

TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# TC74VCXR162543FT

## Low-Voltage 16-Bit Registered Transceiver with 3.6-V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs

The TC74VCXR162543FT is a high-performance CMOS 16-bit registered transceiver. Designed for use in 1.8-V, 2.5-V or 3.3-V systems, it achieves high-speed operation while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

It is also designed with overvoltage tolerant inputs and outputs up to 3.6 V.

The TC74VCXR162543FT can be used as two 8-bit transceivers or one 16-bit transceiver. Separate latch-enable ( $\overline{\text{LEAB}}$  or  $\overline{\text{LEBA}}$ ) and output-enable ( $\overline{\text{OEAB}}$  or  $\overline{\text{OEBA}}$ ) inputs are provided for each register to permit independent control in either direction of data flow.

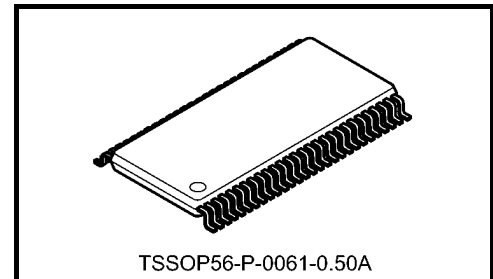
The A-to-B enable ( $\overline{\text{CEAB}}$ ) input must be low in order to enter data from A or to output data from B. If  $\overline{\text{CEAB}}$  is low and  $\overline{\text{LEAB}}$  is low, the A-to-B latches are transparent; a subsequent low-to-high transition of  $\overline{\text{LEAB}}$  puts the latches in the storage mode. With  $\overline{\text{CEAB}}$  and  $\overline{\text{OEAB}}$  both low, the 3-state B outputs are active and reflect the data present at the output of the A latches.

Data flow from B to A is similar but requires using the  $\overline{\text{CEBA}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{LEBA}}$ , and  $\overline{\text{OEBA}}$  inputs.

When the  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  input is high, the outputs are in a high-impedance state. This device is designed to be used with 3-state memory address drivers, etc.

The 26- $\Omega$  series resistor helps reducing output overshoot and undershoot without external resistor.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge.



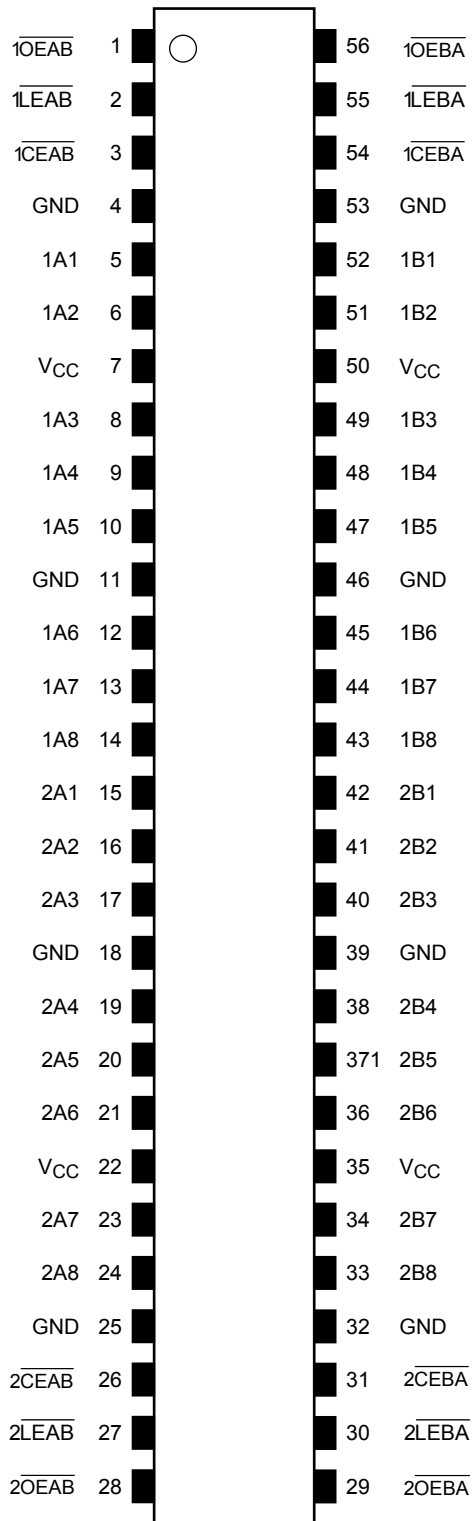
Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

### Features (Note)

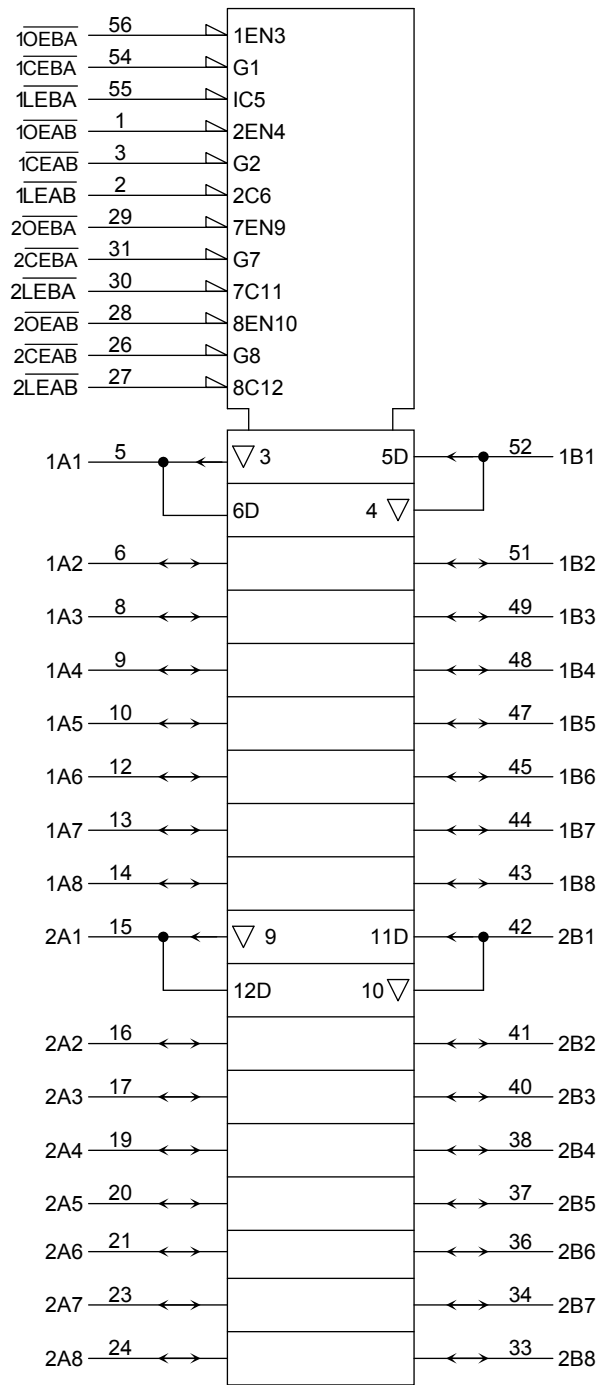
- 26- $\Omega$  series resistors on outputs
- Low-voltage operation:  $V_{CC} = 1.8$  to 3.6 V
- High-speed operation:  $t_{pd} = 4.4$  ns (max) ( $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to 3.6 V)  
     :  $t_{pd} = 5.4$  ns (max) ( $V_{CC} = 2.3$  to 2.7 V)  
     :  $t_{pd} = 9.8$  ns (max) ( $V_{CC} = 1.8$  V)
- Output current:  $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 12$  mA (min) ( $V_{CC} = 3.0$  V)  
     :  $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 8$  mA (min) ( $V_{CC} = 2.3$  V)  
     :  $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 4$  mA (min) ( $V_{CC} = 1.8$  V)
- Latch-up performance:  $-300$  mA
- ESD performance: Machine model  $\geq \pm 200$  V  
     Human body model  $\geq \pm 2000$  V
- Package: TSSOP
- Bidirectional interface between 2.5 V and 3.3 V signals.
- 3.6-V tolerant function and power-down protection provided on all inputs and outputs

Note: Do not apply a signal to any bus pins when it is in the output mode. Damage may result.  
 All floating (high impedance) bus pins must have their input level fixed by means of pull-up or pull-down resistors.

## Pin Assignment (top view)



## IEC Logic Symbol



### Truth Table (A bus → B bus each 8-bit latch)

Inputs				Outputs B
$\overline{CEAB}$	$\overline{LEAB}$	$\overline{OEAB}$	A	
H	X	X	X	Z
X	X	H	X	Z
L	H	L	X	B0 (Note)
L	L	L	L	L
L	L	L	H	H

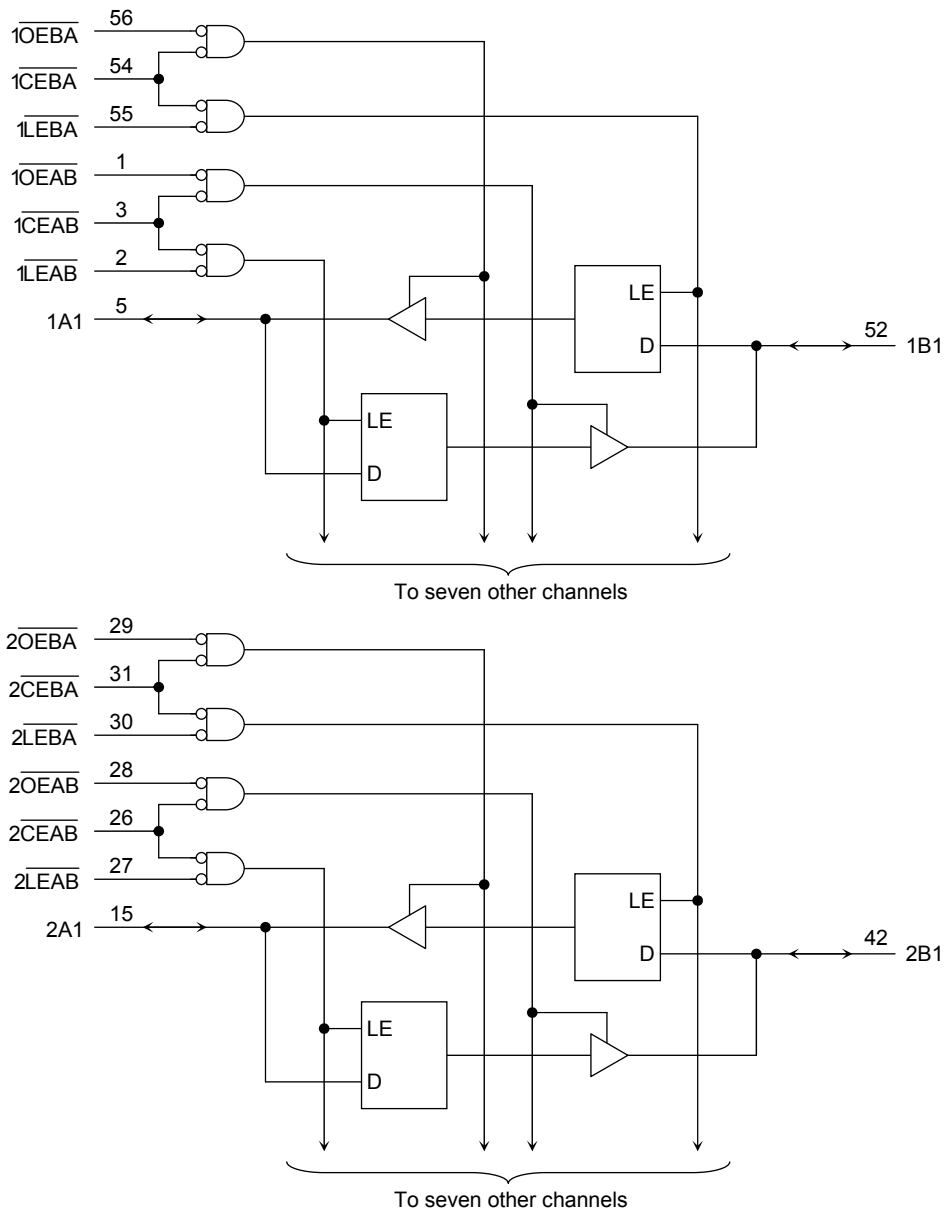
Note: Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established.

### Truth Table (B bus → A bus each 8-bit latch)

Inputs				Outputs A
$\overline{CEBA}$	$\overline{LEBA}$	$\overline{OEBA}$	B	
H	X	X	X	Z
X	X	H	X	Z
L	H	L	X	A0 (Note)
L	L	L	L	L
L	L	L	H	H

Note: Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established.

**System Diagram**



## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	$V_{CC}$	-0.5 to 4.6	V
DC input voltage ( $\overline{OEAB}$ , $\overline{OEBA}$ , $\overline{LEAB}$ , $\overline{LEBA}$ , $\overline{CEAB}$ , $\overline{CEBA}$ )	$V_{IN}$	-0.5 to 4.6	V
DC bus I/O voltage	$V_{I/O}$	-0.5 to 4.6 (Note 2)	V
		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ (Note 3)	
Input diode current	$I_{IK}$	-50	mA
Output diode current	$I_{OK}$	$\pm 50$ (Note 4)	mA
DC output current	$I_{OUT}$	$\pm 50$	mA
Power dissipation	$P_D$	400	mW
DC $V_{CC}$ /ground current per supply pin	$I_{CC}/I_{GND}$	$\pm 100$	mA
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to 150	°C

Note 1: Exceeding any of the absolute maximum ratings, even briefly, lead to deterioration in IC performance or even destruction.

Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings and the operating ranges.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc.).

Note 2: OFF state

Note 3: High or low state.  $I_{OUT}$  absolute maximum rating must be observed.

Note 4:  $V_{OUT} < GND$ ,  $V_{OUT} > V_{CC}$

## Operating Ranges (Note 1)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	$V_{CC}$	1.8 to 3.6	V
		1.2 to 3.6 (Note 2)	
Input voltage ( $\overline{OEAB}$ , $\overline{OEBA}$ , $\overline{LEAB}$ , $\overline{LEBA}$ , $\overline{CEAB}$ , $\overline{CEBA}$ )	$V_{IN}$	-0.3 to 3.6	V
Bus I/O voltage	$V_{I/O}$	0 to 3.6 (Note 3)	V
		0 to $V_{CC}$ (Note 4)	
Output current	$I_{OH}/I_{OL}$	$\pm 12$ (Note 5)	mA
		$\pm 8$ (Note 6)	
		$\pm 4$ (Note 7)	
Operating temperature	$T_{opr}$	-40 to 85	°C
Input rise and fall time	$dt/dv$	0 to 10 (Note 8)	ns/V

Note 1: The operating ranges must be maintained to ensure the normal operation of the device. Unused inputs must be tied to either  $V_{CC}$  or GND.

Note 2: Data retention only

Note 3: OFF state

Note 4: High or low state

Note 5:  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V

Note 6:  $V_{CC} = 2.3$  to  $2.7$  V

Note 7:  $V_{CC} = 1.8$  V

Note 8:  $V_{IN} = 0.8$  to  $2.0$  V,  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  V

## Electrical Characteristics

### DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, 2.7 V < VCC ≤ 3.6 V)

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		VCC (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage	H-level	V <sub>IH</sub>	—		2.7 to 3.6	2.0	—	V
	L-level	V <sub>IL</sub>	—		2.7 to 3.6	—	0.8	
Output voltage	H-level	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	2.7 to 3.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	—	V
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -6 mA	2.7	2.2	—	
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -8 mA	3.0	2.4	—	
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	3.0	2.2	—	
	L-level	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.7 to 3.6	—	0.2	
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA	2.7	—	0.4	
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	3.0	—	0.5	
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	3.0	—	0.8	
Input leakage current		I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	±5.0	μA
3-state output OFF state current		I <sub>OZ</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	±10.0	μA
Power-off leakage current		I <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		0	—	10.0	μA
Quiescent supply current		I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		2.7 to 3.6	—	20.0	μA
			V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ (V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> ) ≤ 3.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	±20.0	
Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per input		ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	750	

### DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, 2.3 V ≤ VCC ≤ 2.7 V)

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		VCC (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage	H-level	V <sub>IH</sub>	—		2.3 to 2.7	1.6	—	V
	L-level	V <sub>IL</sub>	—		2.3 to 2.7	—	0.7	
Output voltage	H-level	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	2.3 to 2.7	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	—	V
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -4 mA	2.3	2.0	—	
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -6 mA	2.3	1.8	—	
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -8 mA	2.3	1.7	—	
	L-level	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.3 to 2.7	—	0.2	
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA	2.3	—	0.4	
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	2.3	—	0.6	
Input leakage current		I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		2.3 to 2.7	—	±5.0	μA
3-state output OFF state current		I <sub>OZ</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		2.3 to 2.7	—	±10.0	μA
Power-off leakage current		I <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		0	—	10.0	μA
Quiescent supply current		I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		2.3 to 2.7	—	20.0	μA
			V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ (V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> ) ≤ 3.6 V		2.3 to 2.7	—	±20.0	

## DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, 1.8 V ≤ VCC < 2.3 V)

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		VCC (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage	H-level	V <sub>IH</sub>	—		1.8 to 2.3	0.7 × V <sub>CC</sub>	—	V
	L-level	V <sub>IL</sub>	—		1.8 to 2.3	—	0.2 × V <sub>CC</sub>	
Output voltage	H-level	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	1.8	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	—	V
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -4 mA	1.8	1.4	—	
	L-level	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	1.8	—	0.2	
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA	1.8	—	0.3	
Input leakage current		I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		1.8	—	±5.0	μA
3-state output OFF state current		I <sub>OZ</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		1.8	—	±10.0	μA
Power-off leakage current		I <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V		0	—	10.0	μA
Quiescent supply current		I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		1.8	—	20.0	μA
			V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ (V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> ) ≤ 3.6 V		1.8	—	±20.0	

## AC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C, input: tr = tf = 2.0 ns, CL = 30 pF, RL = 500 Ω) (Note 1)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	VCC (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time (An, Bn-Bn, An)	t <sub>pLH</sub> t <sub>pHL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.8	1.5	9.8	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	5.4	
			3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	4.4	
Propagation delay time (LEAB, LEBA-Bn, An)	t <sub>pLH</sub> t <sub>pHL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	1.8	1.5	9.8	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	6.4	
			3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	4.8	
3-state output enable time (OEAB, OEBA, CEAB, CEBA)	t <sub>pZL</sub> t <sub>pZH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 4	1.8	1.5	9.8	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	5.9	
			3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	4.3	
3-state output disable time (OEAB, OEBA, CEAB, CEBA)	t <sub>pLZ</sub> t <sub>pHZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 4	1.8	1.5	8.8	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	0.8	4.9	
			3.3 ± 0.3	0.6	4.3	
Minimum pulse width (LEAB, LEBA, CEAB, CEBA)	t <sub>w(L)</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2, Figure 3	1.8	4.0	—	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.5	—	
			3.3 ± 0.3	1.5	—	
Minimum setup time (An, Bn-LE, CE)	t <sub>s</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2, Figure 3	1.8	2.5	—	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.5	—	
			3.3 ± 0.3	1.5	—	
Minimum hold time (An, Bn-LE, CE)	t <sub>h</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2, Figure 3	1.8	1.0	—	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	1.0	—	
			3.3 ± 0.3	1.0	—	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub> t <sub>osHL</sub>	(Note 2)	1.8	—	0.5	ns
			2.5 ± 0.2	—	0.5	
			3.3 ± 0.3	—	0.5	

Note 1: For C<sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, add approximately 300 ps to the AC maximum specification.

Note 2: Parameter guaranteed by design.

(t<sub>osLH</sub> = |t<sub>pLHm</sub> - t<sub>pLHn</sub>|, t<sub>osHL</sub> = |t<sub>pHLm</sub> - t<sub>pHLn</sub>|)



## Dynamic Switching Characteristics

( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , input:  $t_r = t_f = 2.0 \text{ ns}$ ,  $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$ ,  $R_L = 500 \Omega$ )

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Typ.	Unit
Quiet output maximum dynamic V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>OLP</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.8 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note)	1.8	0.15	V
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.5 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note)	2.5	0.25	
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 3.3 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note)	3.3	0.35	
Quiet output minimum dynamic V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>OLV</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.8 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note)	1.8	-0.15	V
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.5 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note)	2.5	-0.25	
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 3.3 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note)	3.3	-0.35	
Quiet output minimum dynamic V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>OHV</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.8 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note)	1.8	1.55	V
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.5 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note)	2.5	2.05	
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 3.3 V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0 V (Note)	3.3	2.65	

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.

## Capacitive Characteristics ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

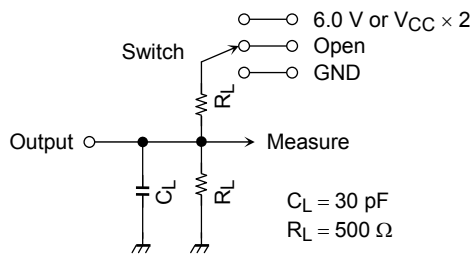
Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Typ.	Unit
Input capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	( $\overline{\text{OEAB}}$ , $\overline{\text{OEBA}}$ , $\overline{\text{LEAB}}$ , $\overline{\text{LEBA}}$ , $\overline{\text{CEAB}}$ , $\overline{\text{CEBA}}$ )	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	6	pF
Bus I/O capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>	—	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	7	pF
Power dissipation capacitance	C <sub>PD</sub>	f <sub>IN</sub> = 10 MHz (Note)	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	20	pF

Note: C<sub>PD</sub> is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

$$I_{CC(\text{opr})} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/16 \text{ (per bit)}$$

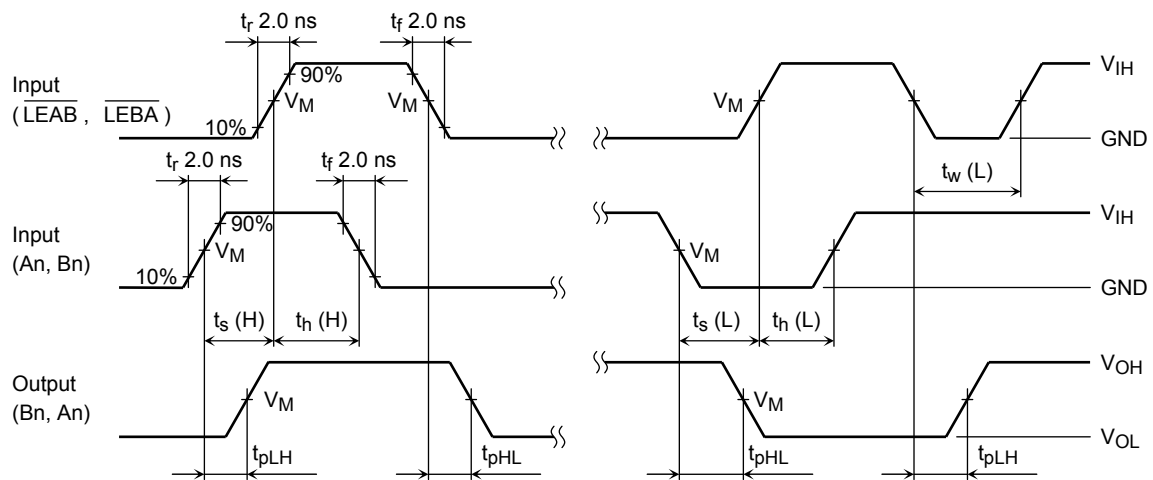
**AC Test Circuit**



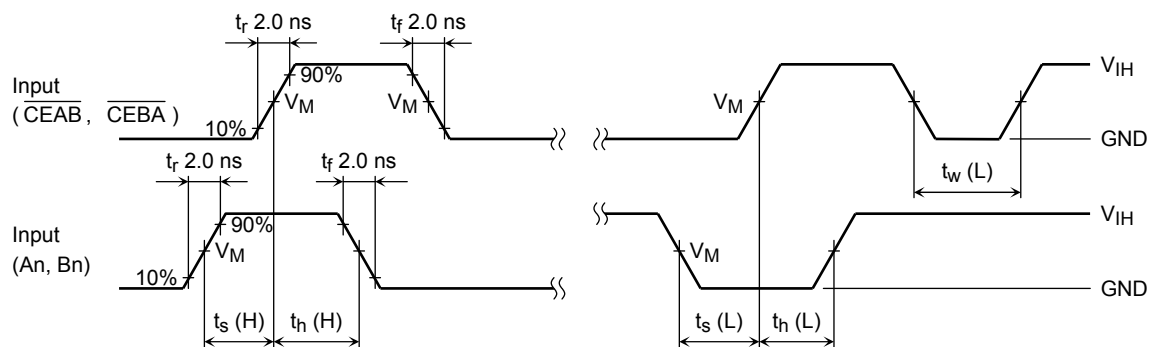
Parameter	Switch
$t_{pLH}$ , $t_{pHL}$	Open
$t_{pLZ}$ , $t_{pZL}$	6.0 V $V_{CC} \times 2$
	@ $V_{CC} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ @ $V_{CC} = 2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ @ $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$
$t_{pHZ}$ , $t_{pZH}$	GND

**Figure 1**

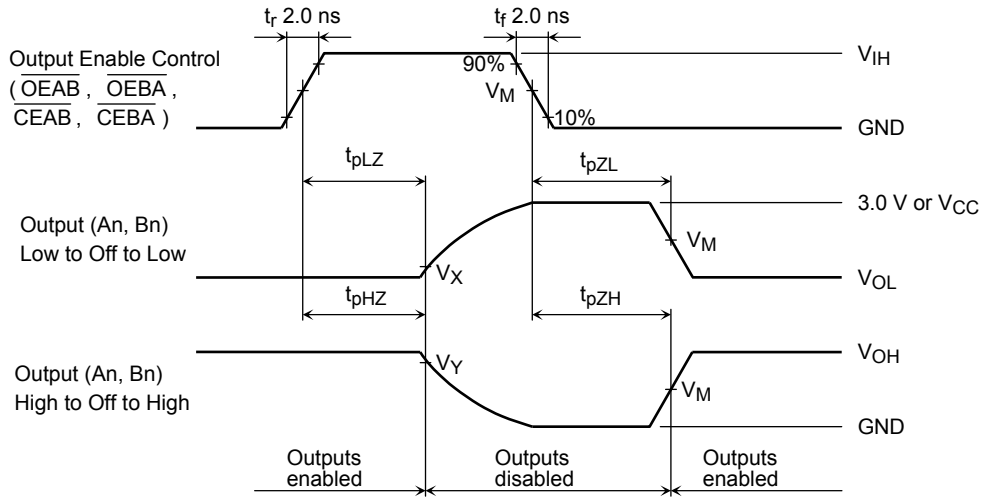
**AC Waveform**



**Figure 2  $t_{pLH}$ ,  $t_{pHL}$ ,  $t_w$ ,  $t_s$ ,  $t_h$**



**Figure 3  $t_w$ ,  $t_s$ ,  $t_h$**



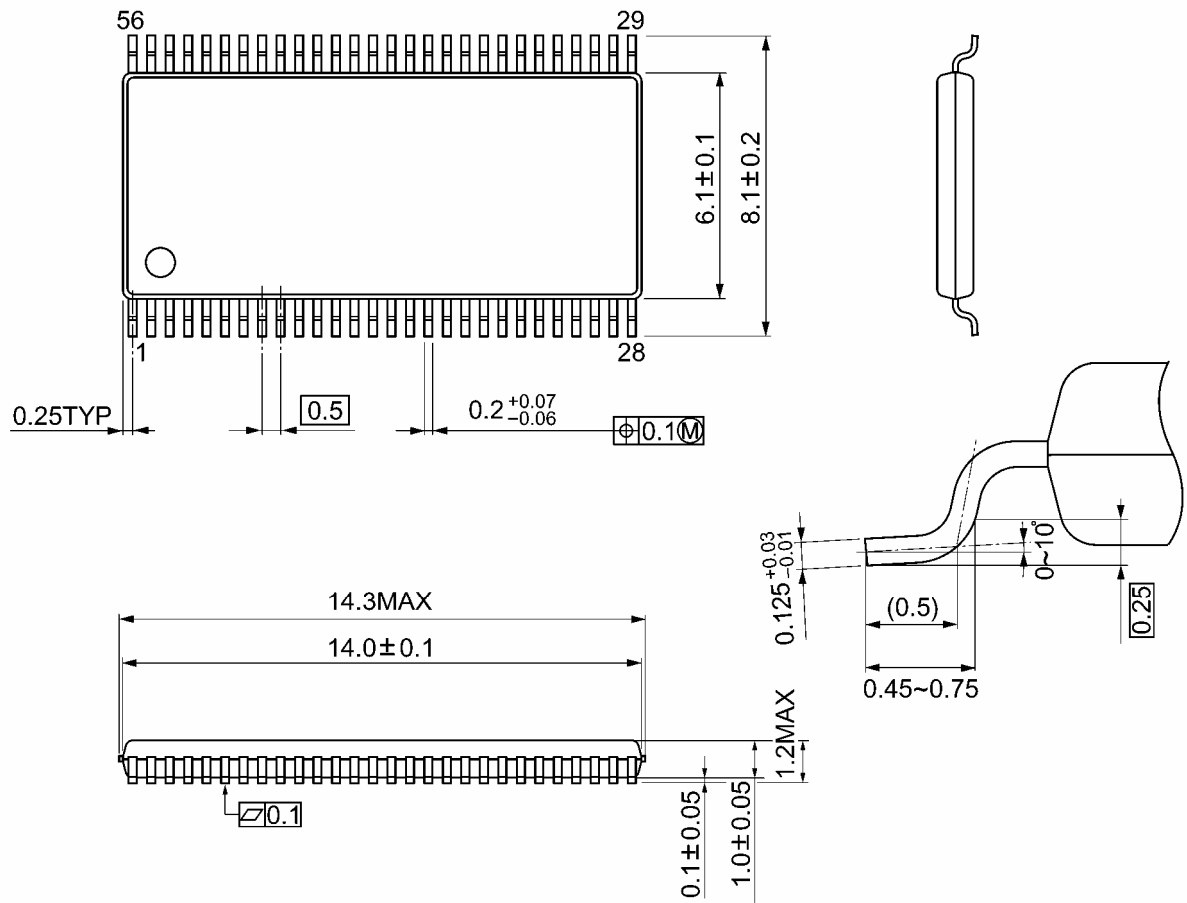
**Figure 4**  $t_{pLZ}$ ,  $t_{pHZ}$ ,  $t_{pZL}$ ,  $t_{pZH}$

Symbol	$V_{CC}$		
	$3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	$2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	$1.8 \text{ V}$
$V_{IH}$	$2.7 \text{ V}$	$V_{CC}$	$V_{CC}$
$V_M$	$1.5 \text{ V}$	$V_{CC}/2$	$V_{CC}/2$
$V_X$	$V_{OL} + 0.3 \text{ V}$	$V_{OL} + 0.15 \text{ V}$	$V_{OL} + 0.15 \text{ V}$
$V_Y$	$V_{OH} - 0.3 \text{ V}$	$V_{OH} - 0.15 \text{ V}$	$V_{OH} - 0.15 \text{ V}$

**Package Dimensions**

TSSOP56-P-0061-0.50A

Unit: mm



Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

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20070701-EN GENERAL

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