value         |
| 000022 <sub>H</sub>   | (URD0) |             | D8     | D7     | D6     | D5     | D4    | D3    | D2            | D1          | D0                    | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> |
|   |        |             | R      | R      | R      | R      | R     | R     | R             | R           | R                     |                       |
| • Output data register 0 (UODR)   |        |             |        |        |        |        |       |       |               |             |                       |                       |
| Address   | bit 15 | ..... bit 9 | bit 8  | bit 7  | bit 6  | bit 5  | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2         | bit 1       | bit 0                 | Initial value         |
| 000022 <sub>H</sub>   | (URD0) |             | D8     | D7     | D6     | D5     | D4    | D3    | D2            | D1          | D0                    | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> |
|   |        |             | W      | W      | W      | W      | W     | W     | W             | W           | W                     |                       |
| R/W : Readable and writable<br>R : Read only<br>W : Write only<br>X : Indeterminate |        |             |        |        |        |        |       |       |               |             |                       |                       |

## (2) Block Diagram



# MB90670/675 Series

## 11. UART1 (SCI)

UART1 (SCI) is a general-purpose serial data communication interface for performing synchronous or asynchronous communication (start-stop synchronization system). In addition to the normal duplex communication function (normal mode), UART1 has a master-slave type communication function (multi-processor mode).

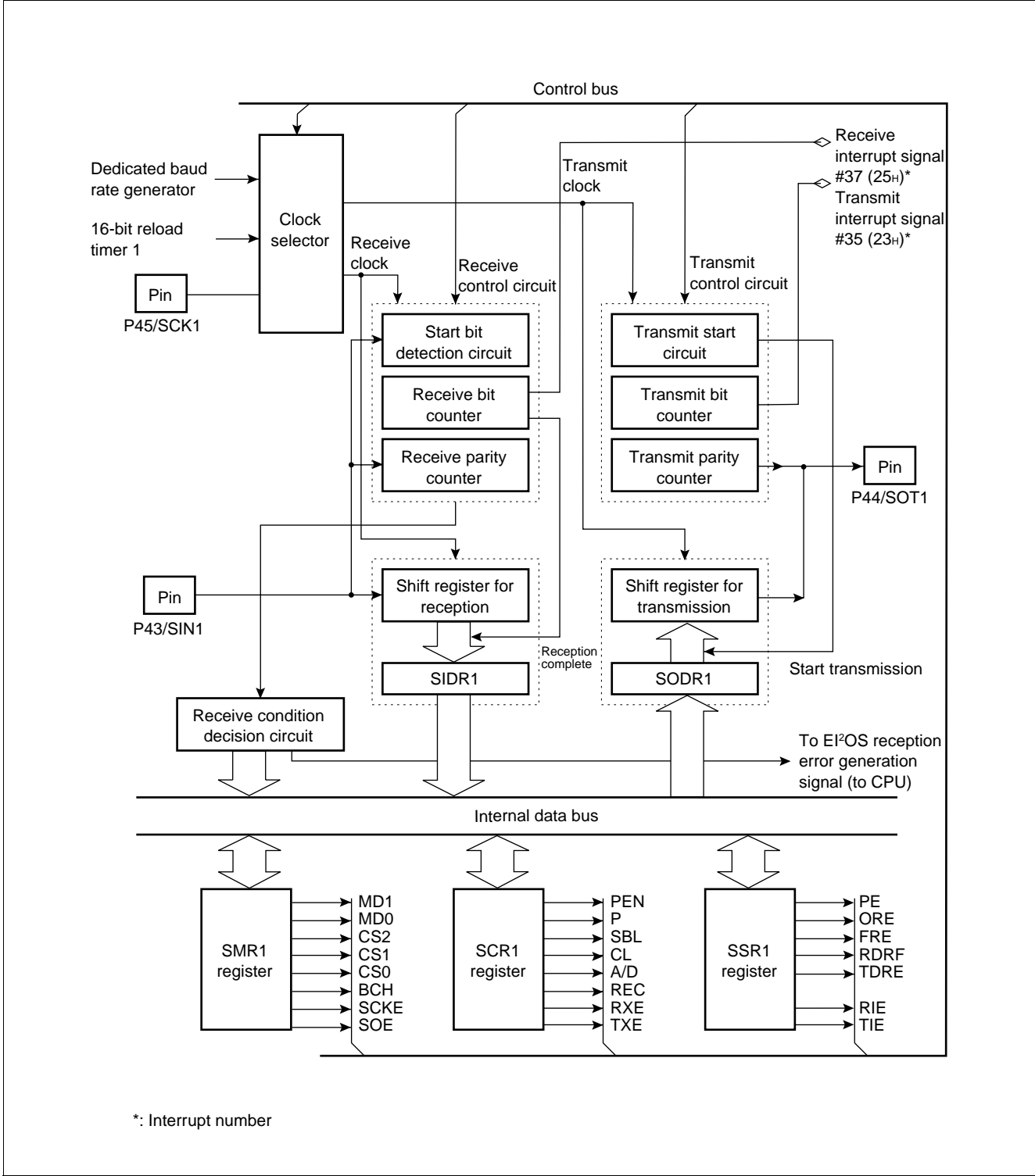
- Data buffer: Full-duplex double buffer
- Transfer mode: Clock synchronized (no start or stop bit)  
Clock asynchronous (start-stop synchronization system)
- Baud rate: With dedicated baud rate generator, selectable from 8 types  
External clock input possible  
Internal clock (a internal clock supplied from 16-bit reload timer can be used.)
- Data length: 7 bits (for asynchronous normal mode only)  
8 bits
- Signal format: NRZ (Non Return to Zero) system
- Reception error detection: Framing error  
Overrun error  
Parity error (not available in multi-processor mode)
- Interrupt request: Receive interrupt (reception complete, receive error detection)  
Receive interrupt (transmission complete)  
Transmit/receive conforms to extended intelligent I/O service (EI<sup>2</sup>OS)
- Master/slave type communication function (multi-processor mode): 1 (master) to n (slave) communication possible (supported only for master station)

### (1) Register Configuration

|                                  |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |               |               |                       |
|----------------------------------|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| • Control register 1 (SCR1)      |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |               | Initial value |                       |
| Address                          | bit 15      | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7.....    | bit 0         |                       |
| 000025H                          | PEN         | P      | SBL    | CL     | A/D    | REC    | RXE   | TXE   | (SMR1)        |               | 00000100 <sub>B</sub> |
|                                  | R/W         | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W           |               |                       |
| • Mode register 1 (SMR1)         |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |               | Initial value |                       |
| Address                          | bit 15..... | bit 8  | bit 7  | bit 6  | bit 5  | bit 4  | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1         | bit 0         |                       |
| 000024H                          | (SCR1)      |        | MD1    | MD0    | CS2    | CS1    | CS0   | BCH   | SCKE          | SOE           | 00000000 <sub>B</sub> |
|                                  | R/W         |        | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W           | R/W           |                       |
| • Status register 1 (SSR1)       |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |               | Initial value |                       |
| Address                          | bit 15      | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7.....    | bit 0         |                       |
| 000027H                          | PE          | ORE    | FRE    | RDRF   | TDRE   | —      | RIE   | TIE   | (SIDR1/SODR1) |               | 00001-00 <sub>B</sub> |
|                                  | R           | R      | R      | R      | R      | —      | R/W   | R/W   |               |               |                       |
| • Input data register 1 (SIDR1)  |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |               | Initial value |                       |
| Address                          | bit 15..... | bit 8  | bit 7  | bit 6  | bit 5  | bit 4  | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1         | bit 0         |                       |
| 000026H                          | (SSR1)      |        | D7     | D6     | D5     | D4     | D3    | D2    | D1            | D0            | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> |
|                                  |             |        | R      | R      | R      | R      | R     | R     | R             | R             |                       |
| • Output data register 1 (SODR1) |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |               | Initial value |                       |
| Address                          | bit 15..... | bit 8  | bit 7  | bit 6  | bit 5  | bit 4  | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1         | bit 0         |                       |
| 000026H                          | (SSR1)      |        | D7     | D6     | D5     | D4     | D3    | D2    | D1            | D0            | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub> |
|                                  |             |        | W      | W      | W      | W      | W     | W     | W             | W             |                       |
| R/W : Readable and writable      |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |               |               |                       |
| R : Read only                    |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |               |               |                       |
| W : Write only                   |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |               |               |                       |
| — : Unused                       |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |               |               |                       |
| X : Indeterminate                |             |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |               |               |                       |



## (2) Block Diagram



# MB90670/675 Series

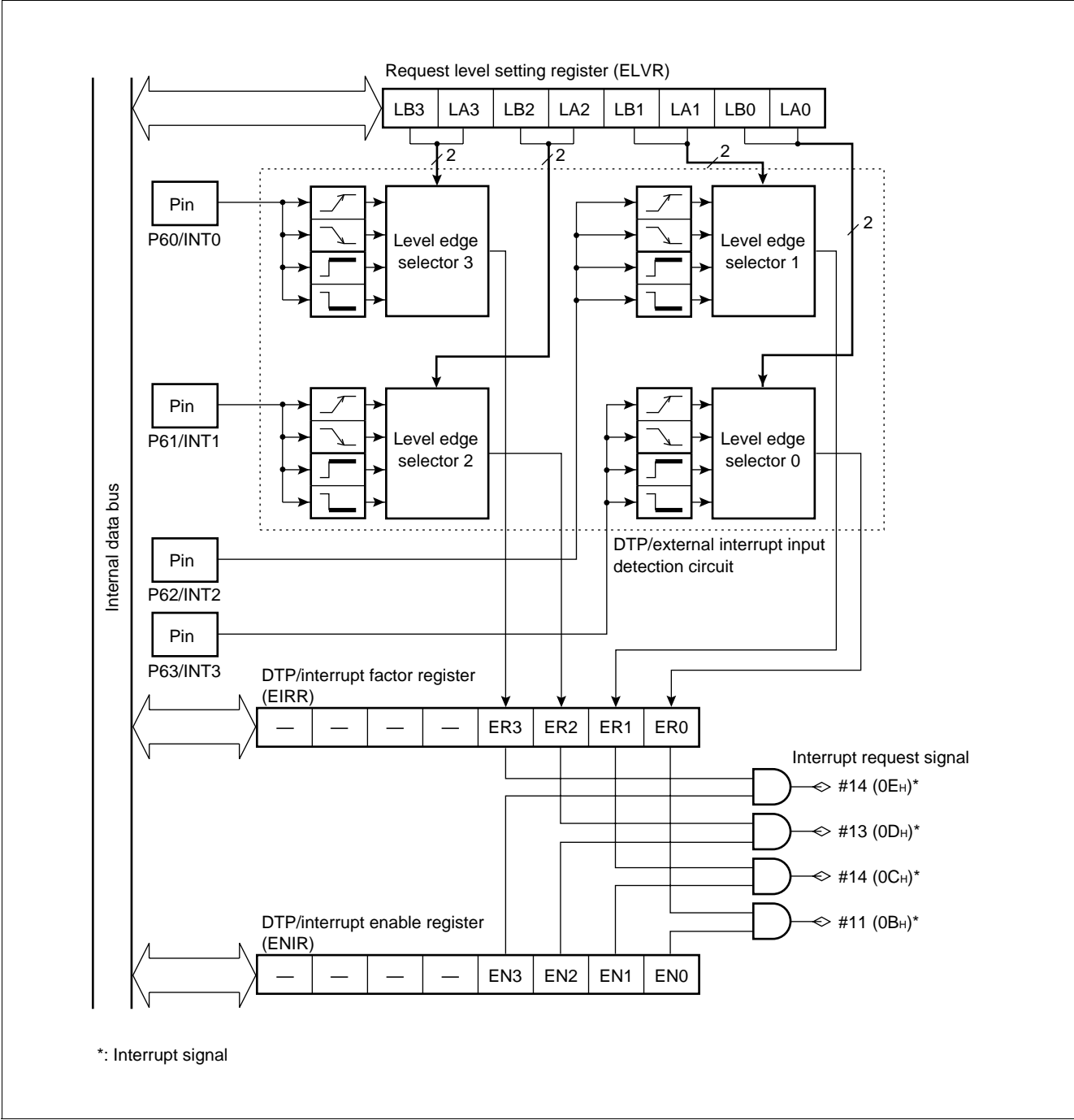
## 12. DTP/External Interrupt Circuit

The DTP (Data Transfer Peripheral)/external interrupt circuit is located between peripheral equipment connected externally and the F<sup>2</sup>MC-16L CPU and transmits interrupt requests or data transfer requests generated by peripheral equipment to the CPU, generates external interrupt request and starts the extended intelligent I/O service (EI<sup>2</sup>OS).

### (1) Register Configuration

|   |           |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |        |       |       |                       |                   |
|---|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| • DTP/interrupt factor register (EIRR)  |           |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |        |       |       |                       |                   |
| Address                                 | bit 15    | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7  | ..... | bit 0 | Initial value         |                   |
| 000029 <sub>H</sub>                     | —         | —      | —      | —      | ER3    | ER2    | ER1   | ER0   | (ENIR) |       |       | ----                  | 0000 <sub>B</sub> |
|   | —         | —      | —      | —      | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |        |       |       |                       |                   |
| • DTP/interrupt enable register (ENIR)  |           |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |        |       |       |                       |                   |
| Address                                 | bit 15    | .....  | bit 8  | bit 7  | bit 6  | bit 5  | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2  | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value         |                   |
| 000028 <sub>H</sub>                     | (EIRR)    |        |        | —      | —      | —      | —     | EN3   | EN2    | EN1   | EN0   | ----                  | 0000 <sub>B</sub> |
|   |           |        |        | —      | —      | —      | —     | R/W   | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |                       |                   |
| • Request level setting register (ELVR) |           |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |        |       |       |                       |                   |
| Address                                 | bit 15    | .....  | bit 8  | bit 7  | bit 6  | bit 5  | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2  | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value         |                   |
| 00002A <sub>H</sub>                     | (Vacancy) |        |        | LB3    | LA3    | LB2    | LA2   | LB1   | LA1    | LB0   | LA0   | 00000000 <sub>B</sub> |                   |
|   |           |        |        | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   | R/W    | R/W   | R/W   |                       |                   |
| R/W : Readable and writable             |           |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |        |       |       |                       |                   |
| — : Unused                              |           |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |        |       |       |                       |                   |

**(2) Block Diagram**



\*: Interrupt signal

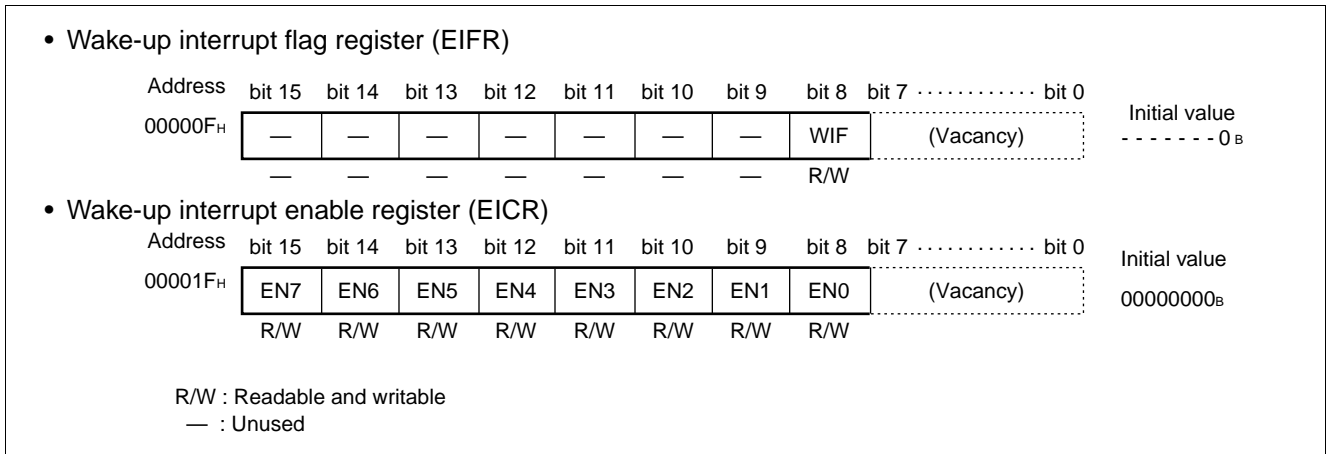
# MB90670/675 Series

## 13. Wake-up Interrupt

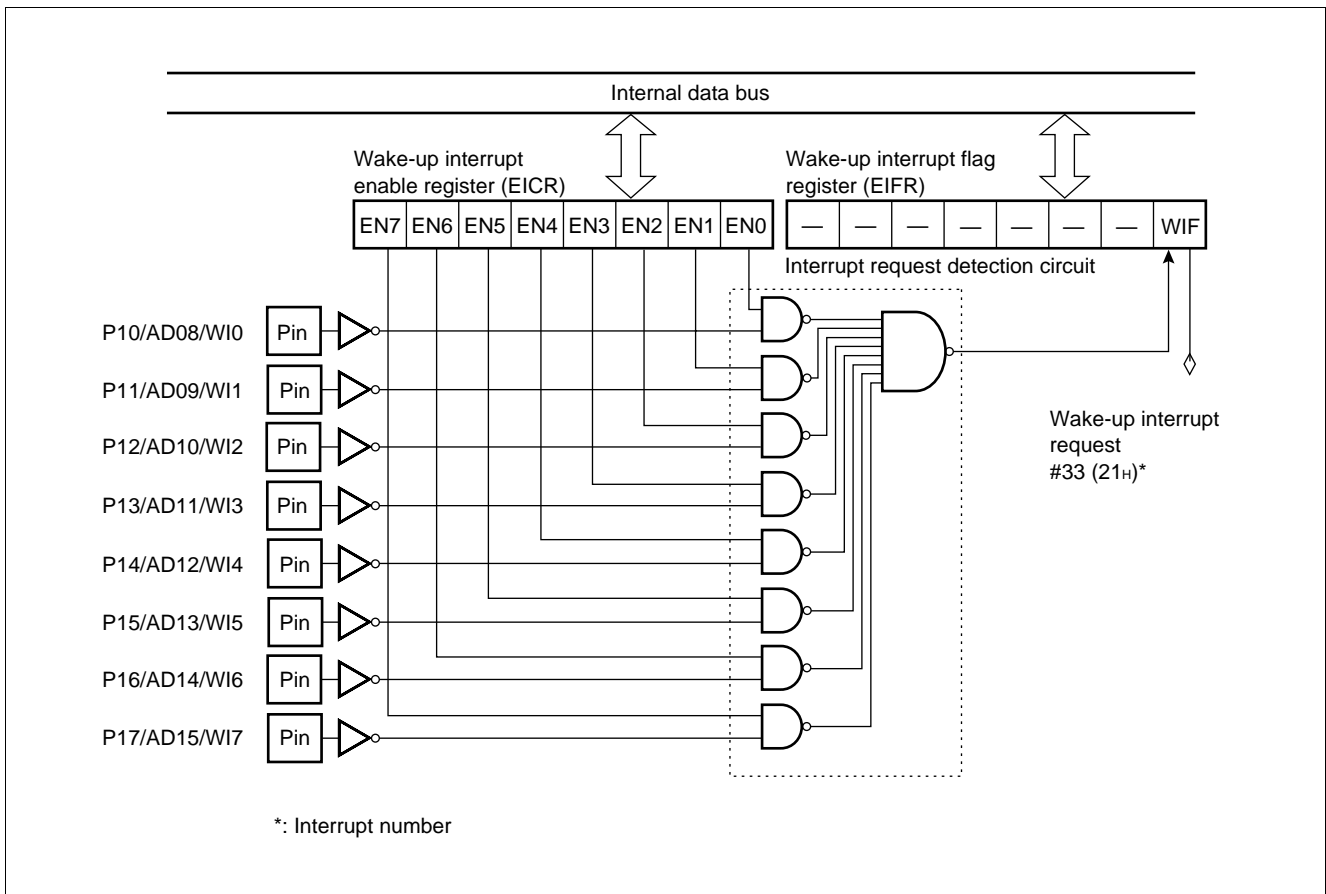
Wake-up interrupts transmits interrupt request ("L" level) generated by peripheral device located between external peripheral devices and the F<sup>2</sup>MC-16L CPU to the CPU and invokes interrupt processing.

The interrupt does not conform to the extended intelligent I/O service (EI<sup>2</sup>OS).

### (1) Register Configuration



### (2) Block Diagram

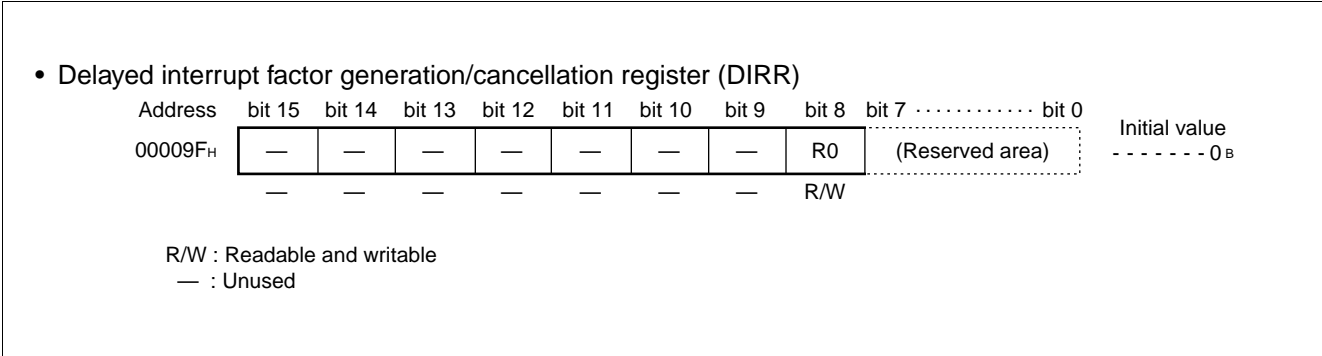


## 14. Delayed Interrupt Generation Module

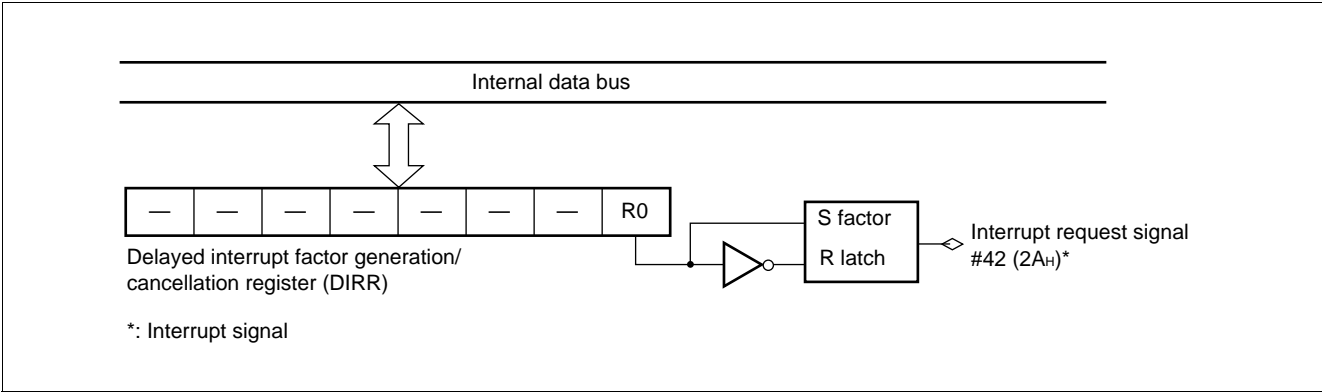
The delayed interrupt generation module generates interrupts for switching tasks for development on a realtime operating system (REALOS software). The module can be used to generate hardware interrupt requests to the CPU with software and cancel the interrupt requests.

This module does not conform to the extended intelligent I/O service (EI<sup>2</sup>OS).

### (1) Register Configuration



### (2) Block Diagram



# MB90670/675 Series

## 15. 8/10-bit A/D Converter

The 8/10-bit A/D converter has a function of converting analog voltage input to the analog input pins (input voltage) to digital values (A/D conversion) and has the following features.

- Minimum conversion time: 6.13  $\mu$ s (at machine clock of 16 MHz, including sampling time)
- Minimum sampling time: 3.75  $\mu$ s (at machine clock of 16 MHz)
- Conversion method: RC successive approximation method with a sample and hold circuit.
- Resolution: 10-bit or 8-bit selective
- Analog input pins: Selectable from eight channels by software

One-shot conversion mode: Stops conversion after completing a conversion for a stopped channel (one channel only) or for successive channels (maximum of eight channels can be specified)

Continuous conversion mode: Continues conversions for a specified channel (one channel only) or for successive channels (maximum of eight channels can be specified)

Stop conversion mode: Stops conversion after completing a conversion for one channel and wait for the next activation.

- Interrupt requests can be generated and the extended intelligent I/O service (EI<sup>2</sup>OS) can be started after the end of A/D conversion.
- When interrupts are enabled, there is no loss of data even in continuous operations because the conversion data protection function is in effect.
- Starting factors for conversion: Selected from software activation, 16-bit reload timer 1 output (rising edge), and external trigger (falling edge).

### (1) Register Configuration

- A/D control status register upper digits (ADCS: H)

|                     |        |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |           |       |       |                       |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-----------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| Address             | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7     | ..... | bit 0 | Initial value         |
| 00002D <sub>H</sub> | BUSY   | INT    | INTE   | PAUS   | STS1   | STS0   | STRT  | RESV  | (ADCS: L) |       |       | 00000000 <sub>B</sub> |
|                     | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | W     | R/W   |           |       |       |                       |

- A/D control status register lower digits (ADCS: L)

|                     |           |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                       |
|---------------------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| Address             | bit 15    | ..... | bit 8 | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value         |
| 00002C <sub>H</sub> | (ADCS: H) |       |       | MD1   | MD0   | ANS2  | ANS1  | ANS0  | ANE2  | ANE1  | ANE0  | 00000000 <sub>B</sub> |
|                     |           |       |       | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   |                       |

- A/D data register (ADCR)

|                     |        |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |  |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| Address             | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value                                  |
| 00002E <sub>H</sub> | S10    | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | D9    | D8    | D7    | D6    | D5    | D4    | D3    | D2    | D1    | D0    | XXXXXXXX <sub>B</sub><br>0000000X <sub>B</sub> |
|                     | R/W    | —      | —      | —      | —      | —      | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     | R     |  |

R/W : Readable and writable

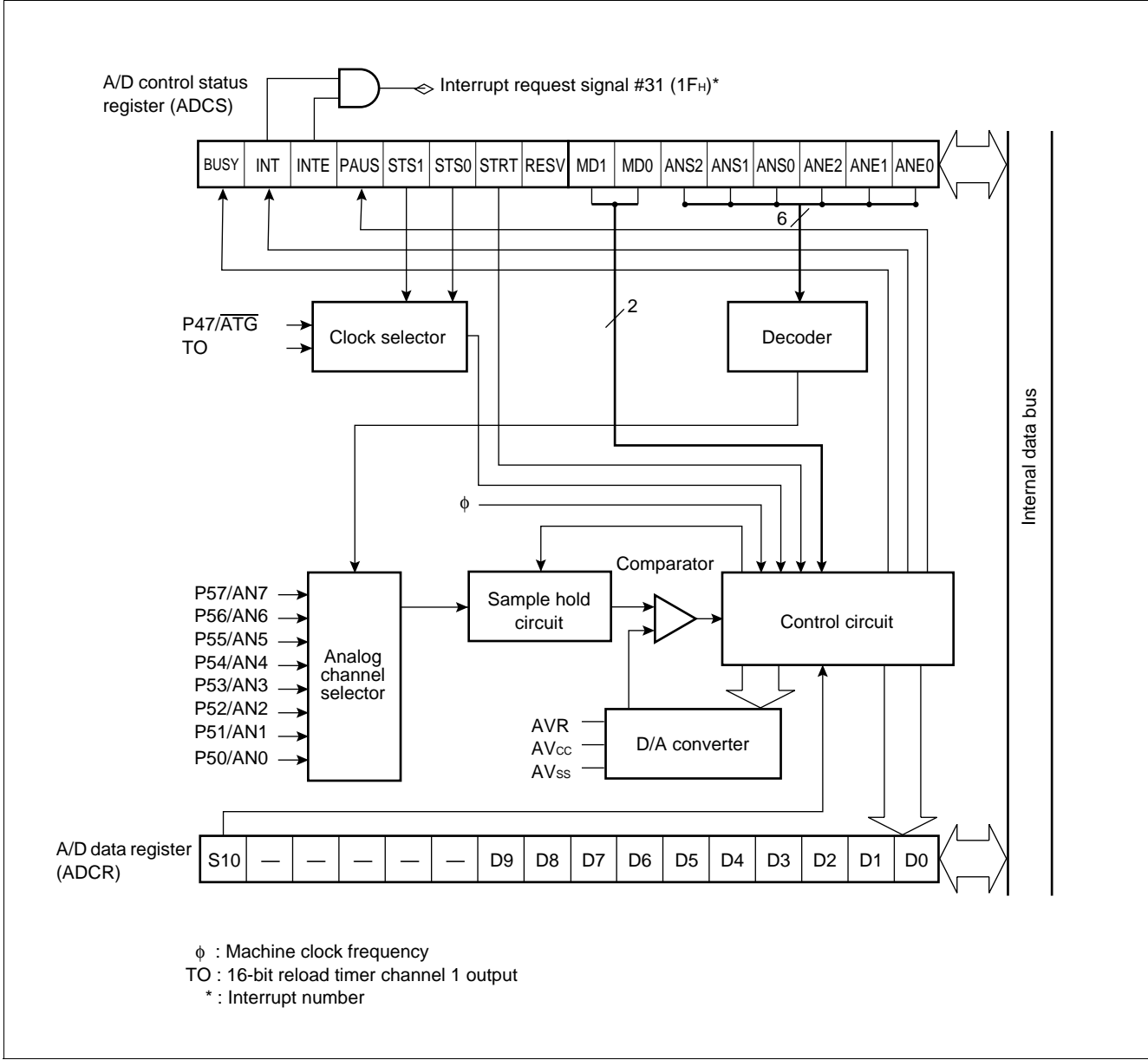
R : Read only

W : Write only

— : Unused

X : Indeterminate

**(2) Block Diagram**



# MB90670/675 Series

## 16. Low-power Consumption (Standby) Mode

The F<sup>2</sup>MC-16L has the following CPU operating mode configured by selection of an operating clock and clock operation control.

- **Clock mode**

PLL clock mode: A mode in which the CPU and peripheral equipment are driven by PLL-multiplied oscillation clock (HCLK).

Main clock mode: A mode in which the CPU and peripheral equipment are driven by divided-by-2 of the oscillation clock (HCLK).

The PLL multiplication circuits stops in the main clock mode.

- **CPU intermittent operation mode**

The CPU intermittent operation mode is a mode for reducing power consumption by operating the CPU intermittently while external bus and peripheral functions are operated at a high-speed.

- **Hardware stand-by mode**

The hardware standby mode is a mode for reducing power consumption by stopping clock supply (sleep mode) to the CPU by the low-power consumption control circuit, stopping clock supplies to the CPU and peripheral functions (timebase timer mode), and stopping oscillation clock (stop mode, hardware standby mode).

Of these modes, modes other than the PLL clock mode are power consumption modes.

### (1) Register Configuration

- **Clock select register (CKSCR)**

|         |        |        |        |        |        |        |       |       |         |       |       |                       |
|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| Address | bit 15 | bit 14 | bit 13 | bit 12 | bit 11 | bit 10 | bit 9 | bit 8 | bit 7   | ..... | bit 0 | Initial value         |
| 0000A1H | RESV   | MCM    | WS1    | WS0    | RESV   | MCS    | CS1   | CS0   | (LPMCR) |       |       | 11111100 <sub>B</sub> |
|         | R/W    | R      | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | R/W    | W     | R/W   |         |       |       |                       |

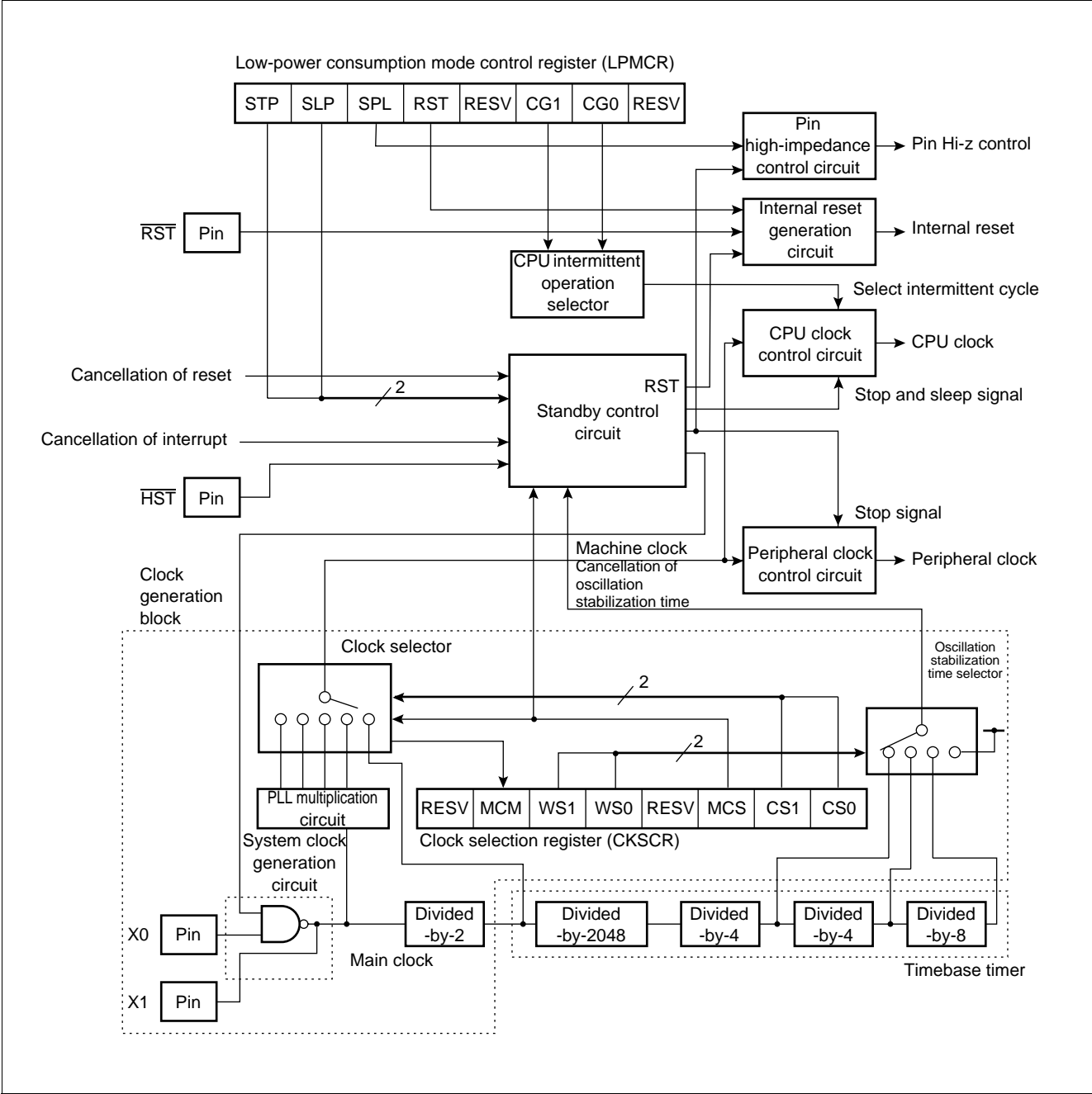
- **Low-power consumption mode control register (LPMCR)**

|         |         |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |                       |
|---------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| Address | bit 15  | ..... | bit 8 | bit 7 | bit 6 | bit 5 | bit 4 | bit 3 | bit 2 | bit 1 | bit 0 | Initial value         |
| 0000A0H | (CKSCR) |       |       | STP   | SLP   | SPL   | RST   | RESV  | CG1   | CG0   | RESV  | 00011000 <sub>B</sub> |
|         |         |       |       | W     | W     | R/W   | W     | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   | R/W   |                       |

R/W : Readable and writable  
 R : Read only  
 W : Write only



(2) Block Diagram



# MB90670/675 Series

## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

( $AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ )

| Parameter                              | Symbol            | Value          |                | Unit | Remarks |
|--|-------------------|----------------|----------------|------|---------|
|  |                   | Min.           | Max.           |      |         |
| Power supply voltage                   | $V_{CC}$          | $V_{SS} - 0.3$ | $V_{SS} + 7.0$ | V    |         |
|  | $AV_{CC}$         | $V_{SS} - 0.3$ | $V_{SS} + 7.0$ | V    | *1      |
|  | AVRH,<br>AVRL     | $V_{SS} - 0.3$ | $V_{SS} + 7.0$ | V    | *1      |
| Input voltage                          | $V_I$             | $V_{SS} - 0.3$ | $V_{CC} + 0.3$ | V    | *2      |
| Output voltage                         | $V_O$             | $V_{SS} - 0.3$ | $V_{CC} + 0.3$ | V    | *2      |
| “L” level maximum output current       | $I_{OL}$          | —              | 15             | mA   | *3      |
| “L” level average output current       | $I_{OLAV}$        | —              | 4              | mA   | *4      |
| “L” level total maximum output current | $\Sigma I_{OL}$   | —              | 100            | mA   |         |
| “L” level total average output current | $\Sigma I_{OLAV}$ | —              | 50             | mA   | *5      |
| “H” level maximum output current       | $I_{OH}$          | —              | -15            | mA   | *3      |
| “H” level average output current       | $I_{OHAV}$        | —              | -4             | mA   | *4      |
| “H” level total maximum output current | $\Sigma I_{OH}$   | —              | -100           | mA   |         |
| “H” level total average output current | $\Sigma I_{OHAV}$ | —              | -50            | mA   | *5      |
| Power consumption                      | $P_D$             | —              | 400            | mW   |         |
| Operating temperature                  | $T_A$             | -40            | +85            | °C   |         |
| Storage temperature                    | $T_{stg}$         | -55            | +150           | °C   |         |

\*1:  $AV_{CC}$  shall never exceed  $V_{CC}$ . AVRH shall never exceed  $V_{CC}$  and  $AV_{CC}$ . Also, AVRL shall never exceed  $V_{CC}$ ,  $AV_{CC}$  and AVRH.

\*2:  $V_I$  and  $V_O$  shall never exceed  $V_{CC} + 0.3\text{ V}$ .

\*3: The maximum output current is a peak value for a corresponding pin.

\*4: Average output current is an average current value observed for a 100 ms period for a corresponding pin.

\*5: Total average current is an average current value observed for a 100 ms period for all corresponding pins.

WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

## 2. Recommended Operating Conditions

( $V_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ )

| Parameter             | Symbol   | Value |      | Unit | Remarks                                      |
|-----------------------|----------|-------|------|------|--|
|                       |          | Min.  | Max. |      |  |
| Power supply voltage  | $V_{CC}$ | 2.7   | 5.5  | V    | Normal operation                             |
|                       | $V_{CC}$ | 2.0   | 5.5  | V    | Retains status at the time of operation stop |
| Operating temperature | $T_A$    | -40   | +85  | °C   |  |

**WARNING:** The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their FUJITSU representatives beforehand.

# MB90670/675 Series

## 3. DC Characteristics

( $A_{V_{CC}} = V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $A_{V_{SS}} = V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+85^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Parameter                         | Symbol     | Pin name   | Condition  | Value          |      |                | Unit          | Remarks        |
|-----------------------------------|------------|--|--|----------------|------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
|                                   |            |  |  | Min.           | Typ. | Max.           |               |                |
| "H" level input voltage           | $V_{IH}$   | Pins other than $V_{IHS}$ and $V_{IHM}$  | —  | $0.7 V_{CC}$   | —    | $V_{CC} + 0.3$ | V             |                |
|                                   | $V_{IHS}$  | Hysteresis input pins P24 to P27, P40 to P47, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80, $\overline{HST}$ , $\overline{RST}$   |  | $0.8 V_{CC}$   | —    | $V_{CC} + 0.3$ | V             | MB90670 series |
|                                   | $V_{IHS}$  | Hysteresis input pins P24 to P27, P40 to P47, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P86, $\overline{HST}$ , $\overline{RST}$ , P90, P91, PA0 to PA7, PB0 to PB2 |  | $0.8 V_{CC}$   | —    | $V_{CC} + 0.3$ | V             | MB90675 series |
|                                   | $V_{IHM}$  | MD pin input   |  | $V_{CC} - 0.3$ | —    | $V_{CC} + 0.3$ | V             |                |
| "L" level input voltage           | $V_{IL}$   | Pins other than $V_{ILS}$ and $V_{ILM}$  | —  | $V_{SS} - 0.3$ | —    | $0.3 V_{CC}$   | V             |                |
|                                   | $V_{ILS}$  | Hysteresis input pins P24 to P27, P40 to P47, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80, $\overline{HST}$ , $\overline{RST}$   |  | $V_{SS} - 0.3$ | —    | $0.2 V_{CC}$   | V             | MB90670 series |
|                                   | $V_{ILS}$  | Hysteresis input pins P24 to P27, P40 to P47, P60 to P67, P70 to P77, P80 to P86, $\overline{HST}$ , $\overline{RST}$ , P90, P91, PA0 to PA7, PB0 to PB2 |  | $V_{SS} - 0.3$ | —    | $0.2 V_{CC}$   | V             | MB90675 series |
|                                   | $V_{ILM}$  | MD pin input   |  | $V_{SS} - 0.3$ | —    | $V_{SS} + 0.3$ | V             |                |
| "H" level output voltage          | $V_{OH}$   | Other than P50 to P57  | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$<br>$I_{OH} = -4.0\text{ mA}$ | $V_{CC} - 0.5$ | —    | —              | V             |                |
|                                   | $V_{OH}$   | Other than P50 to P57  | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$<br>$I_{OH} = -1.6\text{ mA}$ | $V_{CC} - 0.3$ | —    | —              | V             |                |
| "L" level output voltage          | $V_{OL}$   | All output pins  | $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$<br>$I_{OL} = 4.0\text{ mA}$  | —              | —    | 0.4            | V             |                |
|                                   | $V_{OL}$   | All output pins  | $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$<br>$I_{OL} = 2.0\text{ mA}$  | —              | —    | 0.4            | V             |                |
| Open-drain output leakage current | $I_{leak}$ | P50 to P57, P90, P91*1   | —  | —              | 0.1  | 10             | $\mu\text{A}$ |                |

(Continued)

# MB90670/675 Series

(Continued)

( $AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+85^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Parameter             | Symbol    | Pin name   | Condition  | Value |      |      | Unit             | Remarks                                  |
|-----------------------|-----------|--|--|-------|------|------|------------------|--|
|                       |           |  |  | Min.  | Typ. | Max. |                  |  |
| Input leakage current | $I_{IL}$  | Other than P50 to P57, P90 and P91                     | $V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$<br>$V_{SS} < V_I < V_{CC}$ | -10   | —    | 10   | $\mu\text{A}$    |  |
| Pull-up resistance    | R         | —  | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$                            | 25    | 45   | 100  | $\text{k}\Omega$ |  |
|                       | R         | —  | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$                            | 40    | 95   | 200  | $\text{k}\Omega$ |  |
| Pull-down resistance  | R         | —  | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$                            | 25    | 50   | 200  | $\text{k}\Omega$ |  |
|                       | R         | —  | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V}$                            | 40    | 100  | 400  | $\text{k}\Omega$ |  |
| Power supply current  | $I_{CC}$  | —  | Internal operation at 16 MHz<br>$V_{CC}$ at 5.0 V  | —     | 50   | 70   | mA               | Normal operation*2                       |
|                       | $I_{CCS}$ | —  | Internal operation at 16 MHz<br>$V_{CC}$ at 5.0 V  | —     | 10   | 30   | mA               | In sleep mode*2                          |
|                       | $I_{CC}$  | —  | Internal operation at 8 MHz<br>$V_{CC}$ at 3.0 V   | —     | 12   | 20   | mA               | Normal operation*2                       |
|                       | $I_{CCS}$ | —  | Internal operation at 8 MHz<br>$V_{CC}$ at 3.0 V   | —     | 2.5  | 10   | mA               | In sleep mode*2                          |
|                       | $I_{CCH}$ | —  | $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$                          | —     | 0.1  | 10   | $\mu\text{A}$    | In stop mode and hardware standby mode*2 |
| Input capacitance     | $C_{IN}$  | Other than $AV_{CC}$ , $AV_{SS}$ , $V_{CC}$ , $V_{SS}$ | —  | —     | 10   | —    | pF               |  |

\*1: Only MB90675 series has P90 and P91 pins.

\*2: The current value is preliminary value and may be subject to change for enhanced characteristics without previous notice.

# MB90670/675 Series

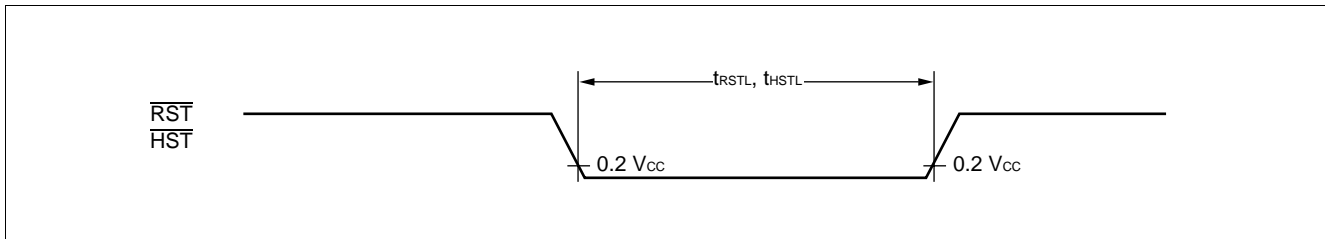
## 4. AC Characteristics

### (1) Reset Input Timing, Hardware Standby Input Timing

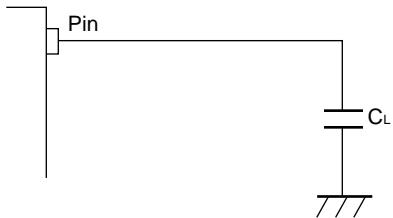
( $A_{V_{CC}} = V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $A_{V_{SS}} = V_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } +85^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Parameter                   | Symbol     | Pin name         | Condition | Value         |      | Unit | Remarks |
|-----------------------------|------------|------------------|-----------|---------------|------|------|---------|
|                             |            |                  |           | Min.          | Max. |      |         |
| Reset input time            | $t_{RSTL}$ | $\overline{RST}$ | —         | 16 $t_{CP}^*$ | —    | ns   |         |
| Hardware standby input time | $t_{HSTL}$ | $\overline{HST}$ |           | 16 $t_{CP}^*$ | —    | ns   |         |

\*: For  $t_{CP}$  (internal operating clock cycle time), refer to “(3) Clock Timings.”



#### • Measurement conditions for AC ratings



$C_L$  is a load capacitance connected to a pin under test.

CLK, ALE:  $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$

Address data bus (AD15 to AD00),  $\overline{RD}$ ,  $\overline{WR}$ :  $C_L = 80 \text{ pF}$

## (2) Specification for Power-on Reset

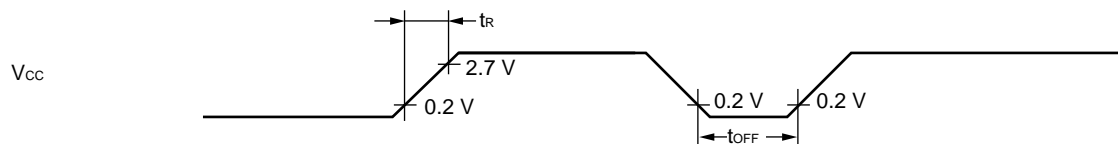
( $A_{V_{SS}} = V_{SS} = 0.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Parameter                 | Symbol    | Pin name | Condition | Value |      | Unit | Remarks                    |
|---------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|-------|------|------|----------------------------|
|                           |           |          |           | Min.  | Max. |      |                            |
| Power supply rising time  | $t_R$     | $V_{CC}$ | —         | —     | 30   | ms   | *                          |
| Power supply cut-off time | $t_{OFF}$ | $V_{CC}$ | —         | 1     | —    | ms   | Due to repeated operations |

\*:  $V_{CC}$  must be kept lower than 0.2 V before power-on.

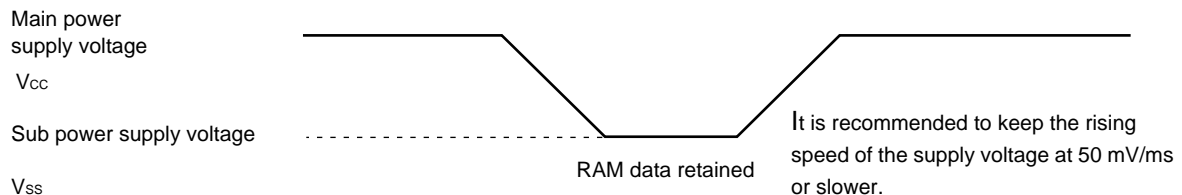
Notes : • The above ratings are values for causing a power-on reset.

- When  $\overline{\text{HST}}$  is set to "L" level, apply power according to this table to cause a power-on reset irrespective of whether or not a power-on reset is required.
- For built-in resources in the device, re-apply power to the resources to cause a power-on reset.
- There are internal registers which can be initialized only by a power-on reset. Apply power according to this rating to ensure initialization of the registers.



Sudden changes in the power supply voltage may cause a power-on reset.

To change the power supply voltage while the device is in operation, it is recommended to raise the voltage smoothly to suppress fluctuations as shown below.



# MB90670/675 Series

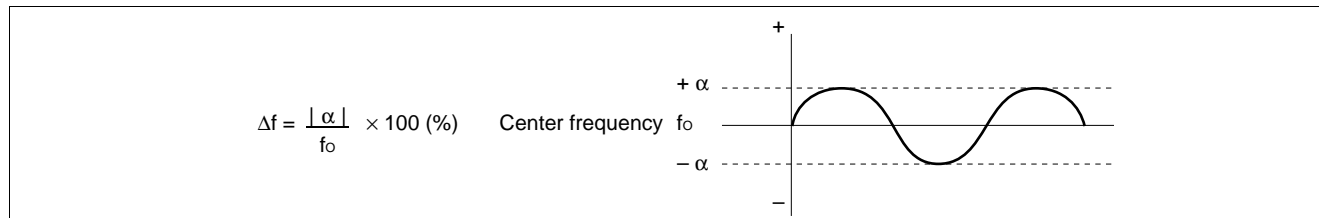
## (3) Clock Timing

- Operation at 5.0 V ± 10%

(AV<sub>SS</sub> = V<sub>SS</sub> = 0.0 V, T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C)

| Parameter                           | Symbol                               | Pin name | Condition | Value |      |      | Unit | Remarks                              |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|-----------|-------|------|------|------|--------------------------------------|
|                                     |                                      |          |           | Min.  | Typ. | Max. |      |                                      |
| Clock frequency                     | F <sub>C</sub>                       | X0, X1   | —         | 3     | —    | 32   | MHz  |                                      |
| Clock cycle time                    | t <sub>c</sub>                       | X0, X1   |           | 31.25 | —    | 333  | ns   |                                      |
| Input clock pulse width             | P <sub>WH</sub> ,<br>P <sub>WL</sub> | X0       |           | 10    | —    | —    | ns   | Recommended duty ratio of 30% to 70% |
| Input clock rising/falling time     | t <sub>CR</sub> ,<br>t <sub>CF</sub> | X0       |           | —     | —    | 5    | ns   |                                      |
| Internal operating clock frequency  | f <sub>CP</sub>                      | —        |           | 1.5   | —    | 16   | MHz  |                                      |
| Internal operating clock cycle time | t <sub>CP</sub>                      | —        |           | 62.5  | —    | 666  | ns   |                                      |
| Frequency fluctuation rate locked   | Δf                                   | P37/CLK  |           | —     | —    | 3    | %    | *                                    |

\*: The frequency fluctuation rate is the maximum deviation rate of the preset center frequency when the multiplied PLL signal is locked.



The PLL frequency deviation changes periodically from the preset frequency “(about CLK × (1CYC to 50 CYC))”, thus minimizing the chance of worst values to be repeated (errors are minimal and negligible for pulses with long intervals).



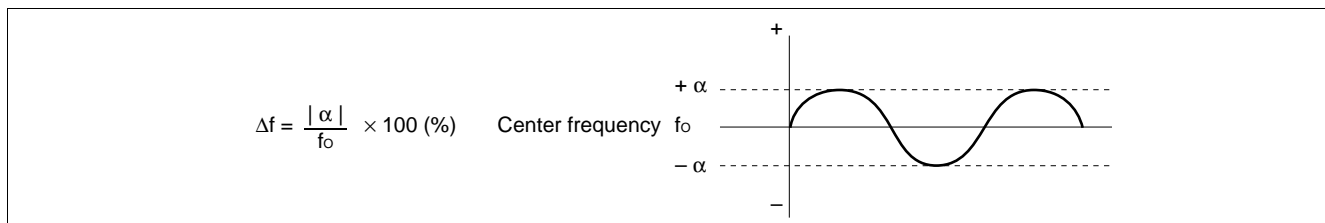
# MB90670/675 Series

• Operation at  $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$  (minimum value)

( $A_{V_{SS}} = V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Parameter                           | Symbol           | Pin name | Condition | Value |      |      | Unit | Remarks                              |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|----------|-----------|-------|------|------|------|--------------------------------------|
|                                     |                  |          |           | Min.  | Typ. | Max. |      |                                      |
| Clock frequency                     | $F_C$            | X0, X1   | —         | 3     | —    | 16   | MHz  |                                      |
| Clock cycle time                    | $t_c$            | X0, X1   |           | 62.5  | —    | 333  | ns   |                                      |
| Input clock pulse width             | $P_{WH}, P_{WL}$ | X0       |           | 20    | —    | —    | ns   | Recommended duty ratio of 30% to 70% |
| Input clock rising/falling time     | $t_{CR}, t_{CF}$ | X0       |           | —     | —    | 5    | ns   |                                      |
| Internal operating clock frequency  | $f_{CP}$         | —        |           | 1.5   | —    | 8    | MHz  |                                      |
| Internal operating clock cycle time | $t_{CP}$         | —        |           | 125   | —    | 666  | ns   |                                      |
| Frequency fluctuation rate locked   | $\Delta f$       | P37/CLK  |           | —     | —    | 3    | %    | *                                    |

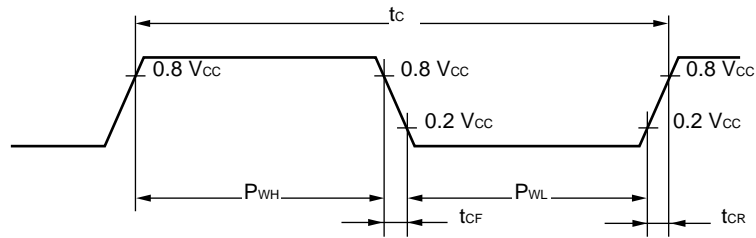
\*: The frequency fluctuation rate is the maximum deviation rate of the preset center frequency when the multiplied PLL signal is locked.



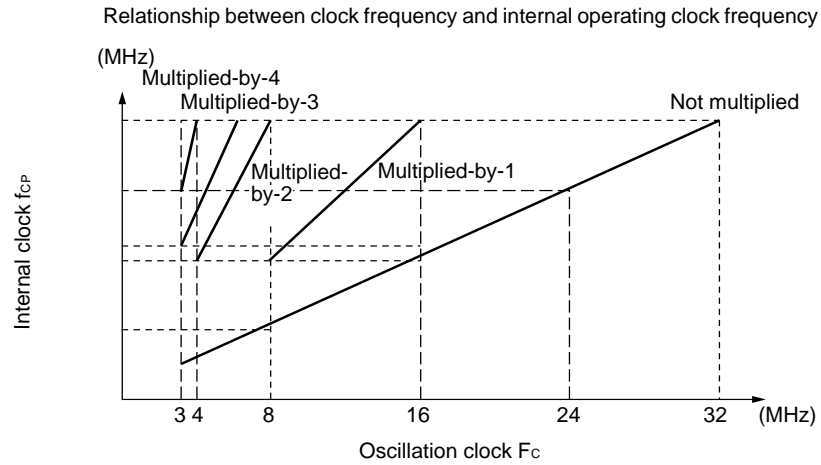
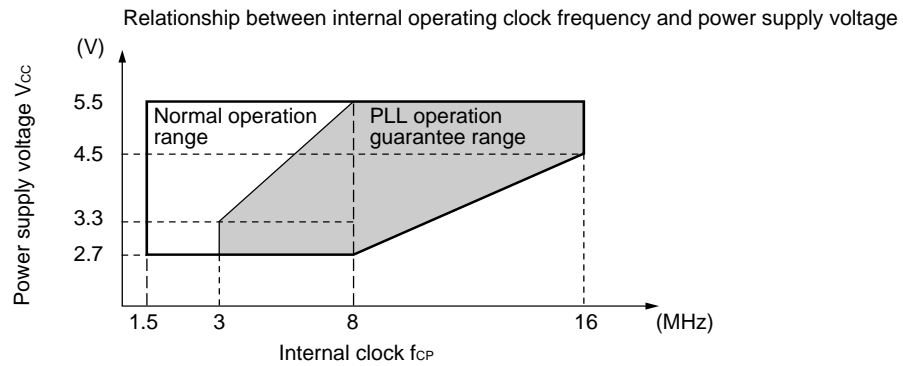
The PLL frequency deviation changes periodically from the preset frequency “(about  $CLK \times (1CYC$  to  $50\text{ CYC})$ ”, thus minimizing the chance of worst values to be repeated (errors are minimal and negligible for pulses with long intervals).

# MB90670/675 Series

## • Clock timing



## • PLL operation guarantee range



Note : The operation guarantee range on the lower voltage is 2.7 V for the evaluation chips.

The AC ratings are measured for the following measurement reference voltages.

### • Input signal waveform

Hysteresis input pin

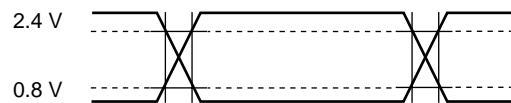


Pins other than hysteresis input/MD input



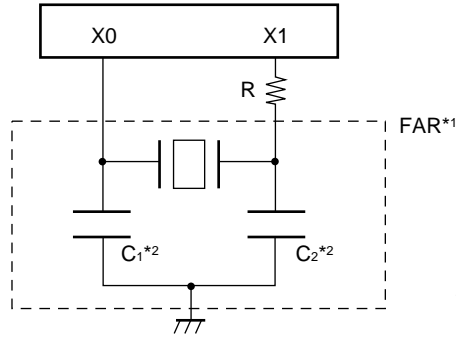
### • Output signal waveform

Output pin



## (4) Recommended Resonator Manufacturers

- Sample application of piezoelectric resonator (FAR family)



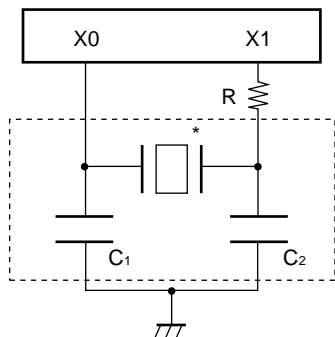
\*1: FUJITSU MEDIA DEVICES Acoustic Resonator

| FAR part number<br>(built-in capacitor type) | Frequency<br>(MHz) | Damping<br>resistor | Initial deviation<br>of FAR frequen-<br>cy<br>(T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C) | Temperature char-<br>acteristics of FAR<br>frequency<br>(T <sub>A</sub> = -20°C to<br>+60°C) | Loading ca-<br>pacitors*2 |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|--|--|---------------------------|
| FAR-C4□C-2000-□20                            | 2.00               | 510 Ω               | ±0.5%  | ±0.5%  | Built-in                  |
| FAR-C4□A-4000-□01                            | 4.00               | —                   | ±0.5%  | ±0.5%  | Built-in                  |
| FAR-C4□B-4000-□02                            | 4.00               | —                   | ±0.5%  | ±0.5%  | Built-in                  |
| FAR-C4□B-4000-□00                            | 4.00               | —                   | ±0.5%  | ±0.5%  | Built-in                  |
| FAR-C4□B-8000-□02                            | 8.00               | —                   | ±0.5%  | ±0.5%  | Built-in                  |
| FAR-C4□B-12000-□02                           | 12.00              | —                   | ±0.5%  | ±0.5%  | Built-in                  |
| FAR-C4□B-16000-□02                           | 16.00              | —                   | ±0.5%  | ±0.5%  | Built-in                  |
| FAR-C4□B-20000-L14B                          | 20.00              | —                   | ±0.5%  | ±0.5%  | Built-in                  |
| FAR-C4□B-24000-L14A                          | 24.00              | —                   | ±0.5%  | ±0.5%  | Built-in                  |

Inquiry: FUJITSU MEDIA DEVICES LIMITED

# MB90670/675 Series

• Sample application of ceramic resonator



• Mask ROM product

| Resonator manufacturer | Resonator     | Frequency (MHz) | C <sub>1</sub> (pF) | C <sub>2</sub> (pF) | R            |
|------------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Kyocera Corporation    | KBR-2.0MS     | 2.00            | 150                 | 150                 | Not required |
|                        | PBRC-2.00A    | 2.00            | 150                 | 150                 | Not required |
|                        | KBR-4.0MSA    | 4.00            | 33                  | 33                  | 680 Ω        |
|                        | KBR-4.0MKS    | 4.00            | Built-in            | Built-in            | 680 Ω        |
|                        | PBRC4.00A     | 4.00            | 33                  | 33                  | 680 Ω        |
|                        | PBRC4.00B     | 4.00            | Built-in            | Built-in            | 680 Ω        |
|                        | KBR-6.0MSA    | 6.00            | 33                  | 33                  | Not required |
|                        | KBR-6.0MKS    | 6.00            | Built-in            | Built-in            | Not required |
|                        | PBRC6.00A     | 6.00            | 33                  | 33                  | Not required |
|                        | PBRC6.00B     | 6.00            | Built-in            | Built-in            | Not required |
|                        | KBR-8.0M      | 8.00            | 33                  | 33                  | 560 Ω        |
|                        | PBRC8.00A     | 8.00            | 33                  | 33                  | Not required |
|                        | PBRC8.00B     | 8.00            | Built-in            | Built-in            | Not required |
|                        | KBR-10.0M     | 10.00           | 33                  | 33                  | 330 Ω        |
|                        | PBRC10.00B    | 10.00           | Built-in            | Built-in            | 680 Ω        |
|                        | KBR-12.0M     | 12.00           | 33                  | 33                  | 330 Ω        |
| PBRC-12.00B            | 12.00         | Built-in        | Built-in            | 680 Ω               |              |
| Murata Mfg. Co., Ltd.  | CSA2.00MG040  | 2.00            | 100                 | 100                 | Not required |
|                        | CST2.00MG040  | 2.00            | Built-in            | Built-in            | Not required |
|                        | CSA4.00MG040  | 4.00            | 100                 | 100                 | Not required |
|                        | CST4.00MGW040 | 4.00            | Built-in            | Built-in            | Not required |
|                        | CSA6.00MG     | 6.00            | 30                  | 30                  | Not required |
|                        | CST6.00MGW    | 6.00            | Built-in            | Built-in            | Not required |
|                        | CSA8.00MTZ    | 8.00            | 30                  | 30                  | Not required |
|                        | CST8.00MTW    | 8.00            | Built-in            | Built-in            | Not required |

(Continued)

# MB90670/675 Series

(Continued)

| Resonator manufacturer | Resonator      | Frequency (MHz) | C <sub>1</sub> (pF) | C <sub>2</sub> (pF) | R            |
|------------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Murata Mfg. Co., Ltd.  | CSA10.0MTZ     | 10.00           | 30                  | 30                  | Not required |
|                        | CST10.0MTW     | 10.00           | Built-in            | Built-in            | Not required |
|                        | CSA12.0MTZ     | 12.00           | 30                  | 30                  | Not required |
|                        | CST12.0MTW     | 12.00           | Built-in            | Built-in            | Not required |
|                        | CSA16.00MXZ040 | 16.00           | 15                  | 15                  | Not required |
|                        | CST16.00MXW0C3 | 16.00           | Built-in            | Built-in            | Not required |
|                        | CSA20.00MXZ040 | 20.00           | 10                  | 10                  | Not required |
|                        | CSA24.00MXZ040 | 24.00           | 5                   | 5                   | Not required |
|                        | CST24.00MXW0H1 | 24.00           | Built-in            | Built-in            | Not required |
|                        | CSA32.00MXZ040 | 32.00           | 5                   | 5                   | Not required |
| CST32.00MXW040         | 32.00          | Built-in        | Built-in            | Not required        |              |
| TDK Corporation        | FCR4.0MC5      | 4.00            | Built-in            | Built-in            | Not required |

• One-time product

| Resonator manufacturer | Resonator      | Frequency (MHz) | C <sub>1</sub> (pF) | C <sub>2</sub> (pF) | R            |
|------------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Murata Mfg. Co., Ltd.  | CSTCS4.00MG0C5 | 4.0             | Built-in            | Built-in            | Not required |
|                        | CST8.00MTW     | 8.00            | Built-in            | Built-in            | Not required |
|                        | CSACS8.00MT    | 8.00            | 30                  | 30                  | Not required |
|                        | CSA10.0MTZ     | 10.00           | 30                  | 30                  | Not required |
|                        | CST10.0MTW     | 10.00           | Built-in            | Built-in            | Not required |
| TDK Corporation        | FCR4.0MC5      | 4.00            | Built-in            | Built-in            | Not required |

Inquiry:Kyocera Corporation

•AVX Corporation

North American Sales Headquarters: TEL 1-803-448-9411

•AVX Limited

European Sales Headquarters: TEL 44-1252-770000

•AVX/Kyocera H.K. Ltd.

Asian Sales Headquarters: TEL 852-363-3303

Murata Mfg. Co., Ltd.

•Murata Electronics North America, Inc.: TEL 1-404-436-1300

•Murata Europe Management GmbH: TEL 49-911-66870

•Murata Electronics Singapore (Pte.) Ltd.: TEL 65-758-4233

TDK Corporation

•TDK Corporation of America

Chicago Regional Office: TEL 1-708-803-6100

•TDK Electronics Europe GmbH

Components Division: TEL 49-2102-9450

•TDK Singapore (PTE) Ltd.: TEL 65-273-5022

•TDK Hongkong Co., Ltd.: TEL 852-736-2238

•Korea Branch, TDK Corporation: TEL 82-2-554-6633

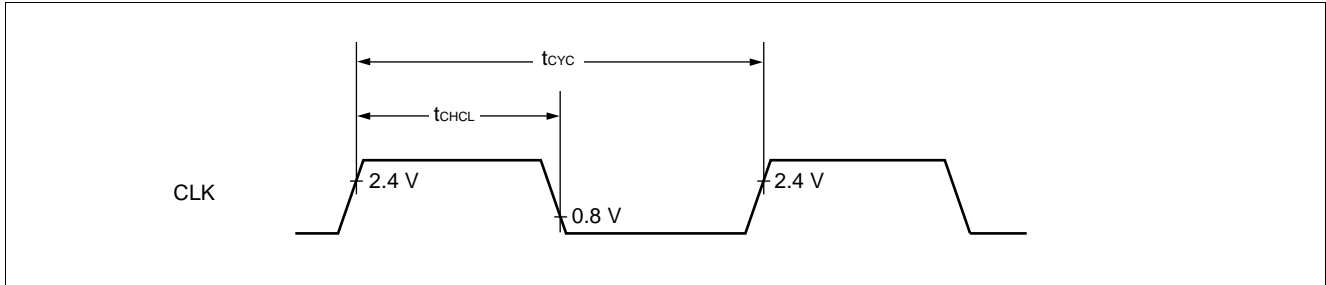
# MB90670/675 Series

## (5) Clock Output Timing

( $V_{CC} = V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+85^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Parameter                                   | Symbol     | Pin name | Condition                        | Value               |                     | Unit | Remarks                             |
|---|------------|----------|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------|-------------------------------------|
|   |            |          |                                  | Min.                | Max.                |      |                                     |
| Cycle time                                  | $t_{CYC}$  | CLK      | —                                | $1 t_{CP}^*$        | —                   | ns   |                                     |
| CLK $\uparrow \rightarrow$ CLK $\downarrow$ | $t_{CHCL}$ | CLK      | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ | $1 t_{CP}^*/2 - 20$ | $1 t_{CP}^*/2 + 20$ | ns   | $5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ is $\pm 20$ |
|   | $t_{CHCL}$ | CLK      | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ | $1 t_{CP}^*/2 - 35$ | $1 t_{CP}^*/2 + 35$ | ns   | $3.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ is $\pm 35$ |

\*: For  $t_{CP}$  (internal operating clock cycle time), refer to "(3) Clock Timing".



# MB90670/675 Series

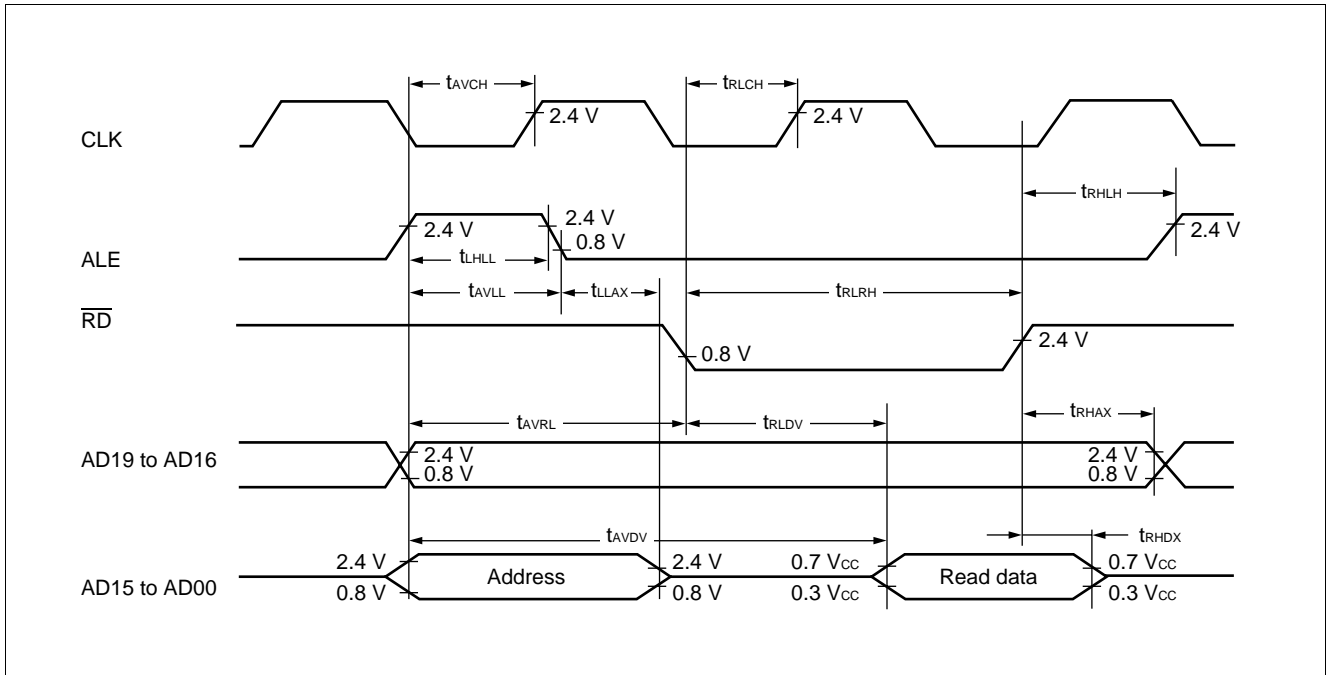
## (6) Bus Read Timing

( $V_{CC} = V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+85^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Parameter                                  | Symbol      | Pin name                        | Condition                        | Value               |                     | Unit | Remarks |
|--|-------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------|---------|
|  |             |                                 |                                  | Min.                | Max.                |      |         |
| ALE pulse width                            | $t_{LHLL}$  | ALE                             | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ | $1 t_{CP}^*/2 - 20$ | —                   | ns   |         |
|  | $t_{LHLL}$  | ALE                             | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ | $1 t_{CP}^*/2 - 35$ | —                   | ns   |         |
| Effective address →<br>ALE ↓ time          | $t_{AVLL}$  | AD15 to AD00                    | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ | $1 t_{CP}^*/2 - 25$ | —                   | ns   |         |
|  | $t_{AVLL}$  | AD15 to AD00                    | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ | $1 t_{CP}^*/2 - 40$ | —                   | ns   |         |
| ALE ↓ → address effective time             | $t_{LLAX}$  | AD15 to AD00                    | —                                | $1 t_{CP}^*/2 - 15$ | —                   | ns   |         |
| Effective address → $\overline{RD}$ ↓ time | $t_{AVRL}$  | AD15 to AD00                    | —                                | $1 t_{CP}^* - 15$   | —                   | ns   |         |
| Effective address →<br>read data time      | $t_{AVDV}$  | AD15 to AD00                    | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ | —                   | $5 t_{CP}^*/2 - 60$ | ns   |         |
|  | $t_{AVDV}$  | AD15 to AD00                    | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ | —                   | $5 t_{CP}^*/2 - 80$ | ns   |         |
| $\overline{RD}$ pulse width                | $t_{RLRH}$  | $\overline{RD}$                 | —                                | $3 t_{CP}^*/2 - 20$ | —                   | ns   |         |
| $\overline{RD}$ ↓ → read data time         | $t_{RLDV}$  | AD15 to AD00                    | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ | —                   | $3 t_{CP}^*/2 - 60$ | ns   |         |
|  | $t_{RLDV}$  | AD15 to AD00                    | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ | —                   | $3 t_{CP}^*/2 - 80$ | ns   |         |
| $\overline{RD}$ ↑ → data hold time         | $t_{RHDX}$  | AD15 to AD00                    | —                                | 0                   | —                   | ns   |         |
| $\overline{RD}$ ↑ → ALE ↑ time             | $t_{RH LH}$ | $\overline{RD}$ , ALE           | —                                | $1 t_{CP}^*/2 - 15$ | —                   | ns   |         |
| $\overline{RD}$ ↑ → address disappear time | $t_{RHAX}$  | $\overline{RD}$ ,<br>A19 to A16 | —                                | $1 t_{CP}^*/2 - 10$ | —                   | ns   |         |
| Effective address →<br>CLK ↑ time          | $t_{AVCH}$  | CLK,<br>A19 to A16              | —                                | $1 t_{CP}^*/2 - 20$ | —                   | ns   |         |
| $\overline{RD}$ ↓ → CLK ↑ time             | $t_{RLCH}$  | $\overline{RD}$ , CLK           | —                                | $1 t_{CP}^*/2 - 20$ | —                   | ns   |         |

\* : For  $t_{CP}$  (internal operating clock cycle time), refer to “(3) Clock Timing”.

# MB90670/675 Series





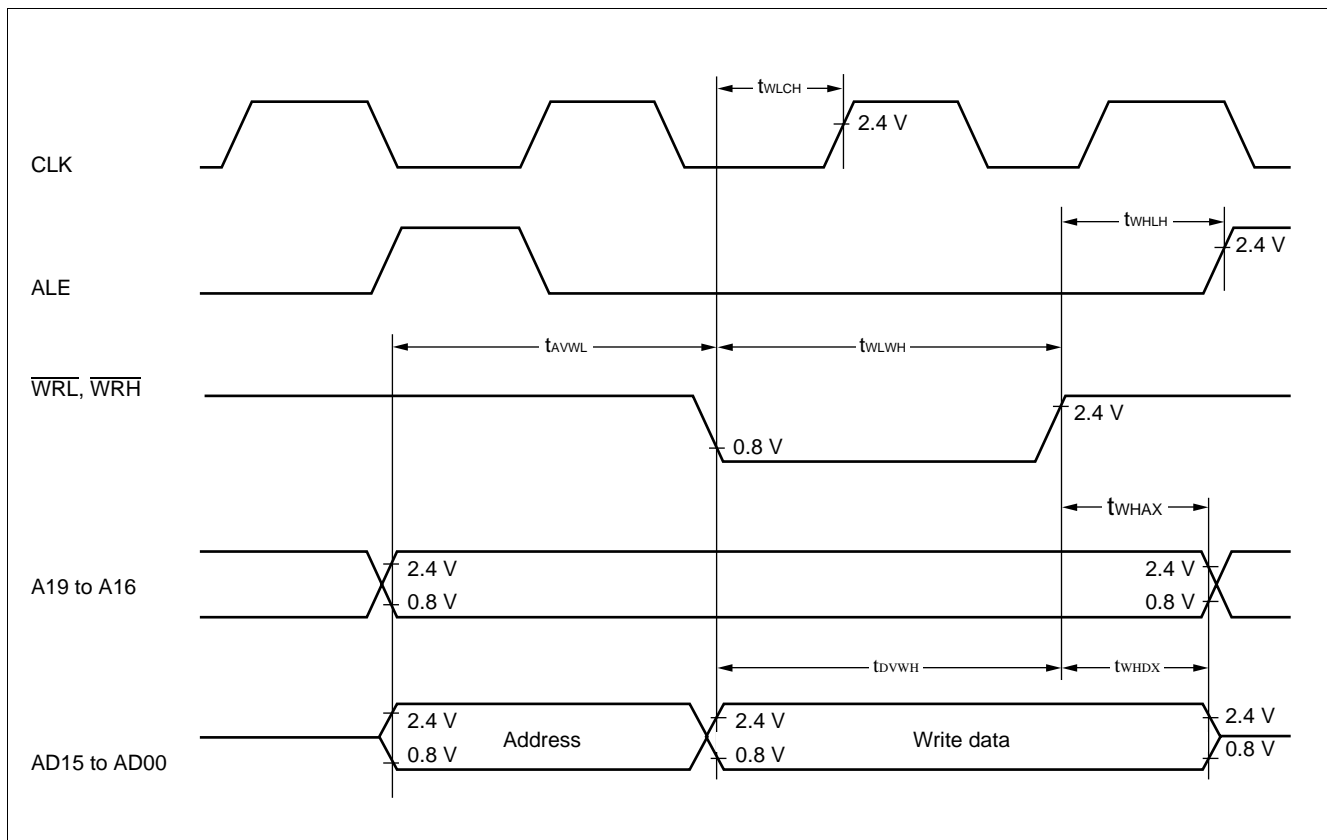
# MB90670/675 Series

## (7) Bus Write Timing

( $V_{CC} = V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+85^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Parameter   | Symbol     | Pin name               | Condition                        | Value               |      | Unit | Remarks |
|---|------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|------|------|---------|
|   |            |                        |                                  | Min.                | Max. |      |         |
| Effective address $\rightarrow \overline{WR}$ $\downarrow$ time | $t_{AVWL}$ | A19 to A00             | —                                | $1 t_{CP} - 15$     | —    | ns   |         |
| $\overline{WR}$ pulse width                                     | $t_{WLWH}$ | $\overline{WR}$        |                                  | $3 t_{CP}^*/2 - 20$ | —    | ns   |         |
| Write data $\rightarrow \overline{WR}$ $\uparrow$ time          | $t_{DVWH}$ | AD15 to AD00           |                                  | $3 t_{CP}^*/2 - 20$ | —    | ns   |         |
| $\overline{WR}$ $\uparrow$ $\rightarrow$ data hold time         | $t_{WHDX}$ | AD15 to AD00           | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ | 20                  | —    | ns   |         |
|   | $t_{WHDX}$ | AD15 to AD00           | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ | 30                  | —    | ns   |         |
| $\overline{WR}$ $\uparrow$ $\rightarrow$ address disappear time | $t_{WHAX}$ | A19 to A00             | —                                | $1 t_{CP}^*/2 - 10$ | —    | ns   |         |
| $\overline{WR}$ $\uparrow$ $\rightarrow$ ALE $\uparrow$ time    | $t_{WHLH}$ | $\overline{WRL}$ , ALE |                                  | $1 t_{CP}^*/2 - 15$ | —    | ns   |         |
| $\overline{WR}$ $\downarrow$ $\rightarrow$ CLK $\uparrow$ time  | $t_{WLCH}$ | $\overline{WRH}$ , CLK |                                  | $1 t_{CP}^*/2 - 20$ | —    | ns   |         |

\*: For  $t_{CP}$  (internal operating clock cycle time), refer to “(3) Clock Timing”.



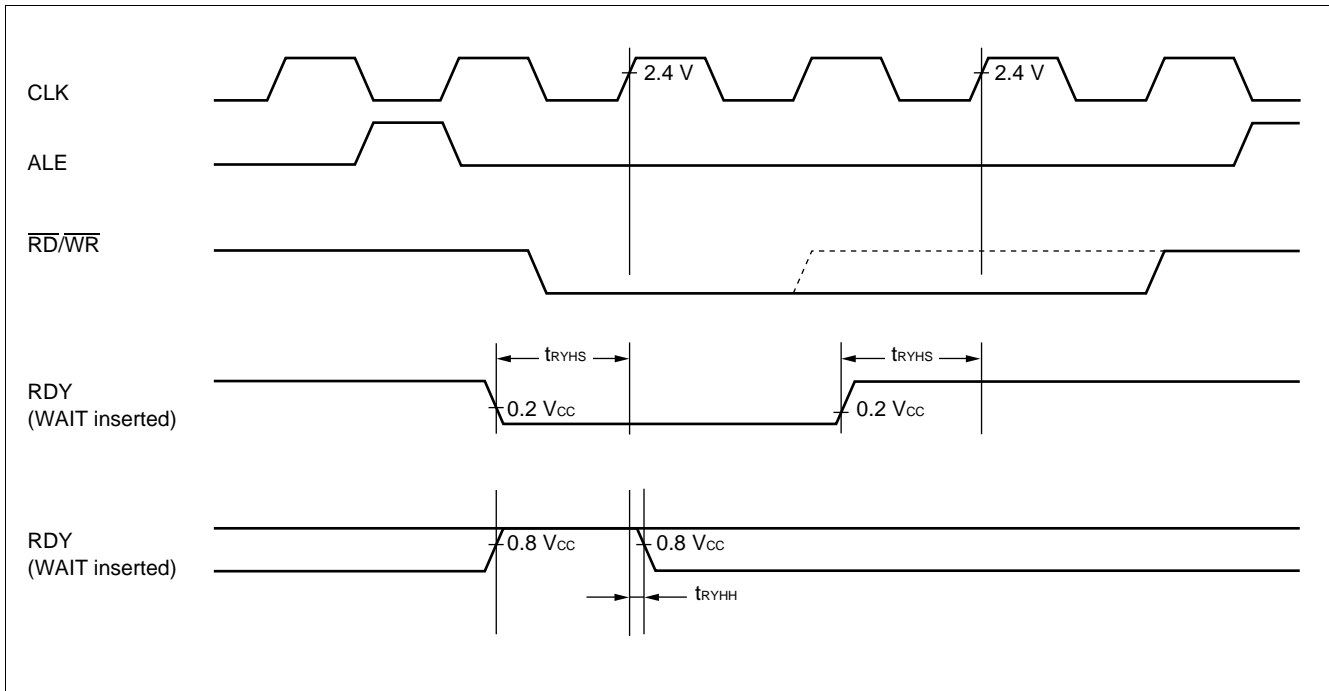
# MB90670/675 Series

## (8) Ready Input Timing

( $AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+85^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Parameter      | Symbol            | Pin name | Condition                    | Value |      | Unit | Remarks |
|----------------|-------------------|----------|------------------------------|-------|------|------|---------|
|                |                   |          |                              | Min.  | Max. |      |         |
| RDY setup time | t <sub>RYHS</sub> | RDY      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V ±10% | 45    | —    | ns   |         |
|                | t <sub>RYHS</sub> | RDY      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V ±10% | 70    | —    | ns   |         |
| RDY hold time  | t <sub>RYHH</sub> | RDY      | —                            | 0     | —    | ns   |         |

Note : Use the auto-ready function when the setup time for the rising of the RDY signal is not sufficient.



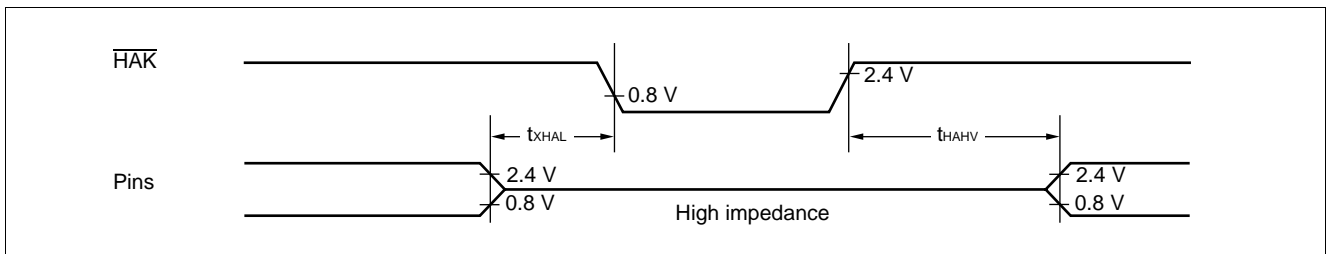
## (9) Hold Timing

( $AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+85^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Parameter                               | Symbol            | Pin name | Condition | Value               |                     | Unit | Remarks |
|---|-------------------|----------|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|------|---------|
|   |                   |          |           | Min.                | Max.                |      |         |
| Pins in floating status →<br>HAK ↓ time | t <sub>XHAL</sub> | HAK      | —         | 30                  | 1 t <sub>CP</sub> * | ns   |         |
| HAK ↑ → pin valid time                  | t <sub>HAHV</sub> | HAK      | —         | 1 t <sub>CP</sub> * | 2 t <sub>CP</sub> * | ns   |         |

\* : For t<sub>CP</sub> (internal operating clock cycle time), refer to “(3) Clock Timing”.

Note : More than 1 machine cycle is needed before HAK changes after HRQ pin is fetched.



# MB90670/675 Series

## (10) UART0 Timing

( $A_{V_{CC}} = V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $A_{V_{SS}} = V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+85^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Parameter                    | Symbol            | Pin name | Condition                    | Value               |      | Unit | Remarks  |
|------------------------------|-------------------|----------|------------------------------|---------------------|------|------|--|
|                              |                   |          |                              | Min.                | Max. |      |  |
| Serial clock cycle time      | t <sub>SCYC</sub> | —        | —                            | 8 t <sub>CP</sub> * | —    | ns   | Internal shift clock mode<br>C <sub>L</sub> = 80 pF<br>+ 1 TTL for an output pin |
| SCK ↓ → SOT delay time       | t <sub>SLOV</sub> | —        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V ±10% | - 80                | 80   | ns   |  |
|                              | t <sub>SLOV</sub> | —        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V ±10% | - 120               | 120  | ns   |  |
| Valid SIN → SCK ↑            | t <sub>IVSH</sub> | —        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V ±10% | 100                 | —    | ns   |  |
|                              | t <sub>IVSH</sub> | —        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V ±10% | 200                 | —    | ns   |  |
| SCK ↑ → valid SIN hold time  | t <sub>SHIX</sub> | —        | —                            | 1 t <sub>CP</sub> * | —    | ns   | External shift clock mode<br>C <sub>L</sub> = 80 pF<br>+ 1 TTL for an output pin |
| Serial clock "H" pulse width | t <sub>SHSL</sub> | —        | —                            | 4 t <sub>CP</sub> * | —    | ns   |  |
| Serial clock "L" pulse width | t <sub>SLSH</sub> | —        | —                            | 4 t <sub>CP</sub> * | —    | ns   |  |
| SCK ↓ → SOT delay time       | t <sub>SLOV</sub> | —        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V ±10% | —                   | 150  | ns   |  |
|                              | t <sub>SLOV</sub> | —        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V ±10% | —                   | 200  | ns   |  |
| Valid SIN → SCK ↑            | t <sub>IVSH</sub> | —        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V ±10% | 60                  | —    | ns   |  |
|                              | t <sub>IVSH</sub> | —        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V ±10% | 120                 | —    | ns   |  |
| SCK ↑ → valid SIN hold time  | t <sub>SHIX</sub> | —        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V ±10% | 60                  | —    | ns   |  |
|                              | t <sub>SHIX</sub> | —        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V ±10% | 120                 | —    | ns   |  |

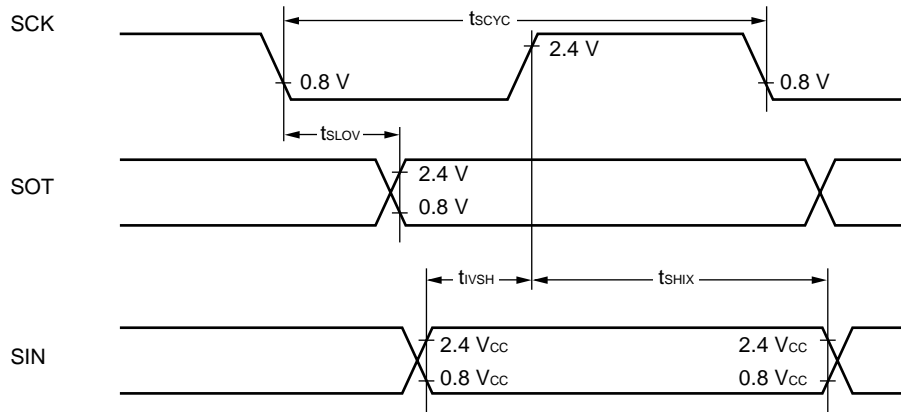
\* : For t<sub>CP</sub> (internal operating clock cycle time), refer to "(3) Clock Timing".

Notes : • These are AC ratings in the CLK synchronous mode.

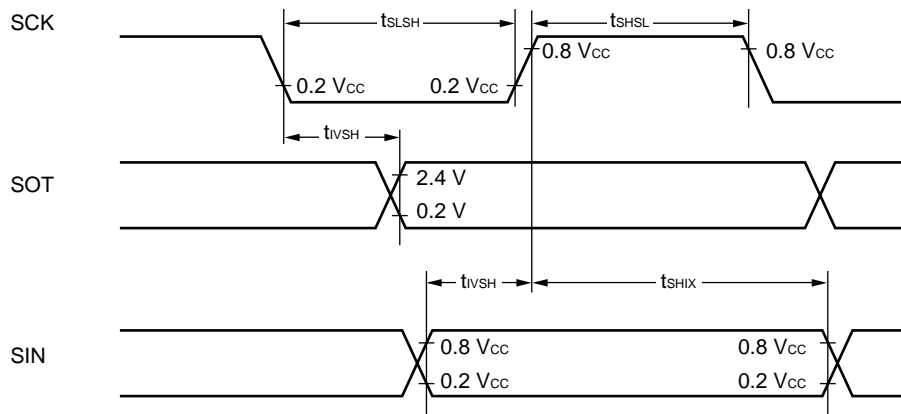
- C<sub>L</sub> is the load capacitor connected to pins while testing.

# MB90670/675 Series

- Internal shift clock mode



- External shift clock mode



## (11) UART1 Timing

( $A_{V_{CC}} = V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $A_{V_{SS}} = V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+85^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Parameter                    | Symbol            | Pin name | Condition                    | Value               |      | Unit | Remarks  |
|------------------------------|-------------------|----------|------------------------------|---------------------|------|------|--|
|                              |                   |          |                              | Min.                | Max. |      |  |
| Serial clock cycle time      | t <sub>SCYC</sub> | —        | —                            | 8 t <sub>CP</sub> * | —    | ns   | Internal shift clock mode<br>C <sub>L</sub> = 80 pF<br>+ 1 TTL for an output pin |
| SCK ↓ → SOT delay time       | t <sub>SLOV</sub> | —        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V ±10% | - 80                | 80   | ns   |  |
|                              | t <sub>SLOV</sub> | —        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V ±10% | - 120               | 120  | ns   |  |
| Valid SIN → SCK ↑            | t <sub>IVSH</sub> | —        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V ±10% | 100                 | —    | ns   |  |
|                              | t <sub>IVSH</sub> | —        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V ±10% | 200                 | —    | ns   |  |
| SCK ↑ → valid SIN hold time  | t <sub>SHIX</sub> | —        | —                            | 1 t <sub>CP</sub> * | —    | ns   | External shift clock mode<br>C <sub>L</sub> = 80 pF<br>+ 1 TTL for an output pin |
| Serial clock "H" pulse width | t <sub>SHSL</sub> | —        | —                            | 4 t <sub>CP</sub> * | —    | ns   |  |
| Serial clock "L" pulse width | t <sub>SLSH</sub> | —        | —                            | 4 t <sub>CP</sub> * | —    | ns   |  |
| SCK ↓ → SOT delay time       | t <sub>SLOV</sub> | —        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V ±10% | —                   | 150  | ns   |  |
|                              | t <sub>SLOV</sub> | —        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V ±10% | —                   | 200  | ns   |  |
| Valid SIN → SCK ↑            | t <sub>IVSH</sub> | —        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V ±10% | 60                  | —    | ns   |  |
|                              | t <sub>IVSH</sub> | —        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V ±10% | 120                 | —    | ns   |  |
| SCK ↑ → valid SIN hold time  | t <sub>SHIX</sub> | —        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V ±10% | 60                  | —    | ns   |  |
|                              | t <sub>SHIX</sub> | —        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V ±10% | 120                 | —    | ns   |  |

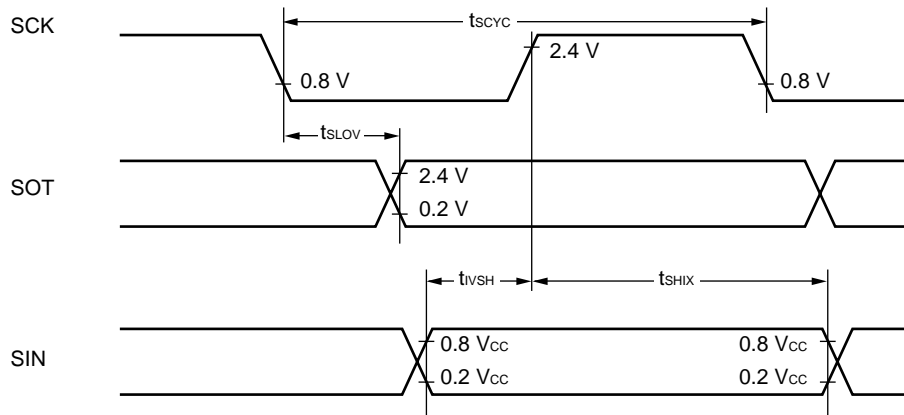
\* : For t<sub>CP</sub> (internal operating clock cycle time), refer to "(3) Clock Timing".

Notes : • These are AC ratings in the CLK synchronous mode.

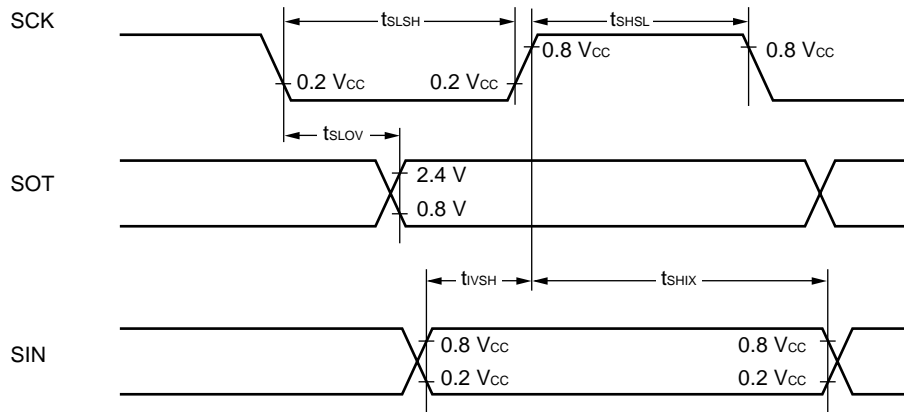
- C<sub>L</sub> is the load capacitor connected to pins while testing.

# MB90670/675 Series

- Internal shift clock mode



- External shift clock mode

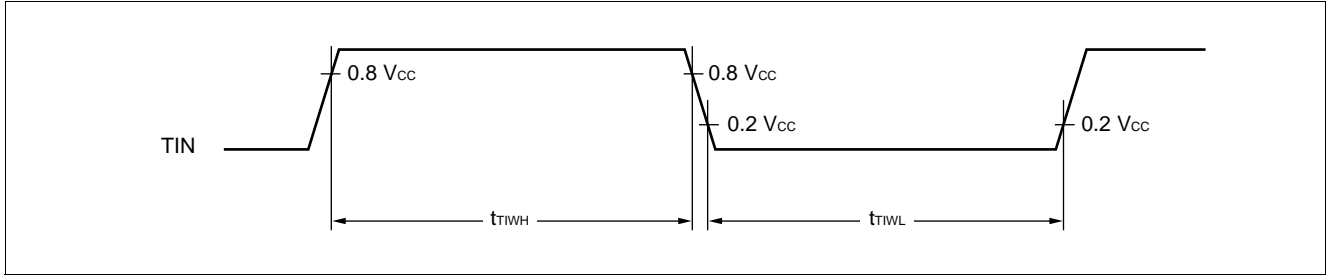


## (12) Timer Input Timing

( $AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+85^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Parameter         | Symbol                     | Pin name   | Condition | Value        |      | Unit | Remarks |
|-------------------|----------------------------|------------|-----------|--------------|------|------|---------|
|                   |                            |            |           | Min.         | Max. |      |         |
| Input pulse width | $t_{TIWH}$ ,<br>$t_{TIWL}$ | TIN0, TON1 | —         | $4 t_{CP}^*$ | —    | ns   |         |

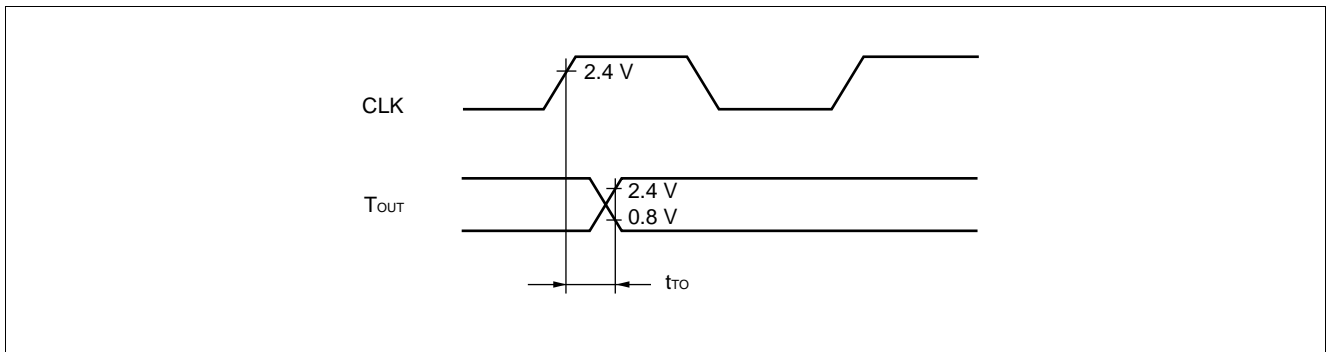
\* : For  $t_{CP}$  (internal operating clock cycle time), refer to “(3) Clock Timing”.



## (13) Timer Output Timing

( $AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+85^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Parameter   | Symbol   | Pin name   | Condition                        | Value |      | Unit | Remarks |
|---|----------|------------|----------------------------------|-------|------|------|---------|
|   |          |            |                                  | Min.  | Max. |      |         |
| CLK $\uparrow$ $\rightarrow$ T <sub>OUT</sub> transition time | $t_{TO}$ | TOT0, TOT1 | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ | 30    | —    | ns   |         |
|   | $t_{TO}$ | TOT0, TOT1 | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ | 80    | —    | ns   |         |



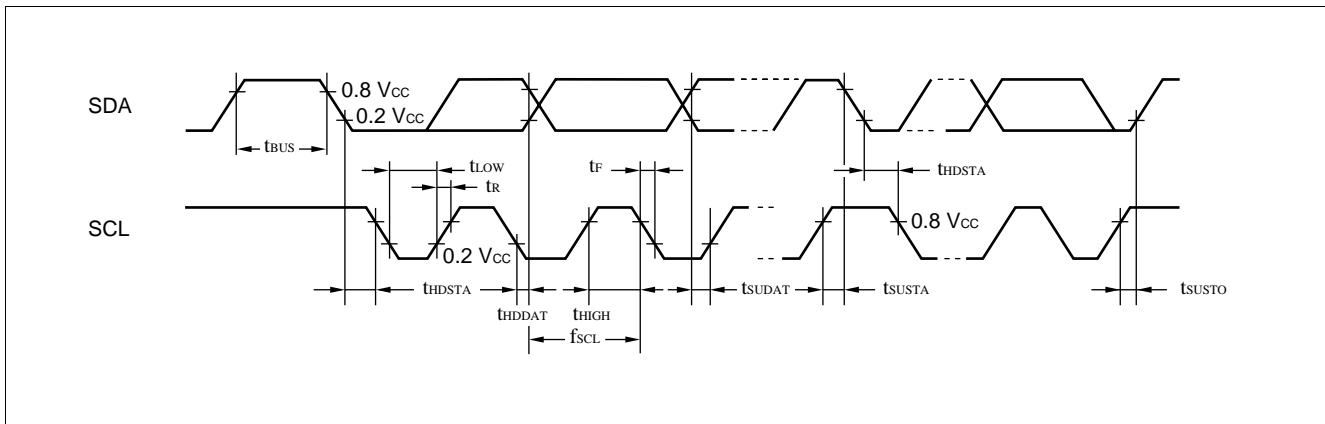
# MB90670/675 Series

## (14) I<sup>2</sup>C Timing

( $V_{CC} = V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ,  $V_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Parameter  | Symbol      | Pin name | Condition | Value |      | Unit          | Remarks   |
|--|-------------|----------|-----------|-------|------|---------------|---|
|  |             |          |           | Min.  | Max. |               |   |
| SCL clock frequency                                    | $f_{SCL}$   | —        | —         | 0     | 100  | kHz           |   |
| Bus free time between stop and start conditions        | $t_{BUS}$   | —        |           | 4.7   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
| Hold time (re-transmission) start                      | $t_{HDSTA}$ | —        |           | 4.0   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ | The first clock pulse is generated after this period. |
| LOW status hold time of SCL clock                      | $t_{LOW}$   | —        |           | 4.7   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
| HIGH status hold time of SCL clock                     | $t_{HIGH}$  | —        |           | 4.0   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
| Setup time for conditions for starting re-transmission | $t_{SUSTA}$ | —        |           | 4.7   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
| Data hold time   | $t_{HDDAT}$ | —        |           | 0     | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |
| Data setup time  | $t_{SUDAT}$ | —        |           | 250   | —    | ns            |   |
| Rising time of SDA and SCL signals                     | $t_R$       | —        |           | —     | 1000 | ns            |   |
| Falling time of SDA and SCL signals                    | $t_F$       | —        |           | —     | 300  | ns            |   |
| Setup time for stop conditions                         | $t_{SUSTO}$ | —        |           | 4.0   | —    | $\mu\text{s}$ |   |

Note : Only MB90675 series has I<sup>2</sup>C.





## 5. A/D Converter Electrical Characteristics

( $AV_{CC} = V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ ,  $AV_{SS} = V_{SS} = 0.0\text{ V}$ ,  $2.7\text{ V} \leq AV_{RH} - AV_{RL}$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+85^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Parameter                        | Symbol    | Pin name   | Condition  | Value                |                      |                      | Unit                 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|------------|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
|                                  |           |            |  | Min.                 | Typ.                 | Max.                 |                      |
| Resolution                       | —         | —          | —  | —                    | —                    | 10                   | bit                  |
| Total error                      | —         | —          |  | —                    | —                    | $\pm 3.0$            | LSB                  |
| Linearity error                  | —         | —          |  | —                    | —                    | $\pm 2.0$            | LSB                  |
| Differential linearity error     | —         | —          |  | —                    | —                    | $\pm 1.5$            | LSB                  |
| Zero transition voltage          | $V_{OT}$  | AN0 to AN7 |  | —                    | AVRL<br>– 1.5<br>LSB | AVRL<br>+ 0.5<br>LSB | AVRL<br>+ 2.5<br>LSB |
| Full-scale transition voltage    | $V_{FST}$ | AN0 to AN7 | —  | AVRH<br>– 4.5<br>LSB | AVRH<br>– 1.5<br>LSB | AVRH<br>+ 0.5<br>LSB | mV                   |
| Conversion time                  | —         | —          | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$<br>at machine clock of<br>16 MHz  | 6.125                | —                    | —                    | $\mu\text{s}$        |
|                                  | —         | —          | $V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$<br>at machine clock of<br>8 MHz   | 12.25                | —                    | —                    | $\mu\text{s}$        |
| Analog port input current        | $I_{AIN}$ | AN0 to AN7 | —  | —                    | 0.1                  | 10                   | $\mu\text{A}$        |
| Analog input voltage             | $V_{AIN}$ | AN0 to AN7 |  | AVRL                 | —                    | AVRH                 | V                    |
| Reference voltage                | —         | AVRH       |  | AVRL<br>– 2.7        | —                    | $AV_{CC}$            | V                    |
|                                  | —         | AVRL       |  | 0                    | —                    | AVRH<br>– 2.7        | V                    |
| Power supply current             | $I_A$     | $AV_{CC}$  |  | —                    | —                    | 3                    | —                    |
|                                  | $I_{AH}$  | $AV_{CC}$  | Supply current<br>when CPU stopped<br>and A/D converter<br>not in operation<br>( $V_{CC} = AV_{CC} =$<br>$AVRH = 5.0\text{ V}$ ) | —                    | —                    | 5                    | $\mu\text{A}$        |
| Reference voltage supply current | $I_R$     | AVRH       | —  | —                    | 200                  | —                    | $\mu\text{A}$        |
|                                  | $I_{RH}$  | AVRH       | Supply current<br>when CPU stopped<br>and A/D converter<br>not in operation<br>( $V_{CC} = AV_{CC} =$<br>$AVRH = 5.0\text{ V}$ ) | —                    | —                    | 5                    | $\mu\text{A}$        |
| Offset between channels          | —         | AN0 to AN7 | —  | —                    | —                    | 4                    | LSB                  |

# MB90670/675 Series

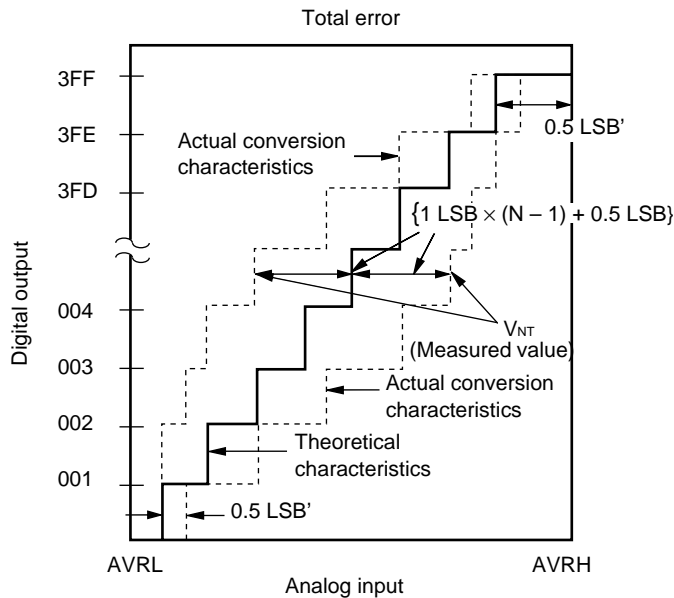
## 6. A/D Converter Glossary

Resolution: Analog changes that are identifiable with the A/D converter

Linearity error: The deviation of the straight line connecting the zero transition point ("00 0000 0000" ↔ "00 0000 0001") with the full-scale transition point ("11 1111 1110" ↔ "11 1111 1111") from actual conversion characteristics

Differential linearity error: The deviation of input voltage needed to change the output code by 1 LSB from the theoretical value

Total error: The total error is defined as a difference between the actual value and the theoretical value, which includes zero-transition error/full-scale transition error and linearity error.



$$1 \text{ LSB}' = (\text{Theoretical value}) \frac{\text{AVRH} - \text{AVRL}}{1024} \text{ [V]}$$

$$\text{Total error for digital output } N = \frac{V_{NT} - \{1 \text{ LSB}' \times (N - 1) + 0.5 \text{ LSB}'\}}{1 \text{ LSB}'} \text{ [LSB]}$$

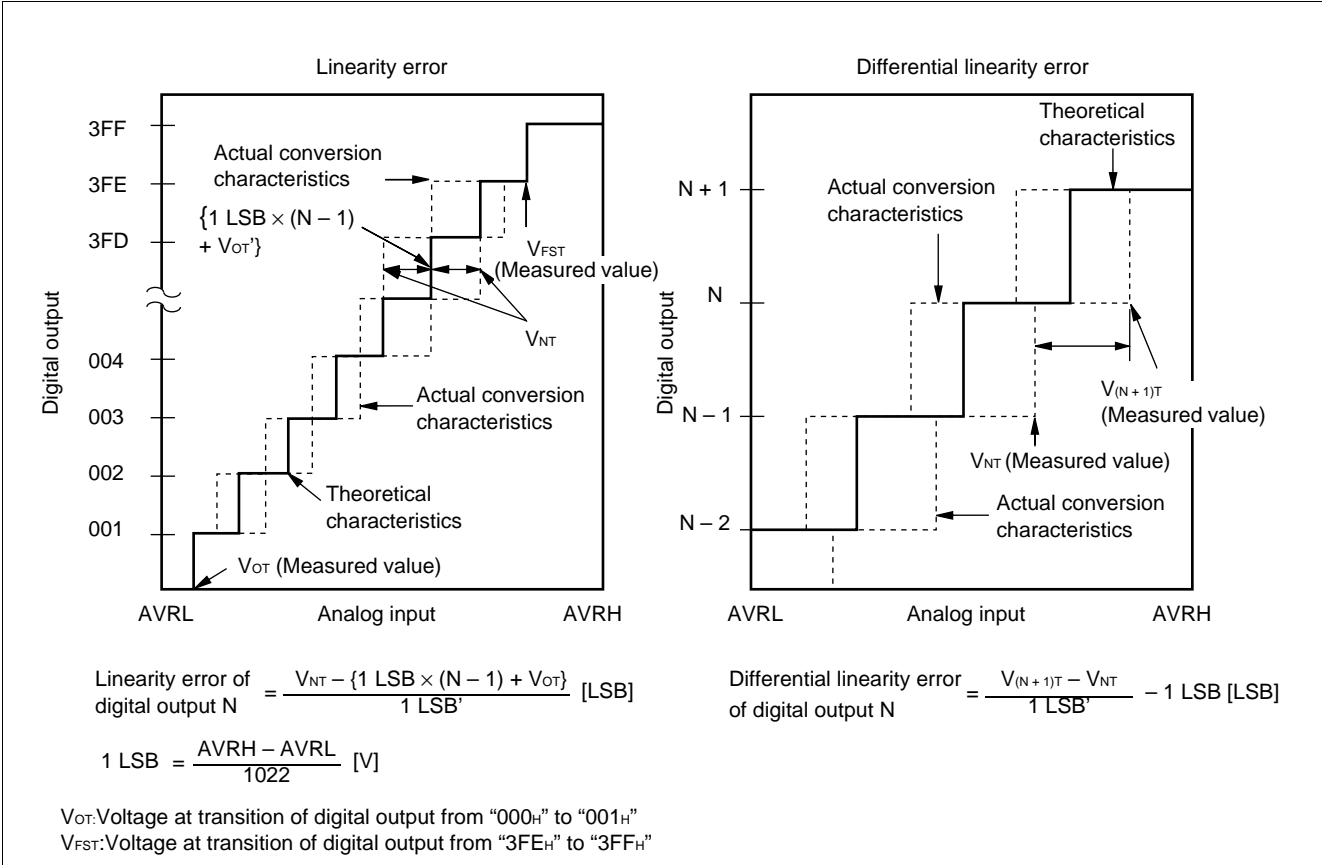
$$V_{0T}' (\text{Theoretical value}) = \text{AVRL} + 0.5 \text{ LSB}' \text{ [V]}$$

$V_{NT}$ : Voltage at a transition of digital output from (N - 1) to N

$$V_{FST}' (\text{Theoretical value}) = \text{AVRH} - 1.5 \text{ LSB}' \text{ [V]}$$

(Continued)

(Continued)



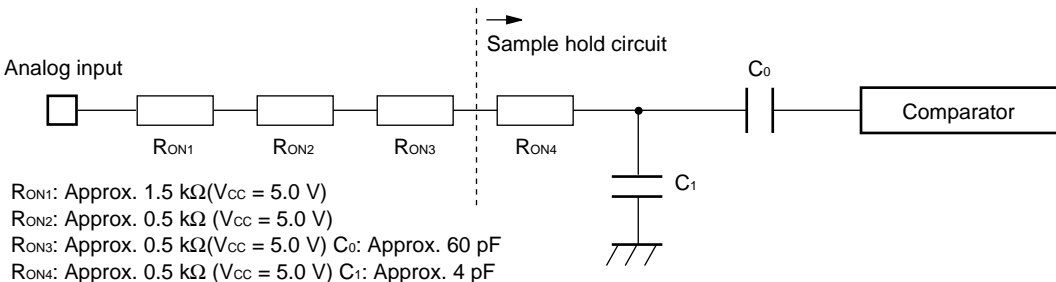
### 7. Notes on Using A/D Converter

Select the output impedance value for the external circuit of analog input according to the following conditions. Output impedance values of the external circuit of 7 kΩ or lower are recommended.

When capacitors are connected to external pins, the capacitance of several thousand times the internal capacitor value is recommended to minimized the effect of voltage distribution between the external capacitor and internal capacitor.

When the output impedance of the external circuit is too high, the sampling time for analog voltages may not be sufficient (sampling time = 3.75 μs @ machine clock of 16 MHz).

• **Block diagram of analog input circuit model**



Note : Listed values must be considered as standards.

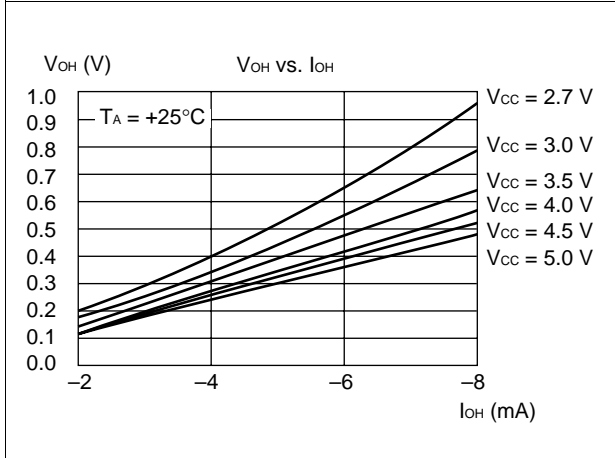
• **Error**

The smaller the  $|AVRH - AVRL|$ , the greater the error would become relatively.

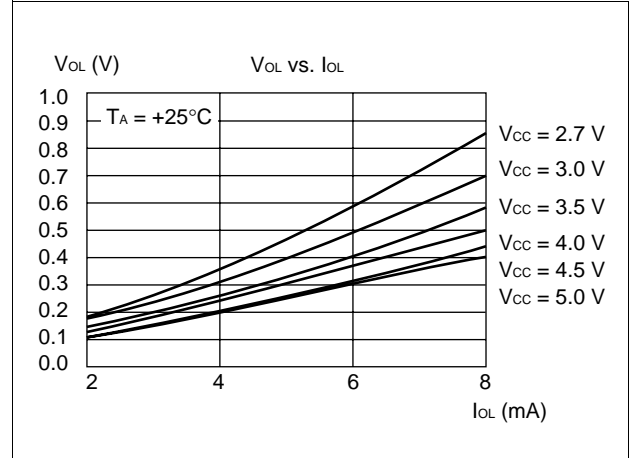
# MB90670/675 Series

## EXAMPLE CHARACTERISTICS

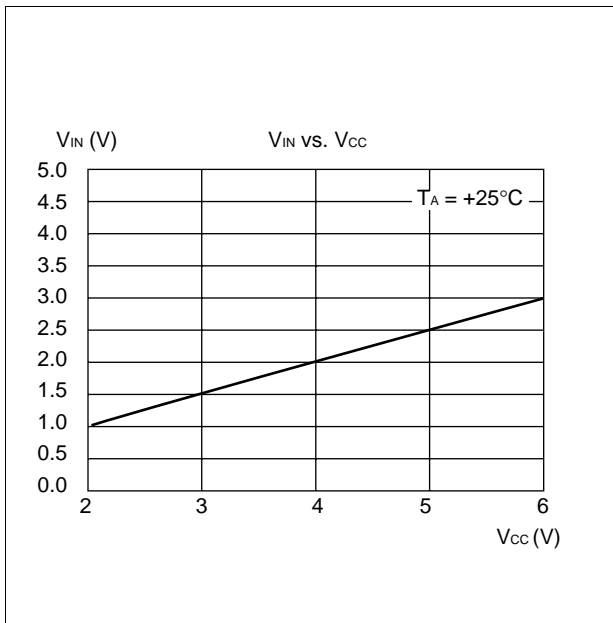
(1) "H" Level Output Voltage



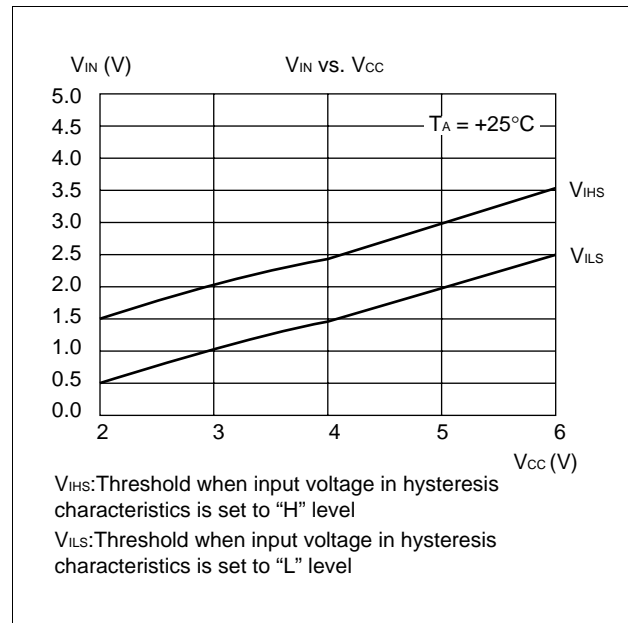
(2) "L" Level Output Voltage



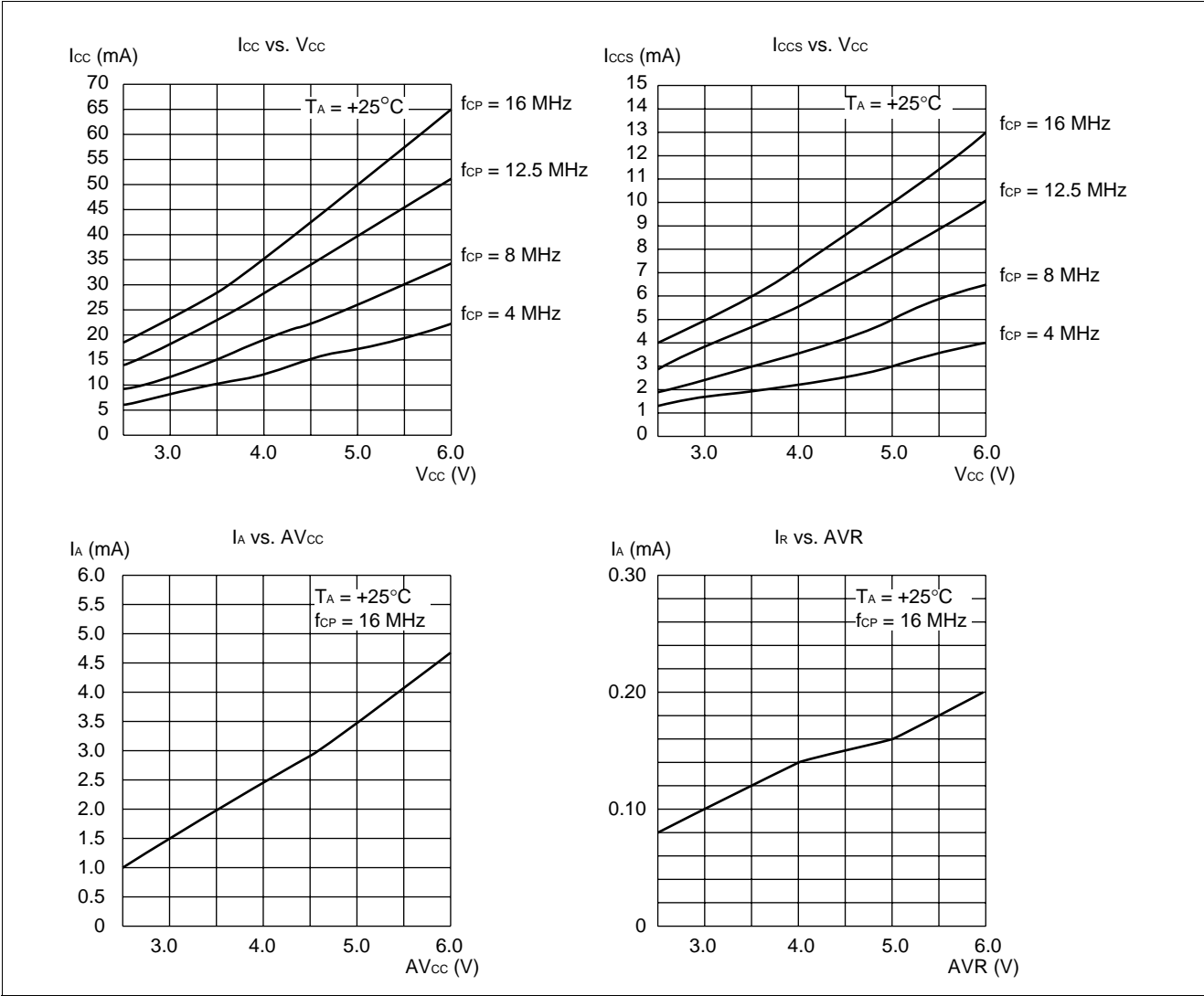
(3) "H" Level Input Voltage/"L" Level Input Voltage (CMOS Input)



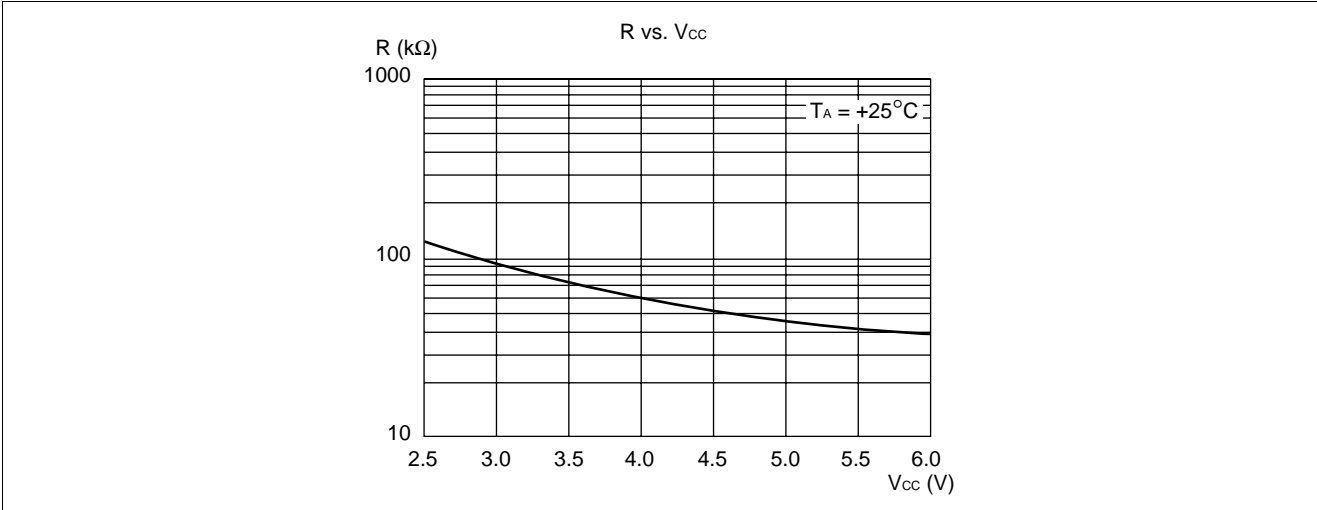
(4) "H" Level Input Voltage/"L" Level Input Voltage (Hysteresis Input)



**(5) Power Supply Current ( $f_{CP}$  = Internal Operating Clock Frequency)**



**(6) Pull-up Resistance**



# MB90670/675 Series

## ■ MASK OPTIONS

### • MB90670 series

| No. | Part number   | MB90671<br>MB90672<br>MB90673 | MB90P673                  | MB90V670                 |
|-----|---|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
|     | Specifying procedure  | Specify when ordering masking | Set with EPROM programmer | Setting not possible     |
| 1   | Pull-up resistors<br>P00 to P07, P10 to P17,<br>P20 to P27, P30 to P37,<br>P40 to P47, P60 to P67,<br>P70 to P77, P80,<br>$\overline{RST}$ , MD1, MD0 | Specify by pin                | Specify by pin            | Without pull-up resistor |
| 2   | Pull-down resistors<br>MD1, MD0   | Specify by pin                | Specify by pin            | Without pull-up resistor |

### • MB90675 series

| No. | Part number  | MB90676<br>MB90677<br>MB90678 | MB90P678                  | MB90V670                 |
|-----|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
|     | Specifying procedure   | Specify when ordering masking | Set with EPROM programmer | Setting not possible     |
| 1   | Pull-up resistors<br>P00 to P07, P10 to P17,<br>P20 to P27, P30 to P37,<br>P40 to P47, P60 to P67,<br>P70 to P77, P80 to P86,<br>P90, P91, PA0 to PA7,<br>PB0 to PB2,<br>$\overline{RST}$ , MD1, MD0 | Specify by pin                | Specify by pin            | Without pull-up resistor |
| 2   | Pull-down resistors<br>MD1, MD0  | Specify by pin                | Specify by pin            | Without pull-up resistor |

Notes : • The pull-up register configured as a port pin is switched-off in the stop mode and during the hardware standby.

- In turning on power, option settings can not be made until clocks are supplied because 8 machine cycles are needed for option settings for the MB90P670/P675.

# MB90670/675 Series

## ■ ORDERING INFORMATION

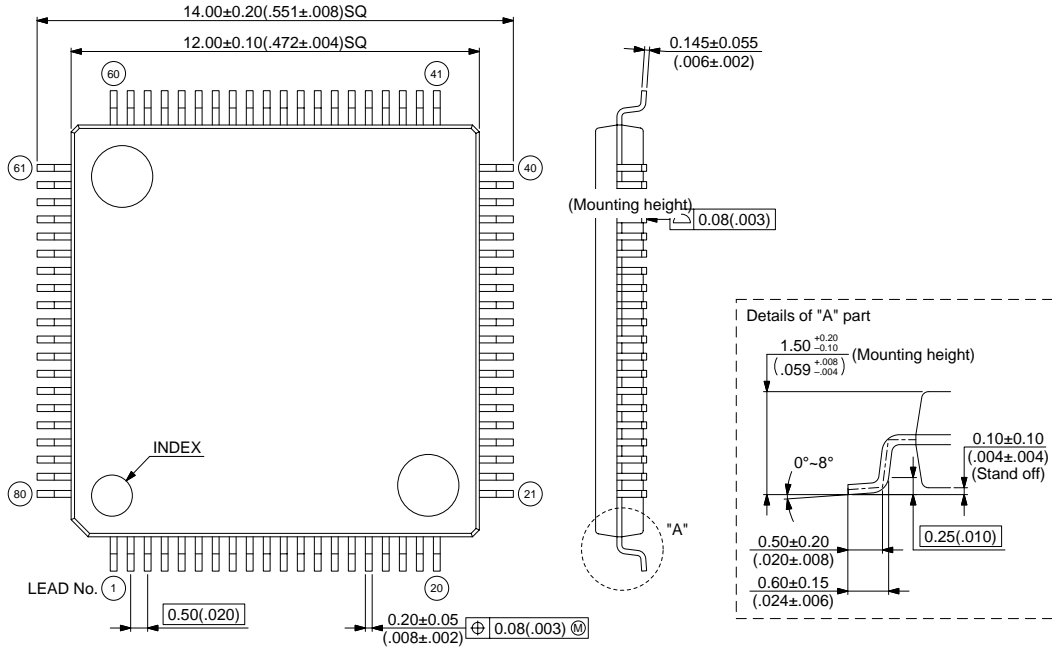
| Part number  | Package                                | Remarks |
|--|--|---------|
| MB90671PFV<br>MB90672PFV<br>MB90673PFV<br>MB90T673PFV<br>MB90P673PFV | 80-pin Plastic LQFP<br>(FPT-80P-M05)   |         |
| MB90671PF<br>MB90672PF<br>MB90673PF<br>MB90T673PF<br>MB90P673PF      | 80-pin Plastic QFP<br>(FPT-80P-M06)    |         |
| MB90676PFV<br>MB90677PFV<br>MB90678PFV<br>MB90T678PFV<br>MB90P678PFV | 100-pin Plastic LQFP<br>(FPT-100P-M05) |         |
| MB90676PF<br>MB90677PF<br>MB90678PF<br>MB90T678PF<br>MB90P678PF      | 100-pin Plastic QFP<br>(FPT-100P-M06)  |         |

# MB90670/675 Series

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

80-pin Plastic LQFP  
(FPT-80P-M05)

Note: pins width and pins thickness include plating thickness.

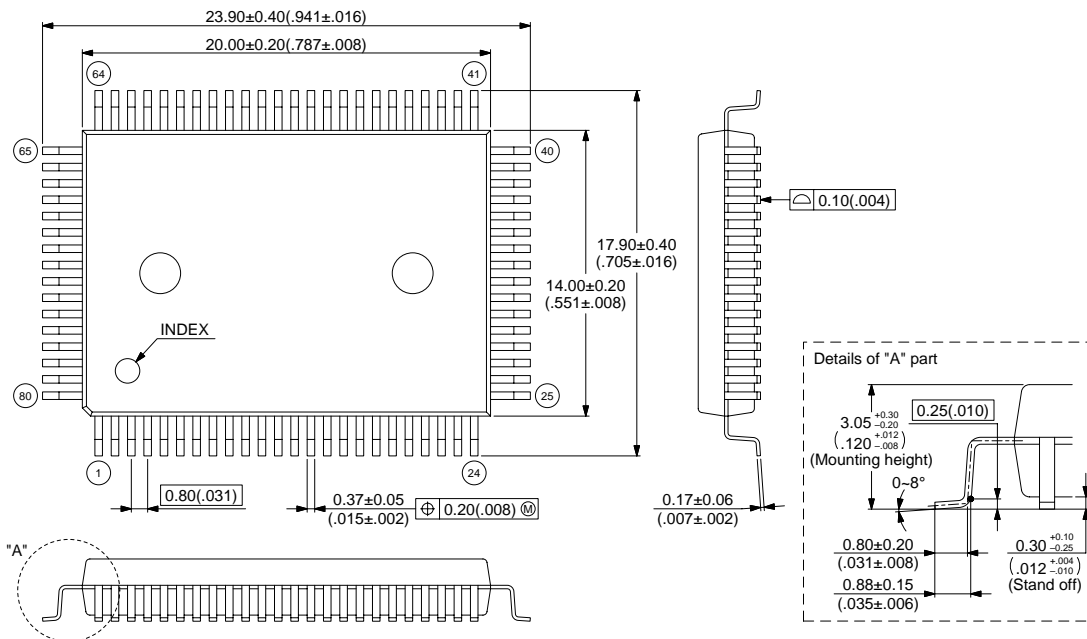


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Dimensions in mm (inches)

80-pin Plastic QFP  
(FPT-80P-M06)

Note: pins width and pins thickness include plating thickness.



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Dimensions in mm (inches)

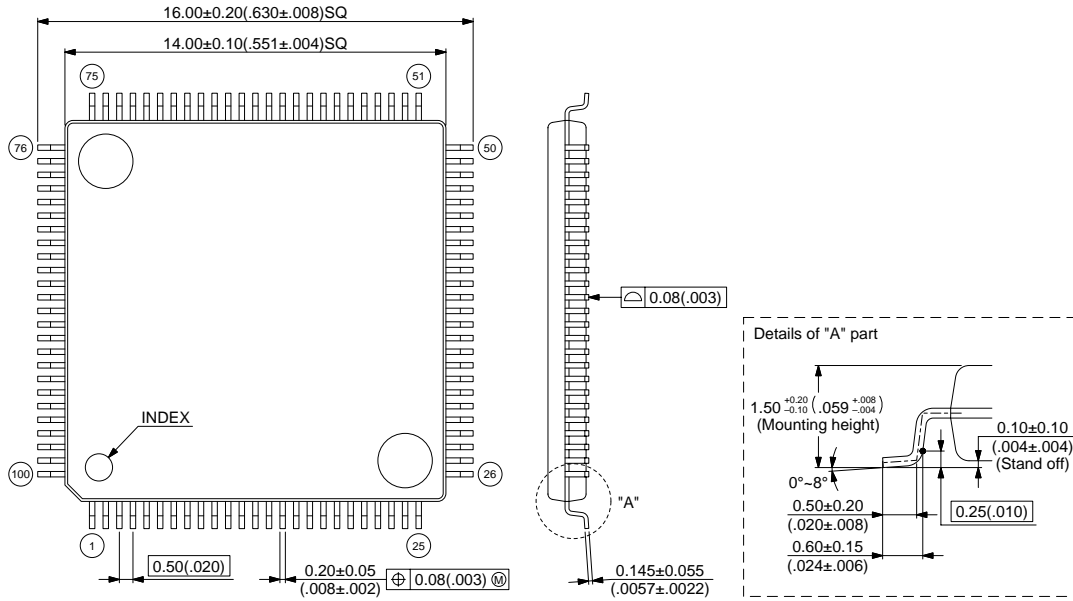


# MB90670/675 Series

(Continued)

## 100-pin Plastic LQFP (FPT-100P-M05)

Note: pins width and pins thickness include plating thickness.

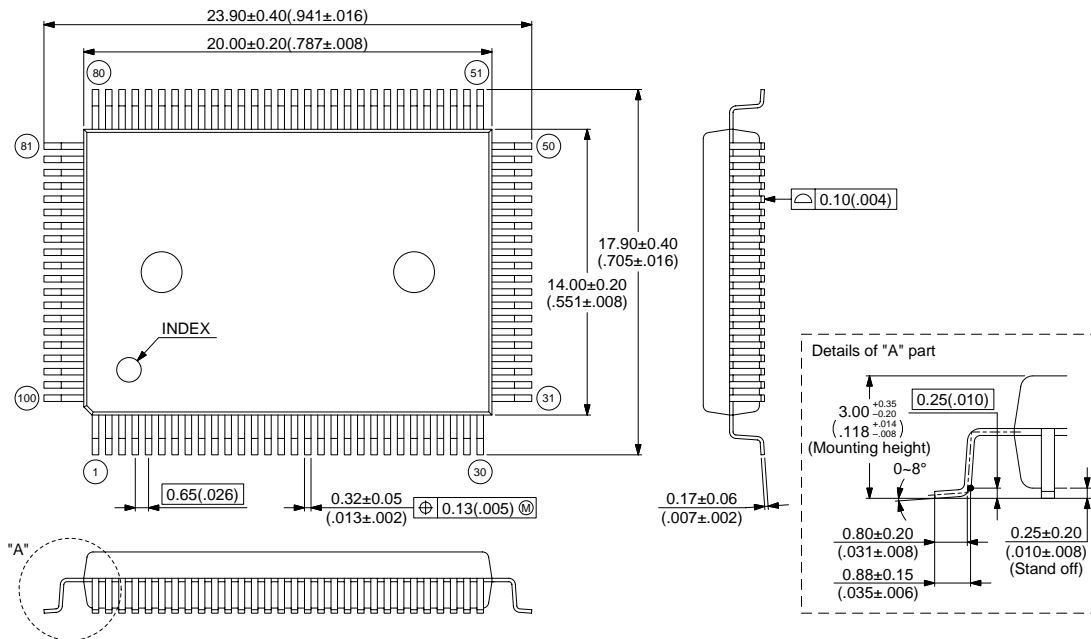


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Dimensions in mm (inches)

## 100-pin Plastic QFP (FPT-100P-M06)

Note: pins width and pins thickness include plating thickness.



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Dimensions in mm (inches)

# MB90670/675 Series

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